
**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549**

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2010**

Or

Transition Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For the transition period from _____ to _____.

Commission file number: **002-25577**

DIODES INCORPORATED

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware

(State or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

95-2039518

(I.R.S. Employer
Identification Number)

**15660 Dallas Parkway, Suite 850
Dallas, Texas**

(Address of principal executive offices)

75248

(Zip code)

(972) 385-2810

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act:

Large accelerated filer

Accelerated filer

Non-accelerated filer

Smaller reporting company

(Do not check if a smaller reporting company)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes No

The number of shares of the registrant's Common Stock outstanding as of August 3, 2010 was 44,340,133.

Table of Contents

	Page
<u>Part I — Financial Information</u>	3
<u>Item 1 — Financial Statements</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Condensed Balance Sheets as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009</u>	3
<u>Consolidated Condensed Statements of Operations for the Three and Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009</u>	5
<u>Consolidated Condensed Statements of Cash Flows for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009</u>	6
<u>Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements</u>	7
<u>Item 2 — Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations</u>	18
<u>Item 3 — Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk</u>	32
<u>Item 4 — Controls and Procedures</u>	33
<u>Part II — Other Information</u>	34
<u>Item 1 — Legal Proceedings</u>	34
<u>Item 1A — Risk Factors</u>	34
<u>Item 2 — Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds</u>	35
<u>Item 3 — Defaults Upon Senior Securities</u>	35
<u>Item 4 — (Removed and Reserved)</u>	35
<u>Item 5 — Other Information</u>	35
<u>Item 6 — Exhibits</u>	36
<u>Signature</u>	38
<u>EX-10.1</u>	
<u>EX-10.2</u>	
<u>EX-31.1</u>	
<u>EX-31.2</u>	
<u>EX-32.1</u>	
<u>EX-32.2</u>	
<u>EX-101 INSTANCE DOCUMENT</u>	
<u>EX-101 SCHEMA DOCUMENT</u>	
<u>EX-101 CALCULATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT</u>	
<u>EX-101 LABELS LINKBASE DOCUMENT</u>	
<u>EX-101 PRESENTATION LINKBASE DOCUMENT</u>	

PART I — FINANCIAL INFORMATION**Item 1 — Financial Statements****DIODES INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS***(In thousands)***ASSETS**

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
CURRENT ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 245,640	\$ 241,953
Short-term investments	—	296,600
Accounts receivable, net	117,302	99,074
Inventories	101,768	89,652
Deferred income taxes, current	9,325	7,834
Prepaid expenses and other	13,124	11,591
Total current assets	<u>487,159</u>	<u>746,704</u>
PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT, net	184,243	162,988
OTHER ASSETS		
Goodwill	65,185	68,075
Intangible assets, net	30,729	34,892
Other	5,375	5,324
Total assets	<u>\$772,691</u>	<u>\$1,017,983</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DIODES INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED BALANCE SHEETS (cont')

LIABILITIES AND EQUITY
(In thousands, except share data)

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
	<i>(Unaudited)</i>	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Lines of credit and short-term debt	\$ 1,555	\$ 299,414
Accounts payable	67,720	62,448
Accrued liabilities	41,053	27,236
Income tax payable	3,059	2,641
Current portion of long-term debt	373	373
Current portion of capital lease obligations	281	283
Total current liabilities	<u>114,041</u>	<u>392,395</u>
LONG-TERM DEBT, net of current portion		
Convertible senior notes	124,312	121,333
Long-term debt	3,266	3,464
CAPITAL LEASE OBLIGATIONS, net of current portion	1,477	1,669
DEFERRED INCOME TAXES, non-current	8,596	7,743
OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES	44,610	40,455
Total liabilities	<u>296,302</u>	<u>567,059</u>
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES		
EQUITY		
Diodes Incorporated stockholders' equity		
Preferred stock — par value \$1.00 per share; 1,000,000 shares authorized; no shares issued or outstanding	—	—
Common stock — par value \$0.66 2/3 per share; 70,000,000 shares authorized; 44,263,625 and 43,729,304 issued and outstanding at June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively	29,509	29,153
Additional paid-in capital	220,353	211,618
Retained earnings	279,779	248,174
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(65,094)	(48,311)
Total Diodes Incorporated stockholders' equity	464,547	440,634
Noncontrolling interest	11,842	10,290
Total equity	<u>476,389</u>	<u>450,924</u>
Total liabilities and equity	<u>\$772,691</u>	<u>\$1,017,983</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DIODES INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS
(Unaudited)
(In thousands, except per share data)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
NET SALES	\$ 149,153	\$ 103,898	\$ 286,000	\$ 181,948
COST OF GOODS SOLD	<u>95,686</u>	<u>76,528</u>	<u>184,750</u>	<u>140,085</u>
Gross profit	53,467	27,370	101,250	41,863
OPERATING EXPENSES				
Selling, general and administrative	21,422	15,240	42,841	31,296
Research and development	6,815	5,385	13,191	10,660
Amortization of acquisition related intangible assets	1,078	1,118	2,206	2,209
Impairment of long-lived assets	144	—	144	—
Restructuring	—	(248)	—	(149)
Total operating expenses	<u>29,459</u>	<u>21,495</u>	<u>58,382</u>	<u>44,016</u>
Income (loss) from operations	24,008	5,875	42,868	(2,153)
OTHER INCOME (EXPENSES)				
Interest income	996	1,345	2,308	3,102
Interest expense	(1,396)	(1,877)	(3,378)	(3,925)
Amortization of debt discount	(1,873)	(2,281)	(3,707)	(4,490)
Other	(1,150)	(275)	1,498	(12)
Total other expenses	<u>(3,423)</u>	<u>(3,088)</u>	<u>(3,279)</u>	<u>(5,325)</u>
Income (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	20,585	2,787	39,589	(7,478)
INCOME TAX PROVISION	<u>3,035</u>	<u>5,156</u>	<u>6,359</u>	<u>5,553</u>
NET INCOME (LOSS)	17,550	(2,369)	33,230	(13,031)
Less: NET INCOME attributable to noncontrolling interest	<u>(903)</u>	<u>(584)</u>	<u>(1,625)</u>	<u>(688)</u>
NET INCOME (LOSS) attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 16,647</u>	<u>\$ (2,953)</u>	<u>\$ 31,605</u>	<u>\$ (13,719)</u>
EARNINGS (LOSS) PER SHARE attributable to common stockholders				
Basic	<u>\$ 0.38</u>	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ 0.72</u>	<u>\$ (0.33)</u>
Diluted	<u>\$ 0.37</u>	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ (0.33)</u>
Number of shares used in computation				
Basic	<u>43,975</u>	<u>41,587</u>	<u>43,871</u>	<u>41,368</u>
Diluted	<u>45,510</u>	<u>41,587</u>	<u>45,358</u>	<u>41,368</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DIODES INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES
CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS
(Unaudited)
(In thousands)

	Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net income (loss)	\$ 33,230	\$ (13,031)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Depreciation	22,462	20,785
Amortization of intangibles	2,208	2,286
Amortization of convertible bond issuance costs	274	343
Amortization of debt discount	3,707	4,490
Share-based compensation	6,514	4,684
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	(1,547)	(30)
Loss (gain) on extinguishment of debt	4	(1,354)
Investment (gain) loss recognized under equity method	(168)	53
Deferred income taxes	209	1,445
Changes in operating assets:		
Accounts receivable	(15,117)	(10,037)
Inventories	(13,855)	22,624
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(1,793)	3,150
Changes in operating liabilities:		
Accounts payable	5,621	(4,117)
Accrued liabilities	4,253	(7,274)
Other liabilities	513	(3,091)
Income tax payable	413	3,639
Net cash provided by operating activities	<u>\$ 46,928</u>	<u>\$ 24,565</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired	\$ —	\$ (30)
Proceeds from sale of short-term investments	296,600	800
Purchases of property, plant and equipment	(41,053)	(9,375)
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	2,141	93
Other assets	(152)	721
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	<u>\$ 257,536</u>	<u>\$ (7,791)</u>
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Advances on line of credit and short-term debt	\$ 3,762	\$ 8,945
Repayments on lines of credit	(301,625)	(12,600)
Net proceeds from issuance of common stock	2,634	99
Dividend distribution to noncontrolling interest	—	(1,500)
Repayments of long-term debt	(969)	(8,225)
Repayments of capital lease obligations	(139)	(193)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>\$(296,337)</u>	<u>\$ (13,474)</u>
EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	(4,440)	2,690
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	3,687	5,990
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning of period	241,953	103,496
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, end of period	<u>\$ 245,640</u>	<u>\$ 109,486</u>
SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Non-cash financing activities:		
Property, plant and equipment purchased on accounts payable	\$ 6,292	\$ 316
Fair value of common stock issued for repayment of long-term debt	\$ —	\$ (13,236)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

DIODES INCORPORATED AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
(Unaudited)

NOTE A – Nature of Operations, Basis of Presentation and Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

Nature of Operations

Diodes Incorporated and its subsidiaries (collectively, the “Company”) is a leading global manufacturer and supplier of high-quality, application specific standard products within the broad discrete, logic and analog semiconductor markets, serving the consumer electronics, computing, communications, industrial and automotive markets. These products include diodes, rectifiers, transistors, MOSFETs, protection devices, functional specific arrays, single gate logic, amplifiers and comparators, Hall-effect and temperature sensors, power management devices including LED drivers, DC-DC switching and linear voltage regulators and voltage references along with special function devices including USB power switches, load switches, voltage supervisors and motor controllers. These products are sold primarily throughout Asia, North America and Europe.

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated condensed financial statements have been prepared in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (“U.S.”) (“GAAP”) for interim financial information and with the instructions to Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q. They do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a fair presentation of financial position, results of operations and cash flows in conformity with U.S. GAAP for complete financial statements. These consolidated condensed financial statements should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and related notes contained in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009. All significant intercompany balances and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of normal recurring adjustments and accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations for the period presented have been included in the interim period. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ending December 31, 2010. The consolidated condensed financial data at December 31, 2009 is derived from audited financial statements included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from these estimates. As permitted under U.S. GAAP, interim accounting for certain expenses, including income taxes, are based on full year forecasts. Such amounts are expensed in full in the year incurred. For interim financial reporting purposes, income taxes are recorded based upon estimated annual effective income tax rates.

Certain prior year’s balances have been reclassified to conform to the current financial statement presentation.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2010, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update (“ASU”) No. 2010-13, *Compensation – Stock Compensation (Topic 718): Effect of Denominating the Exercise Price of a Share-Based Payment Award in the Currency of the Market in which the Underlying Equity Security Trades*. ASU No. 2010-13 clarifies that an employee share-based payment award with an exercise price denominated in the currency of a market in which a substantial portion of the entity’s equity shares trades should not be considered to contain a condition that is not a market, performance, or service condition. Therefore, an entity would not classify such an award as a liability if it otherwise qualifies as equity. The provisions of ASU No. 2010-13 are effective for fiscal years, and interim periods within those fiscal years, beginning on or after December 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

In April 2010, the FASB issued ASU No. 2010-17, *Revenue Recognition — Milestone Method (Topic 605): Milestone Method of Revenue Recognition (A consensus of the FASB Emerging Issues Task Force)*. ASU No. 2010-17 provides guidance on defining a milestone and determining when it may be appropriate to apply the milestone method of revenue recognition for research or development transactions. The amendments provide guidance on the criteria that should be met for determining whether the milestone method of revenue recognition is appropriate. An entity can recognize consideration that is contingent upon achievement of a milestone in its entirety as revenue in the period in which the milestone was achieved only if the milestone meets all criteria to be considered substantive. The provisions of ASU No. 2010-17 are effective on a prospective basis for milestones achieved in fiscal years, and interim periods within those years, beginning on or after June 15, 2010. Early adoption is permitted. The Company does not expect the adoption of this ASU to have a material impact on its consolidated financial statements.

NOTE B – Functional Currencies, Foreign Currency Translation and Comprehensive Income (Loss)

Functional Currencies and Foreign Currency Translation – The functional currency for most of the Company’s international operations is the U.S. dollar, while some subsidiaries use their local currency as their functional currency. Transaction gains and losses that arise from exchange rate fluctuations on transactions denominated in a currency other than the functional currency are recorded as other income (expense) in the consolidated condensed statements of operations. The Company had foreign exchange transaction losses of approximately \$1.3 million and \$2.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively, and approximately \$0.5 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, respectively.

Comprehensive Income (Loss) – U.S. GAAP generally requires that recognized revenues, expenses, gains and losses be included in net income. Although certain changes in assets and liabilities are reported as separate components of the equity section of the balance sheet, such items, along with net income, are components of comprehensive income or loss. As of June 30, 2010, the components of other comprehensive income or loss include foreign currency translation adjustments and unrealized gain or loss on defined benefit plan.

Total comprehensive income (loss) for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 is as follows *(in thousands)*:

Total Comprehensive Income (Loss)

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net income (loss)	\$ 17,550	\$ (2,369)	\$ 33,230	\$ (13,031)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	(2,833)	15,831	(10,913)	13,410
Unrealized loss on defined benefit plan, net of tax	(3,177)	(19,046)	(5,870)	(26,287)
Foreign currency adjustments on forward contracts, net of tax	—	1,667	—	3,231
Comprehensive income (loss)	11,540	(3,917)	16,447	(22,677)
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interest	903	584	1,625	688
Total comprehensive income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	\$ 10,637	\$ (4,501)	\$ 14,822	\$ (23,365)

[Table of Contents](#)

NOTE C – Earnings (Loss) Per Share

Basic earnings (loss) per share is calculated by dividing net earnings by the weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per share is calculated similarly but includes potential dilution from the exercise of stock options and stock awards, except when the effect would be anti-dilutive.

The computation of basic and diluted earnings (loss) per common share is as follows *(in thousands, except per share data)*:

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
BASIC				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in computing basic earnings (loss) per share	43,975	41,587	43,871	41,368
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 16,647</u>	<u>\$ (2,953)</u>	<u>\$ 31,605</u>	<u>\$ (13,719)</u>
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 0.38</u>	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ 0.72</u>	<u>\$ (0.33)</u>
DILUTED				
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding used in computing basic earnings (loss) per share	43,975	41,587	43,871	41,368
Add: Assumed exercise of stock options and stock awards	<u>1,535</u>	<u>—</u>	<u>1,487</u>	<u>—</u>
	45,510	41,587	45,358	41,368
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 16,647</u>	<u>\$ (2,953)</u>	<u>\$ 31,605</u>	<u>\$ (13,719)</u>
Earnings (loss) per share attributable to common stockholders	<u>\$ 0.37</u>	<u>\$ (0.07)</u>	<u>\$ 0.70</u>	<u>\$ (0.33)</u>

There are no shares included in the earnings per share calculation related to the Company's 2.25% convertible senior notes ("Notes") outstanding as our average stock price did not exceed the conversion price and, therefore, there is no conversion spread.

NOTE D – Short-Term Investments

On June 30, 2010, the Company put back its auction rate securities ("ARS") portfolio to UBS AG at par value pursuant to the previously disclosed settlement agreement with UBS AG. Upon exercise of the put option, the Company liquidated its ARS, for cash and used the proceeds to fully repay the related "no net cost" loan with UBS Bank.

NOTE E – Inventories

Inventories stated at the lower of cost or market value are as follows *(in thousands)*:

	June 30, 2010	December 31, 2009
Raw materials	\$ 41,593	\$ 33,280
Work-in-progress	25,688	24,029
Finished goods	34,487	32,343
Total	<u>\$ 101,768</u>	<u>\$ 89,652</u>

[Table of Contents](#)

NOTE F – Goodwill and Intangible Assets

Changes in goodwill are as follows (*in thousands*):

Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 68,075
Foreign currency exchange and other	<u>(2,890)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2010	<u>\$ 65,185</u>

Intangible assets are as follows (*in thousands*):

Balance at June 30, 2010:	
Intangible assets subject to amortization:	
Gross carrying amount	\$ 48,649
Accumulated amortization	(12,458)
Foreign currency exchange and other	<u>(7,856)</u>
Net value	<u>28,335</u>
Intangible assets with indefinite lives:	
Gross carrying amount	3,162
Foreign currency exchange and other	<u>(768)</u>
Total	<u>2,394</u>
Total intangible assets, net	<u>\$ 30,729</u>

Amortization expense related to intangible assets subject to amortization was \$1.1 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, and \$2.2 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009.

NOTE G – Income Tax Provision

Income tax expense of \$3.0 million and \$6.4 million was recorded for the three and six months ended June 30, 2010, respectively. This resulted in an effective tax rate of 16.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to (74.3)% for the same period of last year and compared to 11.7% for the full year of 2009. The Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate of 35%, as it was impacted by higher income in lower-taxed jurisdictions and the noncash tax benefit from reversing valuation allowances on deferred tax assets from U.K. loss carryforwards. In addition, the Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2009 was impacted by the non-cash income tax expense associated with repatriating earnings of foreign subsidiaries to the U.S. parent.

For the six months ended June 30, 2010, the Company reported domestic and foreign pre-tax income (loss) of approximately \$(11.9) million and \$51.5 million, respectively. For the six month ended June 30, 2009, the Company reported domestic and foreign pre-tax income (loss) of approximately \$(21.6) million and \$14.1 million, respectively.

The impact of tax holidays decreased the Company's tax expense by approximately \$2.6 million and \$3.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2009 and 2010, respectively. The benefit of the tax holidays on basic and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$0.08 and \$0.07, respectively. The benefit of the tax holidays on both basic and diluted earnings per share for the six months ended June 30, 2009 was \$0.06.

Funds repatriated from foreign subsidiaries to the U.S. may be subject to federal and state income taxes. In the first quarter of 2009, the Company repatriated approximately \$28.5 million of accumulated earnings from one of its Chinese subsidiaries, resulting in additional non-cash federal and state income tax expense of approximately \$5.3 million. The Company intends to permanently reinvest overseas all of its earnings from its foreign subsidiaries.

In addition, the Company determined that it was more likely than not that a portion of its federal foreign tax credit carryforwards and net operating loss carryforwards would expire before they could be utilized. Accordingly, the Company has recorded valuation allowances of \$11.9 million and \$11.3 million as of June 30, 2010 and December 31, 2009, respectively.

The Company files income tax returns in the U.S. jurisdiction and various state and foreign jurisdictions. The Company is no longer subject to U.S. income tax examinations by tax authorities for tax years before 2007. Although the outcome of tax audits is always uncertain, the Company believes that adequate amounts of tax, interest and penalties, if any, have been provided for in the Company's reserves for any adjustments that may result from future tax audits. The Company recognizes accrued interest and penalties, if any, related to unrecognized tax benefits in income tax expense. As of June 30, 2010, the gross amount of unrecognized tax benefits was approximately \$8.5 million.

It is reasonably possible that the amount of the unrecognized benefit with respect to certain of the Company's unrecognized tax positions will significantly increase or decrease within the next 12 months. These changes may be the result of settlement of ongoing audits or competent authority proceedings. At this time, an estimate of the range of the reasonably possible outcomes cannot be determined.

NOTE H – Share-Based Compensation

The following table shows the total compensation expensed for share-based compensation plans, including stock options and share grants, recognized in the statements of operations (*in thousands*):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Cost of sales	\$ 82	\$ 101	\$ 175	\$ 182
Selling and administrative expense	2,822	1,894	5,686	3,982
Research and development expense	329	260	653	522
Total share-based compensation expense	\$ 3,233	\$ 2,255	\$ 6,514	\$ 4,686

[Table of Contents](#)

Stock Options. Stock options generally vest in equal annual installments over a four-year period and expire ten years after the grant date, and expense was estimated on the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model.

The total net cash proceeds received from stock option exercises during the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$2.6 million. Stock option expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$1.0 million and \$0.8 million, respectively. Stock option expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$2.0 million and \$1.5 million, respectively

A summary of the stock option plans is as follows:

Stock Options	Shares (000)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Term (yrs)	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)
Outstanding at January 1, 2010	3,980	\$ 12.50	5.2	\$ 34,989
Granted	364	19.29		
Exercised	(364)	7.52		4,339
Forfeited or expired	—	—		
Outstanding at June 30, 2010	<u>3,980</u>	<u>\$ 13.58</u>	<u>5.5</u>	<u>\$ 17,276</u>
Exercisable at June 30, 2010	<u>3,083</u>	<u>\$ 11.95</u>	<u>4.5</u>	<u>\$ 17,011</u>

The aggregate intrinsic value in the table above is before applicable income taxes and represents the amount optionees would have received if all options had been exercised on the last business day of the period indicated, based on the Company's closing stock price.

As of June 30, 2010, total unrecognized stock-based compensation expense related to unvested stock options, net of forfeitures, was approximately \$10.3 million, before income taxes, and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 3.0 years.

Share Grants. Restricted stock awards and restricted stock units generally vest in equal annual installments over a four-year period.

The total fair value of restricted stock awards vested during the six months ended June 30, 2010 was approximately \$3.8 million. Share grant expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$2.2 million and \$1.4 million, respectively. Share grant expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 was \$4.5 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.

A summary of the status of the Company's non-vested share grants is as follows:

Share Grants	Shares (000)	Weighted-Average Grant-Date Fair Value	Aggregate Intrinsic Value (\$000)
Nonvested at January 1, 2010	714	\$ 20.64	\$ 14,579
Granted	137	19.59	
Vested	(170)	22.49	5,743
Forfeited	(26)	20.93	
Nonvested at June 30, 2010	<u>655</u>	<u>\$ 19.94</u>	<u>\$ 10,409</u>

As of June 30, 2010, total unrecognized share-based compensation expense related to non-vested stock awards, net of forfeitures, was approximately \$22.5 million, before income taxes and is expected to be recognized over a weighted average period of approximately 3.7 years.

NOTE I – Segment Information and Enterprise-Wide Disclosure

For financial reporting purposes, the Company operates in a single segment, standard semiconductor products, through the Company's various manufacturing and distribution facilities. The Company aggregates its products because the products are similar and have similar economic characteristics, and the products are similar in production process and share the same customer type.

The Company's primary operations include the domestic operations in Asia, North America and Europe.

Revenues are attributed to geographic areas based on the location of subsidiaries producing the revenues (*in thousands*):

Three Months Ended June 30, 2010	Asia	North America	Europe	Consolidated
Total sales	\$ 122,170	\$ 37,010	\$ 42,771	\$ 201,951
Inter-company sales	(12,558)	(14,099)	(26,141)	(52,798)
Net sales	<u>\$ 109,612</u>	<u>\$ 22,911</u>	<u>\$ 16,630</u>	<u>\$ 149,153</u>

Three Months Ended June 30, 2009	Asia	North America	Europe	Consolidated
Total sales	\$ 86,483	\$ 19,678	\$ 25,034	\$ 131,195
Inter-company sales	(6,252)	(4,969)	(16,076)	(27,297)
Net sales	<u>\$ 80,231</u>	<u>\$ 14,709</u>	<u>\$ 8,958</u>	<u>\$ 103,898</u>

Six Months Ended June 30, 2010	Asia	North America	Europe	Consolidated
Total sales	\$ 231,231	\$ 69,611	\$ 82,643	\$ 383,485
Inter-company sales	(22,093)	(25,196)	(50,196)	(97,485)
Net sales	<u>\$ 209,138</u>	<u>\$ 44,415</u>	<u>\$ 32,447</u>	<u>\$ 286,000</u>

Property, plant and equipment	\$ 123,614	\$ 29,783	\$ 30,846	\$ 184,243
Total assets	<u>\$ 427,116</u>	<u>\$ 161,560</u>	<u>\$ 184,015</u>	<u>\$ 772,691</u>

Six Months Ended June 30, 2009	Asia	North America	Europe	Consolidated
Total sales	\$ 147,922	\$ 36,674	\$ 44,450	\$ 229,046
Inter-company sales	(9,693)	(10,117)	(27,288)	(47,098)
Net sales	<u>\$ 138,229</u>	<u>\$ 26,557</u>	<u>\$ 17,162</u>	<u>\$ 181,948</u>

Property, plant and equipment	\$ 97,652	\$ 30,888	\$ 40,479	\$ 169,019
Total assets	<u>\$ 318,916</u>	<u>\$ 405,233</u>	<u>\$ 169,400</u>	<u>\$ 893,549</u>

[Table of Contents](#)**Geographic Information**

Revenues were derived from (billed to) customers located in the following countries. "All Others" represents countries with less than 10% of the total revenues each (*in thousands*):

	Net Sales for the Three Months Ended June 30,		Percentage of Net Sales	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	China	\$ 46,898	\$ 30,486	31.4%
Taiwan	34,803	31,286	23.3%	30.1%
United States	32,584	17,370	21.8%	16.7%
Germany	10,121	3,623	6.8%	3.5%
Korea	8,558	6,792	5.7%	6.5%
Singapore	6,018	2,878	4.0%	2.8%
United Kingdom	1,817	3,320	1.2%	3.2%
All Others	8,354	8,143	5.6%	7.8%
Total	\$149,153	\$103,898	100.0%	100.0%

	Net Sales for the Six Months Ended June 30,		Percentage of Net Sales	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
	China	\$ 88,957	\$ 52,843	31.1%
Taiwan	67,806	52,729	23.7%	29.0%
United States	61,789	31,328	21.6%	17.2%
Germany	17,152	8,086	6.0%	4.4%
Korea	16,888	11,786	5.9%	6.5%
Singapore	11,369	4,948	4.0%	2.7%
United Kingdom	6,675	7,100	2.3%	3.9%
All Others	15,364	13,128	5.4%	7.2%
Total	\$286,000	\$181,948	100.0%	100.0%

NOTE J – Convertible Senior Notes

In October 2006, the Company issued and sold Notes with an aggregate principal amount of \$230 million due 2026, which pay 2.25% interest per annum on the principal amount of the Notes, payable semi-annually in arrears on April 1 and October 1 of each year, beginning on April 1, 2007.

The Notes can be converted into cash or, at the Company’s option, cash and/or shares of the Company’s Common Stock based on an initial conversion rate, subject to adjustment, of 25.6419 shares (stock split adjusted) per \$1,000 principal amount of Notes, which represents an initial conversion price of \$39.00 per share (stock split adjusted), in certain circumstances. In addition, following a “make-whole fundamental change” that occurs prior to October 1, 2011, the Company will, at its option, increase the conversion rate for a holder who elects to convert its Notes in connection with such “make-whole fundamental change,” in certain circumstances.

In determining the liability and equity components, the Company determined the expected life of the Notes to be five years as that is the earliest date in which the Notes can be put back to the Company at par value. As of June 30, 2010, 15 months remain over which the discount of the liability will be amortized. As of June 30, 2010, the liability and equity components are as follows (*in thousands*):

<u>Liability Component Principal Amount</u>	<u>Liability Component Net Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Liability Component Unamortized Discount</u>	<u>Equity Component Carrying Amount</u>
\$134,293	\$ 124,312	\$ 9,981	\$ 35,515

The effective interest rate of the liability component is 8.5%, which is a comparable yield for nonconvertible notes with terms and conditions otherwise comparable to the Company’s Notes as of the date of issuance. The amount of interest expense, including amortization of debt discount for the liability component and debt issuance costs is as follows (*in thousands*):

	<u>Three Months Ended June 30,</u>		<u>Six Months Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Notes contractual interest expense	\$ 792	\$ 948	\$ 1,552	\$ 1,944
Amortization of debt discount	1,873	2,281	3,707	4,490
Amortization of debt issuance costs	136	164	274	343
Total	<u>\$ 2,801</u>	<u>\$ 3,393</u>	<u>\$ 5,533</u>	<u>\$ 6,777</u>

NOTE K – Commitments

Purchase Commitments – As of June 30, 2010, the Company had approximately \$22.2 million in non-cancelable purchase contracts related to capital expenditures, primarily for manufacturing equipment in China.

NOTE L – Employee Benefit Plans

Defined Benefit Plan

The Company has a contributory defined benefit plan that covers certain employees in the United Kingdom (“U.K.”) and Germany. The net pension and supplemental retirement benefit obligations and the related periodic costs are based on, among other things, assumptions regarding the discount rate, estimated return on plan assets and mortality rates. These obligations and related periodic costs are measured using actuarial techniques and assumptions. The projected unit credit method is the actuarial cost method used to compute the pension liabilities and related expenses.

For the six months ended June 30, 2010, net period benefit costs associated with the defined benefit plan were approximately \$1.5 million.

[Table of Contents](#)

The following tables set forth the benefit obligation, the fair value of plan assets, and the funded status of the Company's plan (*in thousands*):

	Defined Benefit Plan
Change in benefit obligation:	
Balance at December 31, 2009	\$ 117,539
Service cost	153
Interest cost	3,148
Actuarial loss	3,850
Benefits paid	(1,842)
Foreign currency changes	(8,768)
Benefit obligation at June 30, 2010	\$ 114,080
Change in plan assets:	
Fair value of plan assets at December 31, 2009	\$ 88,235
Actual return on plan assets	(737)
Employer contribution	1,453
Benefits paid	(1,842)
Foreign currency changes	(6,470)
Fair value of plan assets at June 30, 2010	\$ 80,639
Underfunded status at June 30, 2010	\$ (33,441)

Based on an actuarial study performed as of June 30, 2010, the plan is underfunded and a liability of approximately \$33.4 million is reflected in the Company's consolidated financial statements as a long-term liability. The amount recognized in accumulated other comprehensive loss for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was a net loss of \$5.9 million and the weighted-average discount rate assumption used to determine benefit obligations as of June 30, 2010 was 5.3%.

The following are weighted-average assumptions used to determine net periodic benefit costs for the six months ended June 30, 2010:

Discount rate	5.7%
Expected long-term return on plan assets	6.8%

The Company adopted a payment plan with the trustees of the defined benefit plan, in which the Company will pay approximately £1.0 million GBP (approximately \$1.6 million based on a USD:GBP exchange rate of 1.6:1) every year from 2009 through 2012.

The Company also has pension plans in Asia for which the benefit obligation, fair value of the plan assets and the funded status amounts are deemed immaterial and therefore, not included in the figures or assumptions above.

Deferred Compensation

The Company maintains a Non-Qualified Deferred Compensation Plan (the "Deferred Compensation Plan") for executive officers, key employees and members of the Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Deferred Compensation Plan allows eligible participants to defer the receipt of eligible compensation, including equity awards, until designated future dates. The Company offsets its obligations under the Deferred Compensation Plan by investing in the actual underlying investments. These investments are classified as trading securities and are carried at fair value. At June 30, 2010, these investments totaled approximately \$2.9 million. All gains and losses in these investments are equally offset by corresponding gains and losses in the Deferred Compensation Plan liabilities.

NOTE M – Related Parties

The Company conducts business with one related party company, Lite-On Semiconductor Corporation and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, “LSC”), that owned approximately 18.9% of the Company’s outstanding Common Stock as of June 30, 2010. The Company also conducts business with Keylink International (B.V.I.) Inc. and its subsidiaries and affiliates (collectively, “Keylink”). Keylink is the Company’s 5% joint venture partner in the Company’s Shanghai manufacturing subsidiaries.

The Audit Committee of the Company’s Board reviews all related party transactions for potential conflict of interest situations on an ongoing basis, in accordance with such procedures that the Audit Committee may adopt from time to time.

Lite-On Semiconductor Corporation – During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company sold products to LSC totaling 1.6% and 2.2% of its net sales, respectively. Also, for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, 11.3% and 7.2%, respectively, of the Company’s net sales were from semiconductor products purchased from LSC for subsequent sale, making LSC the Company’s largest supplier.

Net sales to, and purchases from, LSC are as follows (*in thousands*):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net sales	\$ 2,038	\$ 2,686	\$ 4,526	\$ 4,080
Purchases	\$ 11,623	\$ 7,559	\$ 20,888	\$ 13,127

Keylink International (B.V.I.) Inc. – During the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company sold products to companies owned by Keylink totaling 2.7% and 3.1% of its net sales, respectively. Also for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, 3.3% and 1.3%, respectively, of the Company’s net sales were from semiconductor products purchased from companies owned by Keylink. In addition, the Company’s subsidiaries in China lease their manufacturing facilities from, and subcontract a portion of their manufacturing process (metal plating and environmental services) to Keylink. The Company also paid a consulting fee to Keylink. For the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009, the Company paid Keylink an aggregate of \$7.0 million and \$4.4 million, respectively, with respect to these items.

Net sales to, and purchases from, companies owned by Keylink are as follows (*in thousands*):

	Three Months Ended June 30,		Six Months Ended June 30,	
	2010	2009	2010	2009
Net sales	\$ 4,129	\$ 3,150	\$ 7,742	\$ 5,556
Purchases	\$ 2,547	\$ 1,326	\$ 5,173	\$ 2,375

Accounts receivable from, and accounts payable to, LSC and Keylink are as follows (*in thousands*):

	June 30, 2010
Accounts receivable	
LSC	\$ 1,752
Keylink	8,032
	<u>\$ 9,784</u>
Accounts payable	
LSC	\$ 8,713
Keylink	5,861
	<u>\$ 14,574</u>

Item 2 — Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters addressed in this Item 2 constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, including those discussed below under the heading “Risk Factors” and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by the Company’s management. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the “Act”) provides certain “safe harbor” provisions for forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements made in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made pursuant to the Act. The Company undertakes no obligation to publicly release the results of any revisions to its forward-looking statements that may be made to reflect events or circumstances after the date hereof or to reflect the occurrence of unexpected events. Unless the context otherwise requires, the words “Diodes,” the “Company,” “we,” “us” and “our” refer to Diodes Incorporated and its subsidiaries.

This management’s discussion should be read in conjunction with the management’s discussion included in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, previously filed with Securities and Exchange Commission.

Highlights

- Net sales for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$149.2 million, an increase of \$45.3 million, or 43.6%, over the same period last year, and a sequential increase of 9.1% over the \$136.8 million in the first quarter of 2010;
- Net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$286.0 million, an increase of \$104.1 million, or 57.2%, over the same period last year;
- Gross profit for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$53.5 million, an increase of \$26.1 million, or 95.3%, over the same period last year, and a sequential increase of 11.9% over the \$47.8 million in the first quarter of 2010;
- Gross profit for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$101.3 million, an increase of \$59.4 million, or 141.8%, over the same period last year;
- Gross profit margin for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was 35.8%, compared to 26.3% for the same period last year, and 34.9% for the first quarter of 2010;
- Gross profit margin for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was 35.4%, compared to 23.0% for the same period last year;
- Net income attributable to common stockholders for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$16.6 million, or \$0.37 per diluted share, compared to the same period last year, which had a net loss of \$(3.0) million, or \$(0.07) per share, and first quarter 2010 net income of \$15.0 million, or \$0.33 per diluted share; and
- Net income attributable to common stockholders for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$31.6 million, or \$0.70 per diluted share, compared to the same period last year, which had a net loss of \$(13.7) million, or \$(0.33) per share.
- On June 30, 2010, we put our auction rate securities (“ARS”) back to UBS AG at par value pursuant to the previously disclosed settlement agreement, which liquidated our ARS for cash and the proceeds were used to pay off the “no net cost” loan.

Overview

We are a leading global manufacturer and supplier of high-quality, application specific standard products within the broad discrete, logic and analog semiconductor markets, serving the consumer electronics, computing, communications, industrial and automotive markets. These products include diodes, rectifiers, transistors, MOSFETs, protection devices, functional specific arrays, single gate logic, amplifiers and comparators, Hall-effect and temperature sensors, power management devices including LED drivers, DC-DC switching and linear voltage regulators and voltage references along with special function devices including USB power switches, load switches, voltage supervisors and motor controllers. The products are sold primarily throughout Asia, North America and Europe.

We design, manufacture and market these semiconductors for diverse end-use applications. Semiconductors, which provide electronic signal amplification and switching functions, are basic building-block electronic components that are incorporated into almost every electronic device. We believe that our focus on standard semiconductor products provides us with a meaningful competitive advantage relative to other semiconductor companies that provide a wider range of semiconductor products.

During the first quarter of 2010, we saw an increase in our net sales due to strong demand in all geographic regions led by North America and Europe. During the second quarter of 2010, we saw a further increase in net sales due to a strong demand for our products across all markets with additional growth in North America and Asia, while we continued to experience improvements in Europe. In addition, during the first and second quarters, gross profit margin increased due to improved product mix in North America and Europe, which includes a favorable mix of higher margin new products, as well as our wafer fabrication facilities operating at near full capacity. For the third quarter of 2010, we expect to see continued growth in net sales and gross profit.

[Table of Contents](#)

As described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, the principal elements of our strategy include the following:

- Continue to rapidly introduce innovative discrete, logic and analog semiconductor products;
- Expand our available market opportunities;
- Maintain intense customer focus;
- Enhance cost competitiveness; and
- Pursue selective strategic acquisitions.

In implementing these strategies, the following factors have affected, and, we believe, will continue to affect, our results of operations:

- We have experienced substantial pressure from our customers and competitors to reduce the selling price for our standard products, and we expect future improvements in net income to result primarily from increases in sales volume and improvements in product mix as well as manufacturing cost reductions in order to offset any reduced average selling prices (“ASP”) of our products. For 2010, we expect to see increased demand for our products as compared to 2009, and we anticipate continued improvement in order rates.
- For the six months ended June 30, 2010, our original equipment manufacturers (“OEM”) and electronic manufacturing services (“EMS”) customers together accounted for approximately 48% of our net sales, while our global network of distributors accounted for approximately 52% of our net sales.
- Net sales for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$286.0 million compared to \$181.9 million in the same period last year. This increase in net sales mainly reflects the increase in demand for our products in all geographic regions.
- Our gross profit margin was 35.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to 23.0% in the same period last year. Our gross margin percentage increased over the same period last year due to higher capacity utilization of our manufacturing and wafer fabrication facilities. Future gross profit margins will depend primarily on our product mix, manufacturing cost savings, and the demand for our products.
- For the six months ended June 30, 2010, our capital expenditures were approximately 16.5% of our net sales, which is an increase from our historical 10% to 12% of net sales model. We expect capital expenditures for fiscal 2010 to be slightly higher than our historical model.
- For the six months ended June 30, 2010, the percentage of our net sales derived from our Asia subsidiaries was 73.2%, compared to 76.0% in the same period last year. The decrease was due primarily to improvements in North America and Europe. We expect our net sales to the Asia market to increase as a percentage of our total net sales as a result of our customers’ continuing to shift their manufacturing of electronic products to Asia. In addition, Europe accounted for approximately 11.3% of our revenues for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to 9.4% in the same period last year.
- As of June 30, 2010, we had invested approximately \$255.1 million in our Asian manufacturing facilities. For the six months ended June 30, 2010, we invested approximately \$41.4 million in these manufacturing facilities, and we expect to continue to invest in our manufacturing facilities, although the amount to be invested will depend on product demand and new product developments.
- We have increased our investment in research and development from \$10.7 million, or 5.9% of net sales, for the six months ended June 30, 2009 to \$13.2 million, or 4.6% of net sales, for the six months ended June 30, 2010. For the remainder of 2010, we expect research and development to increase in absolute dollars but remain comparable as a percentage of net sales.

[Table of Contents](#)

Results of Operations for the Three Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

The following table sets forth, the percentage that certain items in the statements of operations bear to net sales and the percentage dollar increase (decrease) of such items from period to period.

	Percent of Net Sales Three months ended June 30,		Percentage Dollar Increase (Decrease) '09 to '10
	2010	2009	
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	43.6
Cost of goods sold	(64.2)	(73.7)	25.0
Gross profit	35.8	26.3	95.3
Operating expenses	(19.8)	(20.7)	37.1
Income from operations	16.0	5.6	308.6
Interest income	0.7	1.3	(26.0)
Interest expense and amortization of debt discount	(2.2)	(4.0)	(4.7)
Other expense	(0.8)	(0.2)	317.8
Income before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	13.7	2.7	638.6
Income tax provision	2.0	4.9	(41.1)
Net income (loss)	11.7	(2.2)	840.8
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(0.5)	(0.6)	54.6
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	11.2	(2.8)	663.7

The following discussion explains in greater detail our consolidated operating results and financial condition for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared to the three months ended June 30, 2009. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this quarterly report (*in thousands*).

	2010	2009
Net Sales	\$ 149,153	\$ 103,898

Net sales increased approximately \$45.3 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared to the same period last year. The 43.6% increase in net sales represented an approximately 38.9% increase in units sold and a 3.4% increase in ASP. The revenue increase for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was attributable to increase in demand for our products in all markets with further growth in North America and Asia, while we continued to experience improvements in Europe.

	2010	2009
Cost of goods sold	\$95,686	\$76,528
Gross profit	\$ 53,467	\$ 27,370
Gross profit margin	35.8%	26.3%

Cost of goods sold increased approximately \$19.2 million, or 25.0%, for the three months ended June 30, 2010 compared to the same period last year. As a percent of sales, cost of goods sold decreased to 64.2% for the three months ended June 30, 2010 compared to 73.7% in the same period last year, and our average unit cost (“AUP”) decreased approximately 10.0% due primarily to product mix. The decrease in cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales was due to higher net sales, which offset a portion of the fixed costs.

[Table of Contents](#)

For the three months ended June 30, 2010, gross profit increased by approximately \$26.1 million, or 95.3%, compared to the same period last year. Gross margin increased to 35.8% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared to 26.3% for the same period last year, primarily due to higher capacity utilization of our manufacturing and wafer fabrication facilities

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Selling, general and administrative expenses (“SG&A”)	\$ 21,422	\$ 15,240

SG&A for the three months ended June 30, 2010 increased approximately \$6.2 million, or 40.6%, compared to the same period last year, primarily due to higher sales commissions related to increased sales, as well as to higher employee related costs including incentives and higher general operating costs. SG&A as a percentage of sales, decreased to 14.4% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared to 14.7% in the same period last year due to higher net sales, which offset a portion of the fixed costs. For the remainder of 2010, we expect SG&A to increase in absolute dollars but remain comparable as a percentage of net sales.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Research and development expenses (“R&D”)	\$ 6,815	\$ 5,385

R&D for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$6.8 million, an increase of approximately \$1.4 million from the same period last year, primarily due to the additional costs incurred, primarily due to increased personnel costs, engineering supplies and material purchases. R&D, as a percentage of sales, decreased to 4.6% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared 5.2% in the same period last year due to higher net sales, which offset a portion of the fixed costs. For the remainder of 2010, we expect R&D to increase in absolute dollars but remain comparable as a percentage of net sales.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	\$ 1,078	\$ 1,118

Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles was approximately \$1.1 million for both the three months ended June 30, 2010 and the same period last year.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Interest income	\$ 996	\$ 1,345

Interest income decreased for the three months ended June 30, 2010 to \$1.0 million, compared to \$1.3 million in the same period last year, due primarily to a decrease in interest income earned on our short-term investment securities (auction rate securities), which were put back to UBS at par value on June 30, 2010 in accordance with the previously disclosed settlement agreement. For the remainder of 2010, we expect interest income to be lower than in the first half of 2010 since we are no longer earning interest on short-term investment securities.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Interest expense	\$ 1,396	\$ 1,877

Interest expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was approximately \$1.4 million, compared to \$1.9 million in the same period last year. The \$0.5 million decrease in interest expense was due primarily to the repurchase and retirement of \$95.7 million par value of Notes since the fourth quarter of 2008, which was offset by the increased interest expense charged in connection with our “no net cost” loan, with the offsetting interest earned being recorded in interest income. For the remainder of 2010, we expect interest expense to be lower than in the first half of 2010 since we are no longer being charged interest for our “no net cost” loan that was paid off on June 30, 2010 in connection with the previously disclosed settlement agreement with UBS.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Amortization of debt discount	\$ 1,873	\$ 2,281

Amortization of debt discount for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$1.9 million, compared to \$2.3 million in the same period last year. The \$0.4 million decrease in amortization of debt discount was due primarily to the repurchase and retirement of Notes in 2009.

[Table of Contents](#)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Other expense	\$ 1,150	\$ 275

Other expense for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was \$1.2 million, compared to \$0.3 million in the same period last year. Included in other expense for the three months ended June 30, 2009 was a \$1.5 million gain on forgiveness of debt from government subsidies in China.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Income tax provision	\$ 3,035	\$ 5,156

We recognized income tax expense of \$3.0 million for the three months ended June 30, 2010, compared to a \$5.2 million in the same period last year. Income taxes for the interim periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 have been included in the accompanying financial statements on the basis of an estimated annual effective rate and actual year-to-date effective income tax rate, respectively. The estimated effective tax rate is 14.7% for the three months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to 185.0% in the same period last year. Our effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2010 was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate of 35%, as it was impacted by higher income in lower-taxed jurisdictions and the non-cash tax benefit from reversing valuation allowances on deferred tax assets from U.K. loss carryforwards. In addition, the Company's effective tax rate for the three months ended June 30, 2009 was impacted by the non-cash income tax expense associated with repatriating earnings of foreign subsidiaries to the U.S. parent.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Noncontrolling interest	\$ 903	\$ 584

Noncontrolling interest represented the minority investors' share of the earnings of our China and Taiwan subsidiaries for the three months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. The noncontrolling interest in the subsidiaries and their equity balances are reported separately in the consolidation of our financial statements, and the activities of these subsidiaries are included therein. Our interests in these subsidiaries have not changed since December 31, 2009.

[Table of Contents](#)

Results of Operations for the Six Months Ended June 30, 2010 and 2009

The following table sets forth, the percentage that certain items in the statements of operations bear to net sales and the percentage dollar increase (decrease) of such items from period to period.

	Percent of Net Sales Six months ended June 30,		Percentage Dollar Increase (Decrease)
	2010	2009	'09 to '10
Net sales	100.0%	100.0%	57.2
Cost of goods sold	(64.6)	(77.0)	31.9
Gross profit	35.4	23.0	141.9
Operating expenses	(20.4)	(24.2)	32.6
Income (loss) from operations	15.0	(1.2)	2,091.0
Interest income	0.8	1.7	(25.6)
Interest expense and amortization of debt discount	(2.5)	(4.6)	(0.2)
Other income (expense)	0.5	—	(12,591.7)
Income (loss) before income taxes and noncontrolling interest	13.8	(4.1)	629.4
Income tax provision	2.1	3.1	14.5
Net income (loss)	11.7	(7.2)	355.0
Less: net income attributable to noncontrolling interest	(0.6)	(0.3)	136.2
Net income (loss) attributable to common stockholders	11.1	(7.5)	330.4

The following discussion explains in greater detail our consolidated operating results and financial condition for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to the six months ended June 30, 2009. This discussion should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto appearing elsewhere in this quarterly report (*in thousands*).

	2010	2009
Net Sales	\$286,000	\$181,948

Net sales increased approximately \$104.1 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to the same period last year. The 57.2% increase in net sales represented an approximately 49.1% increase in units sold and a 5.4% increase in ASP. The revenue increase for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was attributable to increase in demand for our products in all geographic regions.

	2010	2009
Cost of goods sold	\$184,750	\$140,085
Gross profit	\$101,250	\$41,863
Gross profit margin	35.4%	23.0%

Cost of goods sold increased approximately \$44.7 million, or 31.9%, for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to the same period last year. As a percent of sales, cost of goods sold decreased to 64.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to 77.0% in the same period last year, and our AUP decreased 11.5% due to product mix. The decrease in cost of goods sold as a percentage of sales was due to higher net sales, which offset a portion of the fixed costs.

[Table of Contents](#)

For the six months ended June 30, 2010, gross profit increased by approximately \$59.4 million, or 141.9%, compared to the same period last year. Gross margin increased to 35.4% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to 23.0% for the same period last year, primarily due to higher capacity utilization of our manufacturing and wafer fabrication facilities

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Selling, general and administrative expenses (“SG&A”)	\$ 42,841	\$31,296

SG&A for the six months ended June 30, 2010 increased approximately \$11.5 million, or 36.9%, compared to the same period last year, primarily due to higher sales commissions related to increased sales, as well as to higher employee related costs including incentives and higher general operating costs. SG&A, as a percentage of sales, decreased to 15.0% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to 17.2% in the same period last year due to higher net sales, which offset a portion of the fixed costs. For the remainder of 2010, we expect SG&A to increase in absolute dollars but remain comparable as a percentage of net sales.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Research and development expenses (“R&D”)	\$ 13,191	\$ 10,660

R&D for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$13.2 million, an increase of approximately \$2.5 million from the same period last year, primarily due to the additional costs incurred, primarily due to increased personnel costs, engineering supplies and material purchases. R&D, as a percentage of sales, decreased to 4.6% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared 5.9% in the same period last year due to higher net sales, which offset a portion of the fixed costs. For the remainder of 2010, we expect R&D to increase in absolute dollars but remain comparable as a percentage of net sales.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles	\$ 2,206	\$ 2,209

Amortization of acquisition-related intangibles was approximately \$2.2 million for both the six months ended June 30, 2010 and the same period last year.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Interest income	\$ 2,308	\$ 3,102

Interest income decreased for the six months ended June 30, 2010 to \$2.3 million, compared to \$3.1 million in the same period last year, due primarily to a decrease in interest income earned on our short-term investment securities (auction rate securities), which were put back to UBS at par value on June 30, 2010 in accordance with the previously disclosed settlement agreement. For the remainder of 2010, we expect interest income to be lower than in the first half of 2010 since we are no longer earning interest on short-term investment securities.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Interest expense	\$ 3,378	\$ 3,925

Interest expense for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was approximately \$3.4 million, compared to \$3.9 million in the same period last year. The \$0.5 million decrease in interest expense was due primarily to the repurchase and retirement of \$95.7 million par value of Notes since the fourth quarter of 2008, which was offset by the increased interest expense charged in connection with our “no net cost” loan, with the offsetting interest earned being recorded in interest income. For the remainder of 2010, we expect interest expense to be lower than in the first half of 2010 since we are no longer being charged interest for our “no net cost” loan that was paid off on June 30, 2010 in connection with the previously disclosed settlement agreement with UBS.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Amortization of debt discount	\$ 3,707	\$ 4,490

Amortization of debt discount for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$3.7 million, compared to \$4.5 million in the same period last year. The \$0.8 million decrease in amortization of debt discount was due primarily to the repurchase and retirement of Notes in 2009.

[Table of Contents](#)

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Other income (expense)	\$ 1,498	\$ (12)

Other income for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$1.5 million, compared to other expense of \$0.0 million in the same period last year. Included in other income for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was a \$1.7 million gain on sale of non-core intellectual property for which no intangible assets were recorded, partially offset by foreign currency transaction losses. Included in other expense for the six months ended Jun 30, 2009 was foreign currency losses of \$3.4 million, partially offset by a \$1.5 million gain on forgiveness of debt from government subsidies in China and a \$1.4 million gain on extinguishment of debt.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Income tax provision	\$ 6,359	\$ 5,553

We recognized income tax expense of \$6.4 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to a \$5.6 million in the same period last year. Income taxes for the interim periods ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 have been included in the accompanying financial statements on the basis of an estimated annual effective rate and actual year-to-date effective income tax rate, respectively. The estimated effective tax rate is 16.1% for the six months ended June 30, 2010, as compared to the effective tax rate for the same period last year of (74.3)%. Our effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was lower than the U.S. statutory tax rate of 35%, as it was impacted by higher income in lower-taxed jurisdictions and the non-cash tax benefit from reversing valuation allowances on deferred tax assets from U.K. loss carryforwards. In addition, the Company's effective tax rate for the six months ended June 30, 2009 was impacted by the non-cash income tax expense associated with repatriating earnings of foreign subsidiaries to the U.S. parent.

	<u>2010</u>	<u>2009</u>
Noncontrolling interest	\$ 1,625	\$ 688

Noncontrolling interest represented the minority investors' share of the earnings of our China and Taiwan subsidiaries for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009. The noncontrolling interest in the subsidiaries and their equity balances are reported separately in the consolidation of our financial statements, and the activities of these subsidiaries are included therein. Our interests in these subsidiaries have not changed since December 31, 2009.

Financial Condition

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our primary sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, funds from operations and borrowings under our credit facilities. We currently have a U.S. credit agreement for a \$10 million revolving credit facility and a \$10 million uncommitted facility with no outstanding borrowings and have foreign credit facilities with borrowing capacities of approximately \$46.2 million of which approximately \$1.6 million has been borrowed and \$10.2 million has been used for import and export guarantees. Our primary liquidity requirements have been to meet our inventory and capital expenditure needs and to fund on-going operations. At December 31, 2009 and June 30, 2010, our working capital was \$354.3 million and \$373.1 million, respectively. Our working capital increased in the first six months of 2010 primarily due to the increase in cash, accounts receivables and inventories, partially offset by an increase in accounts payable and accrued liabilities. We expect cash generated by our U.S. and international operations, together with existing cash, cash equivalents and available credit facilities, to be sufficient to cover cash needs for working capital and capital expenditures for at least the next 12 months. Cash and cash equivalents, the conversion of other working-capital items and borrowings are expected to be sufficient to fund on-going operations.

On June 30, 2010, we put back our ARS portfolio to UBS AG at par value pursuant to the previously disclosed settlement agreement with UBS AG. Upon exercise of the put option, we liquidated our short-term ARS, for cash and then used the proceeds received to pay off the related “no net cost” loan with UBS Bank.

Capital expenditures for the six months ended June 30, 2010 and 2009 were \$47.2 million and \$9.4 million, respectively. Our capital expenditures for these periods were primarily related to manufacturing expansion in our facilities in China. Capital expenditures in the first six months of 2010 were approximately 16.5% of our net sales, which is an increase from our historical 10% to 12% of net sales model. We expect capital expenditures for fiscal 2010 to be slightly higher than our historical model.

Discussion of Cash Flow

Cash and cash equivalents increased from \$242.0 million at December 31, 2009, to \$245.6 million at June 30, 2010 primarily from cash provided by operating and investing activities, offset by cash used in financing activities.

Operating Activities

Net cash provided by operating activities for the six months ended June 30, 2010 was \$46.9 million, resulting primarily from \$33.2 million of net income and \$24.7 million in depreciation and amortization, offset partially by a greater increase in operating assets than operating liabilities. Net cash provided by operating activities was \$24.6 million for the same period last year. Net cash provided by operating activities increased \$22.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010, compared to the same period last year. This increase resulted primarily from a \$46.2 million increase in net income, offset by changes in operating assets and liabilities.

Investing Activities

Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities was \$257.5 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to (\$7.8) million for the same period last year. The \$265.3 million increase in net cash provided by investing activities was due primarily to \$296.6 million in proceeds from the sale of short-term investments, offset partially by the \$31.7 million increase in purchases of property, plant and equipment.

Financing Activities

Net cash used in financing activities totaled \$296.3 million for the six months ended June 30, 2010 compared to \$13.5 million in the same period last year. This increase in usage is primarily the result of an approximately \$301.6 million repayment on lines of credit with the proceeds from the sale of short-term investments.

Debt Instruments

There have been no material changes to our debt instruments as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 1, 2010, except for the changes described below.

On June 30, 2010, we put back our ARS portfolio to UBS AG at par value pursuant to the previously disclosed settlement agreement with UBS AG. Upon exercise of the put option, we liquidated our short-term ARS, for cash and then used the proceeds received to pay off the related “no net cost” loan with UBS Bank.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We do not have any transactions, arrangements and other relationships with unconsolidated entities that will affect our liquidity or capital resources. We have no special purpose entities that provide off-balance sheet financing, liquidity or market or credit risk support, nor do we engage in swap agreements, or outsourcing of research and development services, that could expose us to liability that is not reflected on the face of our financial statements.

Contractual Obligations

There have been no material changes in any of our contractual obligations as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 1, 2010.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“U.S. GAAP”) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. On an on-going basis, we evaluate our estimates, which are based upon historical experiences, market trends and financial forecasts and projections, and upon various other assumptions that management believes to be reasonable under the circumstances and at that certain point in time. Actual results may differ, significantly at times, from these estimates under different assumptions or conditions.

Our critical accounting policies, as described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, relate to revenue recognition, inventories, accounting for income taxes, allowance for doubtful accounts, goodwill and long-lived assets, share-based compensation, fair value measurements, defined benefit plan, contingencies and convertible senior notes. There have been no material changes to our critical accounting policies since December 31, 2009, except that we no longer use methods of fair value to value our ARS portfolio.

Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

See Note A of the Notes to Consolidated Condensed Financial Statements for detailed information regarding the status of recently issued accounting pronouncements.

Available Information

Our Internet address is <http://www.diodes.com>. We make available, free of charge through our Internet website, our Annual Reports on Form 10-K, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, proxy statements, and amendments to those reports filed or furnished pursuant to Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (“Exchange Act”) as soon as reasonably practicable after such material is electronically filed with or furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). To support our global customer-base, particularly in Asia and Europe, our website is language-selectable into English, Chinese, and Korean, giving us an effective marketing tool for worldwide markets. With its extensive online Product (Parametric) Catalog with advanced search capabilities, our website facilitates quick and easy product selection. Our website provides easy access to worldwide sales contacts and customer support, and incorporates a distributor-inventory check to provide component inventory availability and a small order desk for overnight sample fulfillment. Our website also provides access to investor financial information, including SEC filings and press releases, as well as stock quotes and information on corporate governance compliance.

Cautionary Statement for Purposes of the “Safe Harbor” Provision of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995

Except for the historical information contained herein, the matters addressed in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q constitute “forward-looking statements” within the meaning of Section 27A of the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, and Section 21E of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. We generally identify forward-looking statements by the use of terminology such as “may,” “will,” “could,” “should,” “potential,” “continue,” “expect,” “intend,” “plan,” “estimate,” “anticipate,” “believe,” or similar phrases or the negatives of such terms. Such forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties, including those discussed under “Risks Related To Our Business” and elsewhere in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q that could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated by our management. The Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the “Act”) provides certain “safe harbor” provisions for forward-looking statements. All forward-looking statements made on this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made pursuant to the Act.

[Table of Contents](#)

All forward-looking statements contained in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are subject to, in addition to the other matters described in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, a variety of significant risks and uncertainties. The following discussion highlights some of these risks and uncertainties. Further, from time to time, information provided by us or statements made by our employees may contain forward-looking information. There can be no assurance that actual results or business conditions will not differ materially from those set forth or suggested in such forward-looking statements as a result of various factors, including those discussed below.

For more detailed discussion of these factors, see the “Risk Factors” discussion in Item 1A of the Company’s most recent Annual Report on Form 10-K as filed with the SEC and in Part II, Item 1A of this report. The forward-looking statements included in this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q are made only as of the date of this report, and the Company undertakes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements to reflect subsequent events or circumstances.

Risk Factors

Risks Related To Our Business

- *The success of our business depends on the strength of the global economy and the stability of the financial markets, and any weaknesses in these areas may have a material adverse effect on our revenues, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *During times of difficult market conditions, our fixed costs combined with lower revenues may have a negative impact on our results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Downturns in the highly cyclical semiconductor industry or changes in end-market demand could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.*
- *The semiconductor business is highly competitive, and increased competition may harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We receive a significant portion of our net sales from a single customer. In addition, this customer is also our largest external supplier and is a related party. The loss of this customer or supplier could harm our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Delays in initiation of production at facilities, implementing new production techniques or resolving problems associated with technical equipment malfunctions could adversely affect our manufacturing efficiencies, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We are and will continue to be under continuous pressure from our customers and competitors to reduce the price of our products, which could adversely affect our growth and profit margins.*
- *Our customers require our products to undergo a lengthy and expensive qualification process without any assurance of product sales, which could adversely affect our revenues, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Our customer orders are subject to cancellation or modification usually with no penalty. High volumes of order cancellation or reductions in quantities ordered could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Production at our manufacturing facilities could be disrupted for a variety of reasons, which could prevent us from producing enough of our products to maintain our sales and satisfy our customers’ demands and could adversely affect our results of operations and financial condition.*
- *New technologies could result in the development of new products by our competitors and a decrease in demand for our products, and we may not be able to develop new products to satisfy changes in demand, which could adversely affect our net sales, market share, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We may be adversely affected by any disruption in our information technology systems, which could adversely affect our cash flows, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We may be subject to claims of infringement of third-party intellectual property rights or demands that we license third-party technology, which could result in significant expense and reduction in our intellectual property rights.*

[Table of Contents](#)

- *We depend on third-party suppliers for timely deliveries of raw materials, parts and equipment, as well as finished products from other manufacturers, and our reputation with customers, results of operations and financial condition could be adversely affected if we are unable to obtain adequate supplies in a timely manner.*
- *If we do not succeed in continuing to vertically integrate our business, we will not realize the cost and other efficiencies we anticipate, which could adversely affect our ability to compete, profit margins, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Part of our growth strategy involves identifying and acquiring companies with complementary product lines or customers. We may be unable to identify suitable acquisition candidates or consummate desired acquisitions and, if we do make any acquisitions, we may be unable to successfully integrate any acquired companies with our operations, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We are subject to many environmental laws and regulations that could result in significant expenses and could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Our products may be found to be defective and, as a result, product liability claims may be asserted against us, which may harm our business, reputation with our customers, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We may fail to attract or retain the qualified technical, sales, marketing and management personnel required to operate our business successfully, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *We may not be able to maintain our growth or achieve future growth and such growth may place a strain on our management and on our systems and resources, which could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *Obsolete inventories as a result of changes in demand for our products and change in life cycles of our products could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*
- *If OEMs do not design our products into their applications, a portion of our net sales may be adversely affected.*
- *We are subject to interest rate risk that could have an adverse effect on our cost of working capital and interest expenses.*
- *We had a significant amount of debt following the offering of convertible notes. Our substantial indebtedness could adversely affect our business, results of operations, financial condition and our ability to meet our payment obligations under the notes and or other debt.*
- *Restrictions in our credit facilities may limit our business and financial activities, including our ability to obtain additional capital in the future.*
- *The value of our benefit plan assets and liabilities is based on estimates and assumptions, which may prove inaccurate and the actual amount of expenses recorded in the consolidated financial statements could differ materially from the assumptions used.*
- *Due to the recent fluctuations in the United Kingdom's equity markets and bond markets, changes in actuarial assumptions for our defined benefit plan could increase the volatility of the plan's asset value, require us to increase cash contributions to the plan and have a negative impact on our results of operations and financial condition.*
- *There are risks associated with previous and future acquisitions. We may ultimately not be successful in overcoming these risks or any other problems encountered in connection with acquisitions.*
- *If we fail to maintain an effective system of internal controls or discover material weaknesses in our internal control over financial reporting, we may not be able to report our financial results accurately or detect fraud, which could harm our business and the trading price of our Common Stock.*
- *Terrorist attacks, or threats or occurrences of other terrorist activities, whether in the United States or internationally, may affect the markets in which our Common Stock trades, the markets in which we operate and our results of operations and financial condition.*

[Table of Contents](#)

- *Certain of our customers and suppliers require us to agree and comply with their codes of conducts, which may include certain regulations and restrictions that may substantially increase the cost of our business as well as have an adverse affect on operation efficiencies, our business, results of operations and financial condition.*

Risks Related To Our International Operations

- *Our international operations subject us to risks that could adversely affect our operations.*
- *We have significant operations and assets in China, Taiwan, Hong Kong and England and, as a result, will be subject to risks inherent in doing business in those jurisdictions, which may adversely affect our financial performance.*
- *A slowdown in the Chinese economy could limit the growth in demand for electronic devices containing our products, which would have a material adverse effect on our business, results of operations and prospects.*
- *Economic regulation in China could materially and adversely affect our business, results of operations and prospects.*
- *We could be adversely affected by violations of the United States' Foreign Corrupt Practices Act and similar worldwide anti-bribery laws.*
- *We are subject to foreign currency risk as a result of our international operations.*
- *We may not continue to receive preferential tax treatment in Asia, thereby increasing our income tax expense and reducing our net income.*
- *The distribution of any earnings of our foreign subsidiaries to the United States may be subject to U.S. income taxes, thus reducing our net income.*
- *The People's Republic of China is experiencing a rapid social, political and economic change, which has increased labor costs and other related costs that could make doing business in China less advantageous than in prior years. Increased labor costs in China could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.*

Risks Related To Our Common Stock

- *Variations in our quarterly operating results may cause our stock price to be volatile.*
- *We may enter into future acquisitions and take certain actions in connection with such acquisitions that could adversely affect the price of our Common Stock.*
- *Our directors, executive officers and significant stockholders hold a substantial portion of our Common Stock, which may lead to conflicts with other stockholders over corporate transactions and other corporate matters.*
- *We were formed in 1959, and our early corporate records are incomplete. As a result, we may have difficulty in assessing and defending against claims relating to rights to our Common Stock purporting to arise during periods for which our records are incomplete.*
- *Conversion of our convertible senior notes will dilute the ownership interest of existing stockholders, including stockholders who had previously converted their notes.*
- *Non-cash tender offers, debt equity swaps or equity exchanges to consummate our business activities are likely to have the effect of diluting the ownership interest of existing stockholders, including qualified stockholders who receive shares of our Common Stock in such business activities.*

[Table of Contents](#)

- *The repurchase rights and the increased conversion rate triggered by a make-whole fundamental change could discourage a potential acquirer.*
- *Anti-takeover effects of certain provisions of Delaware law and our Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaws, may hinder a take-over attempt.*
- *Section 203 of Delaware General Corporation Law may deter a take-over attempt.*
- *Certificate of Incorporation and Bylaw Provisions may deter a take-over attempt.*

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

As a multinational corporation, we are subject to certain market risks relating to foreign currency, interest rates, political, inflation and credit. We consider a variety of practices to manage these market risks. There have been no material changes to our market risks as disclosed in our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 1, 2010, except for the changes to foreign currency risks as described below.

Foreign Currency Risk

We face exposure to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates, primarily in Asia and Europe. Our foreign currency risk may change over time as the level of activity in foreign markets grows and could have a material adverse impact upon our financial results. Certain of our assets, including certain bank accounts and accounts receivable, and liabilities exist in non-U.S. dollar denominated currencies, which are sensitive to foreign currency exchange fluctuations. These currencies are principally the Chinese Yuan, the Taiwanese dollar and the British Pound Sterling and, to a lesser extent, the Japanese Yen, the Euro and the Hong Kong dollar. In the future, we may enter into hedging arrangements designed to mitigate foreign currency fluctuations. See “Risk Factors — *We are subject to foreign currency risk as a result of our international operations.*” in Part II, Item 1A of this Quarterly Report for additional information.

Effect on Reporting Income

In cases where we have subsidiaries that have a U.S. dollar functional currency but operate in a foreign location, they may have some expenses denominated in a mix of currencies. Our income and expenses are based on a mix of currencies and a decline in one currency relative to the other currencies could adversely affect our results of operations. Furthermore, our results of operations are reported in U.S. dollars, which is our reporting currency. In the event the U.S. dollar weakens against a foreign currency, we will experience a currency transaction loss, which could adversely affect our results of operations. If the Chinese Yuan, were to weaken or (strengthen) by 1.0% against the U.S. dollar, we would experience currency transaction gain or (loss) of approximately \$0.2 million per quarter.

Foreign Currency Transaction Risk

We also are subject to foreign currency risk arising from intercompany transactions that are expected to be settled in cash in the near term where the cash balances are held in denominations other than our functional currency. If exchange rates weaken against the functional currency, we would incur a remeasurement gain in the value of the cash balances, and if the exchange rates strengthen against the functional currency, we would incur a remeasurement loss in the value of the cash balances, assuming the net monetary asset balances remained constant. Our ultimate realized gain or loss with respect to currency fluctuations will generally depend on the size and type of transaction, the size and currencies of the net monetary assets and the changes in the exchange rates associated with these currencies. If the Chinese Yuan, the Taiwanese dollar, the Euro and the British Pound Sterling were to weaken or (strengthen) by 1.0% against the U.S. dollar, we would experience currency transaction gain or (loss) of approximately \$0.3 million. Net foreign exchange transaction gains or (losses) are included in other income and expense.

Foreign Currency Translation Risk

When the foreign subsidiary’s books are maintained in its functional currency, fluctuations in foreign currencies impact the amount of total assets and liabilities that we report for our foreign subsidiaries upon the translation of these amounts into U.S. dollars for reporting purposes. All elements of the subsidiaries financial statements, except for stockholders’ equity accounts, are translated using a currency exchange rate. Assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate on the balance sheet date. Income and expense accounts denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the weighted-average exchange rate during the period presented. Resulting translation adjustments are recorded as a separate component of accumulated other comprehensive income or loss within stockholders’ equity in the consolidated balance sheets, which are accumulated in this account until sale or liquidation of the foreign entity investment, at which time they are reported as adjustments to the gain or loss on sale of investment.

Foreign Currency Denominated Defined Benefit Plans

We have a contributory defined benefit plan that covers certain employees in the U.K. and Germany. The defined benefit plan is closed to new entrants and frozen with respect to future benefit accruals. The retirement benefit is based on the final average compensation and service of each eligible employee. December 31 is our annual measurement date and on measurement date, defined benefit plan assets are determined based on fair value. Defined benefit plan assets consist primarily of high quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid and that have terms to maturity approximating to the terms of the related pension liability. The net pension and supplemental retirement benefit obligations and the related periodic costs are based

[Table of Contents](#)

on, among other things, assumptions of the discount rate, estimated return on plan assets and mortality rates. These obligations and related periodic costs are measured using actuarial techniques and assumptions. The projected unit credit method is the actuarial cost method used to compute the pension liabilities and related expenses.

As of June 30, 2010, the plan is underfunded and a liability of \$33.4 million is reflected in our consolidated financial statements as a noncurrent liability. The amount recognized in accumulated other comprehensive income was a net loss of \$26.5 million. If the British Pound Sterling were to (weaken) or strengthen by 1.0% against the U.S. dollar, we would experience currency translation liability (decrease) or increase of approximately \$0.3 million. The weighted-average discount rate assumption used to determine benefit obligations as of June 30, 2010 was 5.3%. A 0.2% increase/(decrease) in the discount rate used to calculate the net period benefit cost for the year would reduce annual benefit cost by \$0.1 million. A 0.1% increase/(decrease) in the discount rate used to calculate the year-end projected benefit obligation would increase/(decrease) the year-end projected benefit obligation by approximately \$2.3 million. The expected return on plan assets is determined based on historical and expected future returns of the various assets classes and as such, each 1.0% increase/(decrease) in the expected rate of return assumption would increase/(decrease) the net period benefit cost by approximately \$0.8 million. The asset value of the defined benefit plan has been volatile in recent months due primarily to wide fluctuations in the U.K. equity markets and bond markets. See “Risk Factors — *Due to the recent fluctuations in the United Kingdom’s equity markets and bond markets, changes in actuarial assumptions for our defined benefit plan could increase the volatility of the plan’s asset value, require us to increase cash contributions to the plan and have a negative impact on our results of operations and financial condition.*” in Part I, Item 1A of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 1, 2010 for additional information.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Our Chief Executive Officer, Keh-Shew Lu, and Chief Financial Officer, Richard D. White, with the participation of the Company’s management, carried out an evaluation of the effectiveness of our disclosure controls and procedures pursuant to Exchange Act Rule 13a-15(e). Based upon that evaluation, the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer believe that, as of the end of the period covered by this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q, our disclosure controls and procedures are effective at the reasonable assurance level to ensure that information required to be included in this report is:

- recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time period specified in the Commission’s rules and forms; and
- accumulated and communicated to our management, including the Chief Executive Officer and the Chief Financial Officer, to allow timely decisions for required disclosure.

Disclosure controls and procedures, no matter how well designed and implemented, can provide only reasonable assurance of achieving an entity’s disclosure objectives. The likelihood of achieving such objectives is affected by limitations inherent in disclosure controls and procedures. These include the fact that human judgment in decision-making can be faulty and that breakdowns in internal control can occur because of human failures such as simple errors, mistakes or intentional circumvention of the established processes.

Changes in Controls over Financial Reporting

There was no change in our internal control over financial reporting, known to the Chief Executive Officer or the Chief Financial Officer that occurred during the last fiscal quarter covered by this report that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

PART II — OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

From time to time, the Company is involved in various routine legal proceedings incidental to the conduct of its business. The management does not believe that any of these legal proceedings will have a material adverse impact on the business, financial condition or results of operations of the Company.

The patent infringement complaint, *Integrated Discrete Devices, LLC. v. Diodes Incorporated, C.A. No. 08-888 (GMS) (D. Del.)*, filed by Integrated Discrete Devices, LLC on November 25, 2008 against the Company in the United States District Court for the District of Delaware was dismissed with prejudice on June 29, 2010 with no material adverse effect on our current or future financial position, cash flows or overall results of operations.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

There have been material changes from the risk factors disclosed in the “Risk Factors” section of our Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2009, filed on March 1, 2010, and such changes are reflected immediately below. The following risk factors as well as the risks described in our Annual Report on Form 10-K, are not the only risks facing our Company. Additional risks and uncertainties not currently known to us or that we currently deem to be immaterial also may materially adversely affect our business, financial condition and/or operating results.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR BUSINESS

Certain of our customers and suppliers require us to agree and comply with their codes of conducts, which may include certain regulations and restrictions that may substantially increase the cost of our business as well as have an adverse affect on operation efficiencies, our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Certain of our customers and suppliers require us to agree to comply with their codes of conduct, which may include detailed provisions on labor, human rights, health and safety, environment, corporate ethics and management systems. Certain of these provisions are not requirements under the laws of the countries in which we operate and may be burdensome to comply with on a regular basis. Moreover, new provisions may be added or material changes may be made to any these codes of conduct, and we will have to promptly agree and implement such new provisions or changes, which may substantially further increase the cost of our business, be burdensome to implement and adversely affect our operational efficiencies and results of operations. If we violate any such code of conduct, we may lose further business with the customer or supplier and, in addition, we may be subject to fines from the customer or supplier. While we believe that we are currently in compliance with our customers and suppliers’ codes of conduct, there can be no assurance that, from time to time, if any one of our customers and suppliers audits our compliance with its code of conduct that we would be found to be in full compliance. A loss of business from these customers or suppliers could have a material adverse affect on our business, results of operations and financial conditions.

RISKS RELATED TO OUR INTERNATIONAL OPERATIONS

We are subject to foreign currency risk as a result of our international operations.

We face exposure to adverse movements in foreign currency exchange rates, principally the Chinese Yuan, the Taiwanese dollar and the British Pound Sterling and, to a lesser extent, the Japanese Yen, the Euro, the Hong Kong dollar. Our income and expenses are based on a mix of currencies and a decline in one currency relative to the other currencies could adversely affect our results of operations. Furthermore, our results of operations are reported in U.S. dollars, which is our reporting currency. In the event the U.S. dollar weakens against a foreign currency, we will experience a currency transaction loss, which could adversely affect our results of operations. Also, fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates may have an adverse impact and be increasingly influential to our overall sales, profits and results of operations as amounts that are measured in foreign currency are translated back to U. S. dollars for reporting purposes. Our foreign currency risk may change over time as the level of activity in foreign markets grows and could have an adverse impact upon our financial results, especially as the portion of our sales attributable to Europe increases. We do not usually employ hedging techniques designed to mitigate foreign currency exposures and, therefore, we could experience currency losses as these currencies fluctuate against the U.S. dollar.

[Table of Contents](#)

The People's Republic of China is experiencing a rapid social, political and economic change, which has increased labor costs and other related costs that could make doing business in China less advantageous than in prior years. Increased labor costs in China could adversely affect our business, results of operations and financial condition.

Historically, labor in China has been readily available at a lower cost compared to other countries, and any increase in labor cost in China has been consistent with the projected annual increase in the inflation index and the amount of past labor cost increases. However, because China is experiencing rapid social, political and economic change, there can be no assurance that labor will continue to be available in China at costs consistent with historical levels. Any future increase in labor cost in China is likely to be higher than historical and projected amounts and may occur multiple times in any given year. As a result of experiencing such rapid social, political and economic change, China is also likely to enact new, and/or revise its existing, labor laws and regulations on employee compensation and benefits. These changes in Chinese labor laws and regulations will likely to have an adverse effect on product manufacturing costs in China. Furthermore, if China laborers go on strike to demand higher wages, our operations could be disrupted. Many of our suppliers are currently dealing with labor shortages in China, which may result in future supply delays and disruptions and may drive a substantial increase in their labor costs that is likely to be shared by us in the form of price increases to us. New or revised government labor laws or regulations, strikes or labor shortages could cause our product costs to rise and/or could cause manufacturing partners on whom we rely to exit the business. These events could have an adverse impact on our product availability and quality, which would affect our business, results of operations and financial conditions.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

We may from time to time seek to repurchase our outstanding Notes in the open market, in privately negotiated transactions or otherwise. Such repurchases, if any, will depend on prevailing market conditions, our liquidity requirements, contractual restrictions and other factors. The amounts involved may be material.

The following table provides information regarding the repurchase of our Notes during the second quarter of 2010:

ISSUER PURCHASES OF EQUITY SECURITIES

<u>Period</u>	<u>(a) Total Principal Amount of Notes Purchased</u>	<u>(b) Average Price Paid per \$1,000 Par Value Note</u>
June 1, 2010 to June 30, 2010	\$ 785,000	\$ 998.75
Total	\$ 785,000	\$ 998.75

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

There are no matters to be reported under this heading.

Item 4. (Removed and Reserved)

Item 5. Other Information

There are no matters to be reported under this heading.

[Table of Contents](#)

Item 6. Exhibits

<u>Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Form</u>	<u>Date of First Filing</u>	<u>Exhibit Number</u>	<u>Attached Herewith</u>
3.1	Certificate of Incorporation, as amended	S-3	September 8, 2005	3.1	
3.2	Amended By-laws of the Company dated July 19, 2007	8-K	July 23, 2007	3.1	
4.1	Form of Certificate for Common Stock, par value \$0.66 2/3 per share	S-3	August 25, 2005	4.1	
4.2	Form of 2.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2026	S-3	October 4, 2006	4.1	
4.3	Form of Indenture for the 2.25% Convertible Senior Notes due 2026	S-3	October 4, 2006	4.3	
10.1	First Amendment to Credit Agreement, dated July 16, 2010, among the Company, Diodes Zetex Limited and Bank of America, N.A.	10-Q		10.1	X
10.2*	Credit Agreement, dated November 25, 2009, by and among Diodes Incorporated, Diodes Zetex Limited and Bank of America, N.A.	10-Q	December 2, 2009	10.1	X
31.1	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
31.2	Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14(a) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, adopted pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
32.1**	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
32.2**	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.				X
101.INS***	XBRL Instance Document				
101.SCH***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema				
101.CAL***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase				
101.LAB***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase				
101.PRE***	XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase				

* *This exhibit supersedes the exhibit 10.1 to the Form 8-K that was filed on December 2, 2009.*

[Table of Contents](#)

** *A certification furnished pursuant to Item 601 of the Regulation S-K will not be deemed “filed” for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “Exchange Act”), or otherwise subject to the liability of that section. Such certification will not be deemed to be incorporated by reference into any filing under the Securities Act of 1933, as amended, or the Exchange Act, except to the extent that the registrant specifically incorporates it by reference.*

*** *Pursuant to Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, these interactive data files are deemed not filed or part of a registration statement or prospectus for purposes of Sections 11 or 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 or Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and otherwise are not subject to liability.*

PLEASE NOTE: It is inappropriate for investors to assume the accuracy of any covenants, representations or warranties that may be contained in agreements or other documents filed as exhibits to this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q. In certain instances the disclosure schedules to such agreements or documents contain information that modifies, qualifies and creates exceptions to the representations, warranties and covenants. Moreover, some of the representations and warranties may not be complete or accurate as of a particular date because they are subject to a contractual standard of materiality that is different from those generally applicable to stockholders and/or were used for the purpose of allocating risk among the parties rather than establishing certain matters as facts. Accordingly, you should not rely on the representations and warranties as characterizations of the actual state of facts at the time they were made or otherwise.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

DIODES INCORPORATED (Registrant)

By: /s/ Richard D. White

RICHARD D. WHITE

Chief Financial Officer, Treasurer and Secretary

(Duly Authorized Officer and Principal Financial and
Chief Accounting Officer)

August 6, 2010

FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

THIS FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT is made as of July 16, 2010 (the "*First Amendment to Credit Agreement*," or this "*Amendment*"), among Diodes Incorporated, a Delaware corporation, and Diodes Zetex Limited, a United Kingdom corporation (collectively, "*Borrowers*"), and Bank of America, N.A. ("*Lender*").

RECITALS

A. Borrowers and Lender are parties to that certain Credit Agreement dated as of November 25, 2009, as modified pursuant to the terms of that certain letter dated as of March 31, 2010 from Administrative Agent to Borrowers (the "*Original Credit Agreement*").

B. The parties desire to amend the Original Credit Agreement as hereinafter provided.

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of these premises and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties hereto agree as follows:

1. **Same Terms.** All terms used herein which are defined in the original credit agreement shall have the same meanings when used herein, unless the context hereof otherwise requires or provides. In addition, all references in the loan documents to the "agreement" shall mean the original credit agreement, as amended by this first amendment to credit agreement, as the same shall hereafter be amended from time to time. In addition, the following term has the meaning set forth below:

"*Effective Date*" means July 16, 2010.

2. **Amendments to Original Credit Agreement.** On the effective date, the original credit agreement shall be amended as follows:

(a) The definition of "Loan Parties" shall be amended and restated as follows:

"Loan Parties" means, collectively, each Borrower, each Subsidiary Guarantor and Diodes Zetex Semiconductors Limited, a United Kingdom corporation."

(b) The definition of "Obligations" shall be amended and restated as follows:

"Obligations" means all advances to, and debts, liabilities, obligations, covenants and duties of, any Loan Party arising under any Loan Document with respect to any Loan or Letter of Credit, any Swap Contract or otherwise (including any currency exchange exposure, any VAT (Value Added Tax), excise or duty deferment bonds or guarantees or similar obligations or any obligation to pay any Cash Management Bank under any Cash Management Agreement), whether direct or indirect (including those acquired by assumption), absolute or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising and including interest and fees that accrue after the commencement by or against any Loan Party or any Affiliate thereof of any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Laws naming such Person as the debtor in such proceeding, regardless of whether such interest and fees are allowed claims in such proceeding."

3. **Certain Representations.** Each borrower represents and warrants that, as of the effective date: (a) each loan party has full power and authority to execute this amendment and this amendment executed by each loan party constitutes the legal, valid and binding obligation of such loan party enforceable in accordance with its terms, except as enforceability may be limited by general principles of equity and applicable bankruptcy, insolvency, reorganization, moratorium, and other similar laws affecting the enforcement of creditors' rights generally; and (b) no authorization, approval, consent or other action by, notice to, or filing with, any governmental authority or other person is required for the execution, delivery and performance by each loan party thereof except for (i) the approvals, consents, and authorizations which have been duly obtained, taken, given, or made and are in full force and effect and (ii) those approvals, consents, exemptions, authorizations or other actions, notices or filings, the failure of which to obtain or make could not reasonably be expected to have a material adverse effect. In addition, each borrower represents that all representations and warranties contained in the original credit agreement are true and correct in all material respects on and as of the effective date except to the extent that such representations and warranties specifically refer to an earlier date, in which case they shall be true and correct as of such earlier date.

4. **Limitation On Agreements.** The modifications set forth herein are limited precisely as written and shall not be deemed (a) to be a consent under or a waiver of or an amendment to any other term or condition in the original credit agreement or any of the loan documents, or (b) to prejudice any right or rights which lender now has or may have in the future under or in connection with the original credit agreement and the loan documents, each as amended hereby, or any of the other documents referred to herein or therein. This amendment shall constitute a loan document for all purposes.

5. **Counterparts.** This amendment may be executed in any number of counterparts, each of which when executed and delivered shall be deemed an original, but all of which constitute one instrument. In making proof of this amendment, it shall not be necessary to produce or account for more than one counterpart thereof signed by each of the parties hereto.

6. **Incorporation Of Certain Provisions By Reference.** The provisions of section 9.13 of the original credit agreement captioned "governing law; jurisdiction, etc.," and the provisions of section 9.14 of the original credit agreement captioned "dispute resolution provision" are incorporated herein by reference for all purposes.

7. **Entirety, Etc.** This instrument and all of the other loan documents embody the entire agreement between the parties. THIS AMENDMENT AND ALL OF THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT BETWEEN THE PARTIES AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS OR SUBSEQUENT ORAL AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS BETWEEN THE PARTIES.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Blank; Signatures Begin on Next Page]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have executed this Amendment to be effective as of the Effective Date.

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,
as Lender

By: _____
Charles Dale
Senior Vice President

FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

BORROWERS:

DIODES INCORPORATED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

DIODES ZETEX LIMITED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

The terms of this Amendment are acknowledged and agreed to by the following Subsidiary Guarantors.

SUBSIDIARY GUARANTORS:

DIODES FABTECH INC.

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

DIODES INVESTMENT COMPANY

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

FIRST AMENDMENT TO CREDIT AGREEMENT

CREDIT AGREEMENT

Dated as of November 25, 2009

among

DIODES INCORPORATED,

and

DIODES ZETEX LIMITED

as Borrowers,

and

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.,

as Lender

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Section	Page
ARTICLE I. DEFINITIONS AND ACCOUNTING TERMS	1
1.01 Defined Terms	1
1.02 Other Interpretive Provisions	15
1.03 Accounting Terms	16
1.04 Rounding	16
1.05 Exchange Rates; Currency Equivalents	16
1.06 Change of Currency	17
1.07 Times of Day	17
1.08 Letter of Credit Amounts	17
ARTICLE II. THE COMMITMENTS AND CREDIT EXTENSIONS	17
2.01 Committed Loans	17
2.02 Borrowings and Conversions of Committed Loans	18
2.03 Letters of Credit	18
2.04 Uncommitted Loans	23
2.05 Prepayments	24
2.06 Termination or Reduction of Commitment	24
2.07 Repayment of Loans	24
2.08 Interest	24
2.09 Direct Debit	25
2.10 Computation of Interest and Fees	25
2.11 Evidence of Debt	25
2.12 Payments Generally	25
ARTICLE III. TAXES, YIELD PROTECTION AND ILLEGALITY	26
3.01 Taxes	26
3.02 Illegality	27
3.03 Inability to Determine Rates	27
3.04 Increased Costs; Reserves on Eurocurrency Rate Loans	28
3.05 Compensation for Losses	29
3.06 Survival	30
ARTICLE IV. CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CREDIT EXTENSIONS	30
4.01 Conditions of Initial Credit Extension	30
4.02 Conditions to all Credit Extensions	31
ARTICLE V. REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES	32
5.01 Existence, Qualification and Power	32
5.02 Authorization; No Contravention	32
5.03 Governmental Authorization; Other Consents	32
5.04 Binding Effect	32
5.05 Financial Statements; No Material Adverse Effect	32
5.06 Litigation	33
5.07 No Default	33
5.08 Ownership of Property; Liens	33
5.09 Environmental Compliance	33
5.10 Insurance	33

Section	Page
5.11 Taxes	33
5.12 ERISA Compliance	33
5.13 Subsidiaries; Equity Interests	34
5.14 Margin Regulations; Investment Company Act	34
5.15 Disclosure	34
5.16 Compliance with Laws	34
5.17 Representations as to Foreign Obligors	35
 ARTICLE VI. AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS	 36
6.01 Financial Statements	36
6.02 Certificates; Other Information	36
6.03 Notices	37
6.04 Payment of Obligations	37
6.05 Preservation of Existence, Etc	37
6.06 Maintenance of Properties	38
6.07 Maintenance of Insurance	38
6.08 Compliance with Laws	38
6.09 Books and Records	38
6.10 Inspection Rights	38
6.11 Use of Proceeds	38
6.12 Approvals and Authorizations	38
6.13 Additional Subsidiary Guarantors; Equity Interests	38
6.14 Lender as Principal Depository; Treasury Management	39
 ARTICLE VII. NEGATIVE COVENANTS	 39
7.01 Liens	39
7.02 Investments	40
7.03 Indebtedness	40
7.04 Fundamental Changes	41
7.05 Dispositions	41
7.06 Restricted Payments	42
7.07 Change in Nature of Business	42
7.08 Transactions with Affiliates	42
7.09 Burdensome Agreements	43
7.10 Use of Proceeds	43
7.11 Financial Covenants	43
 ARTICLE VIII. EVENTS OF DEFAULT AND REMEDIES	 43
8.01 Events of Default	43
8.02 Remedies Upon Event of Default	45
8.03 Application of Funds	45
 ARTICLE IX. MISCELLANEOUS	 46
9.01 Amendments, Etc	46
9.02 Notices; Effectiveness; Electronic Communication	46
9.03 No Waiver; Cumulative Remedies; Enforcement	46
9.04 Expenses; Indemnity; Damage Waiver	47
9.05 Payments Set Aside	48
9.06 Successors and Assigns	48
9.07 Treatment of Certain Information; Confidentiality	50
9.08 Right of Setoff	50

Section	Page
9.09 Interest Rate Limitation	51
9.10 Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness	51
9.11 Survival of Representations and Warranties	51
9.12 Severability	51
9.13 Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Etc.	51
9.14 Dispute Resolution Provision	52
9.15 USA PATRIOT Act	54
9.16 Judgment Currency	54
9.17 ENTIRE AGREEMENT	54
SIGNATURES	S-1

SCHEDULES

- 5.06 Litigation
- 5.13 Subsidiaries
- 7.01 Existing Liens
- 7.03 Existing Indebtedness
- 9.02 Lender's Office; Certain Addresses for Notices

EXHIBITS

Form of

- A Loan Notice
- B Committed Note
- C Uncommitted Note
- D Compliance Certificate

CREDIT AGREEMENT

This CREDIT AGREEMENT ("Agreement") is entered into as of November 25, 2009, among Diodes Incorporated, a Delaware corporation ("Company"), Diodes Zetex Limited, a United Kingdom corporation (together with Company, the "Borrowers" and, each a "Borrower"), and BANK OF AMERICA, N.A., ("Lender").

Company has requested that Lender provide a revolving credit facility, and Lender is willing to do so on the terms and conditions set forth herein.

In consideration of the mutual covenants and agreements herein contained, the parties hereto covenant and agree as follows:

ARTICLE I. DEFINITIONS AND ACCOUNTING TERMS

1.01 Defined Terms. As used in this Agreement, the following terms shall have the meanings set forth below:

"Affiliate" means, with respect to any Person, another Person that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, Controls or is Controlled by or is under common Control with the Person specified.

"Agreement" means this Credit Agreement.

"Alternative Currency" means each of Euro and Sterling.

"Alternative Currency Equivalent" means, at any time, with respect to any amount denominated in Dollars, the equivalent amount thereof in the applicable Alternative Currency as determined by Lender, at such time on the basis of the Spot Rate (determined in respect of the most recent Revaluation Date) for the purchase of such Alternative Currency with Dollars.

"Alternative Currency Sublimit" means an amount equal to \$10,000,000. The Alternative Currency Sublimit is part of, and not in addition to, the Commitment.

"Applicable Time" means, with respect to any borrowings and payments in any Alternative Currency, the local time in the place of settlement for such Alternative Currency as may be determined by Lender, to be necessary for timely settlement on the relevant date in accordance with normal banking procedures in the place of payment.

"Attributable Indebtedness" means, on any date, (a) in respect of any capital lease of any Person, the capitalized amount thereof that would appear on a balance sheet of such Person prepared as of such date in accordance with GAAP, and (b) in respect of any Synthetic Lease Obligation, the capitalized amount of the remaining lease payments under the relevant lease that would appear on a balance sheet of such Person prepared as of such date in accordance with GAAP if such lease were accounted for as a capital lease.

"Audited Financial Statements" means the audited consolidated balance sheet of Company and its Subsidiaries for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2008, and the related consolidated statements of income or operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows for such fiscal year of Company and its Subsidiaries, including the notes thereto.

“Availability Period” means the period from and including the Closing Date to the earliest of (a) the Maturity Date and (b) the date of termination of the Commitment.

“Base Rate” means for any day a fluctuating rate per annum equal to the higher of (a) the Federal Funds Rate plus 1/2 of 1% and (b) the rate of interest in effect for such day as publicly announced from time to time by Lender as its “prime rate.” The “prime rate” is a rate set by Lender based upon various factors including Lender’s costs and desired return, general economic conditions and other factors, and is used as a reference point for pricing some loans, which may be priced at, above, or below such announced rate. Any change in such rate announced by Lender shall take effect at the opening of business on the day specified in the public announcement of such change.

“Base Rate Committed Loan” means a Committed Loan that is a Base Rate Loan.

“Base Rate Loan” means a Loan that bears interest based on the Base Rate. All Base Rate Loans shall be denominated in Dollars.

“Borrower” and “Borrowers” each has the meaning specified in the introductory paragraph hereto.

“Borrowing” means a Committed Borrowing or Uncommitted Borrowing, as the context may require.

“Borrowing Base Certificate” means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit D.

“Business Day” means any day other than a Saturday, Sunday or other day on which commercial banks are authorized to close under the Laws of, or are in fact closed in, the state where the Lending Office with respect to Obligations denominated in Dollars is located and:

(a) if such day relates to any interest rate settings as to a Eurocurrency Rate Loan denominated in Dollars, any fundings, disbursements, settlements and payments in Dollars in respect of any such Eurocurrency Rate Loan, or any other dealings in Dollars to be carried out pursuant to this Agreement in respect of any such Eurocurrency Rate Loan, means any such day on which dealings in deposits in Dollars are conducted by and between banks in the London interbank eurodollar market;

(b) if such day relates to any interest rate settings as to a Eurocurrency Rate Loan denominated in Euro, any fundings, disbursements, settlements and payments in Euro in respect of any such Eurocurrency Rate Loan, or any other dealings in Euro to be carried out pursuant to this Agreement in respect of any such Eurocurrency Rate Loan, means a TARGET Day;

(c) if such day relates to any interest rate settings as to a Eurocurrency Rate Loan denominated in a currency other than Dollars or Euro, means any such day on which dealings in deposits in the relevant currency are conducted by and between banks in the London or other applicable offshore interbank market for such currency; and

(d) if such day relates to any fundings, disbursements, settlements and payments in a currency other than Dollars or Euro in respect of a Eurocurrency Rate Loan denominated in a currency other than Dollars or Euro, or any other dealings in any currency other than Dollars or Euro to be carried out pursuant to this Agreement in respect of any such Eurocurrency Rate Loan (other than any interest rate settings), means any such day on which banks are open for foreign exchange business in the principal financial center of the country of such currency.

“Cash Collateralize” has the meaning specified in Section 2.03(f).

“Cash Flow” means, for any period, with respect to any Person, (a) net income, (b) less income or plus loss from discontinued operations and extraordinary items, (c) plus depreciation, amortization and other non-cash charges, (d) plus interest expense on the Obligations, (e) plus lease or rent expense, (f) plus noncash portion of share-based compensation (g) minus any gain from extinguishing Indebtedness and (h) minus dividends, withdrawals, and other distributions.

“Cash Management Agreement” means any agreement to provide cash management services, including treasury, depository, overdraft, credit, debit or purchasing card, electronic funds transfer, electronic payables and other cash management arrangements.

“Cash Management Bank” means Lender or an Affiliate of Lender (including FIA Card Services, N.A.) that has entered into a Cash Management Agreement with a Loan Party, in its capacity as a party to such Cash Management Agreement.

“Change in Law” means the occurrence, after the date of this Agreement, of any of the following: (a) the adoption or taking effect of any law, rule, regulation or treaty, (b) any change in any law, rule, regulation or treaty or in the administration, interpretation or application thereof by any Governmental Authority or (c) the making or issuance of any request, guideline or directive (whether or not having the force of law) by any Governmental Authority.

“Change of Control” means an event or series of events by which:

(a) any “person” or “group” (as such terms are used in Sections 13(d) and 14(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, but excluding any employee benefit plan of such person or its subsidiaries, and any person or entity acting in its capacity as trustee, agent or other fiduciary or administrator of any such plan) becomes the “beneficial owner” (as defined in Rules 13d-3 and 13d-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except that a person or group shall be deemed to have “beneficial ownership” of all securities that such person or group has the right to acquire, whether such right is exercisable immediately or only after the passage of time (such right, an “option right”), directly or indirectly, of 25% or more of the equity securities of Company entitled to vote for members of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of Company on a fully-diluted basis (and taking into account all such securities that such person or group has the right to acquire pursuant to any option right);

(b) during any period of 12 consecutive months, a majority of the members of the board of directors or other equivalent governing body of Company cease to be composed of individuals (i) who were members of that board or equivalent governing body on the first day of such period, (ii) whose election or nomination to that board or equivalent governing body was approved by individuals referred to in clause (i) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of that board or equivalent governing body or (iii) whose election or nomination to that board or other equivalent governing body was approved by individuals referred to in clauses (i) and (ii) above constituting at the time of such election or nomination at least a majority of that board or equivalent governing body (excluding, in the case of both clause (ii) and clause (iii), any individual whose initial nomination for, or assumption of office as, a member of that board or equivalent governing body occurs as a result of an actual or threatened solicitation of proxies or consents for the election or removal of one or more directors by any person or group other than a solicitation for the election of one or more directors by or on behalf of the board of directors); or

(c) any Person or two or more Persons acting in concert shall have acquired by contract or otherwise, or shall have entered into a contract or arrangement that, upon consummation thereof, will result in its or their acquisition of the power to exercise, directly or indirectly, a controlling influence over the management or policies of Company, or control over the equity securities of Company entitled to vote for members of the board of directors or equivalent governing body of Company on a fully-diluted basis (and taking into account all such securities that such Person or group has the right to acquire pursuant to any option right) representing 25% or more of the combined voting power of such securities.

“Closing Date” means the first date all the conditions precedent in Section 4.01 are satisfied or waived by Lender.

“Code” means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended and in effect from time to time, or any successor thereto, together with rules, regulations and authoritative interpretations promulgated thereunder.

“Commitment” means the obligation of the Lender to make Committed Loans and L/C Credit Extensions hereunder in an aggregate principal amount at any one time not to exceed \$10,000,000, as such amount may be adjusted from time to time in accordance with this Agreement.

“Committed Borrowing” means a borrowing consisting of Committed Loans of the same Type and in the same currency.

“Committed Loan” has the meaning specified in Section 2.01.

“Committed Note” means a promissory note made by Borrowers in favor of Lender evidencing Loans made by Lender to Borrowers, substantially in the form of Exhibit B.

“Company” has the meaning specified in the introductory paragraph hereto.

“Compliance Certificate” means a certificate substantially in the form of Exhibit D.

“Contractual Obligation” means, as to any Person, any provision of any security issued by such Person or of any agreement, instrument or other undertaking to which such Person is a party or by which it or any of its property is bound.

“Control” means the possession, directly or indirectly, of the power to direct or cause the direction of the management or policies of a Person, whether through the ability to exercise voting power, by contract or otherwise. “Controlling” and “Controlled” have meanings correlative thereto.

“Credit Extension” means each of the following: (a) a Borrowing and (b) an L/C Credit Extension.

“Current Liabilities” means current liabilities in accordance with GAAP, excluding the No Net Cost Loan. Provided, however, that the No Net Cost Loan shall be included in Current Liabilities beginning with the quarter ending September 30, 2010, unless Company has exercised its put option with respect thereto prior to such date.

“Debtor Relief Laws” means the Bankruptcy Code of the United States, and all other liquidation, conservatorship, bankruptcy, assignment for the benefit of creditors, moratorium, rearrangement,

receivership, insolvency, reorganization, or similar debtor relief Laws of the United States or other applicable jurisdictions from time to time in effect and affecting the rights of creditors generally.

“Default” means any event or condition that constitutes an Event of Default or that, with the giving of any notice, the passage of time, or both, would be an Event of Default.

“Default Rate” means (a) when used with respect to Obligations other than Letter of Credit Fees, an interest rate equal to (i) the Base Rate plus (ii) 4% per annum; provided, however, that with respect to a Eurocurrency Rate Loan, the Default Rate shall be an interest rate equal to the interest rate otherwise applicable to such Loan plus 4% per annum, and (b) when used with respect to Letter of Credit Fees, a rate equal to 4% per annum.

“Disposition” or “Dispose” means the sale, transfer, license, lease or other disposition (including any sale and leaseback transaction) of any property by any Person, including any sale, assignment, transfer or other disposal, with or without recourse, of any notes or accounts receivable or any rights and claims associated therewith.

“Dollar” and “\$” mean lawful money of the United States.

“Dollar Equivalent” means, at any time, (a) with respect to any amount denominated in Dollars, such amount, and (b) with respect to any amount denominated in any Alternative Currency, the equivalent amount thereof in Dollars as determined by Lender at such time on the basis of the Spot Rate (determined in respect of the most recent Revaluation Date) for the purchase of Dollars with such Alternative Currency.

“Domestic Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary that is organized under the laws of any political subdivision of the United States.

“Eligible Assignee” has the meaning specified in Section 9.06.

“EMU” means the economic and monetary union in accordance with the Treaty of Rome 1957, as amended by the Single European Act 1986, the Maastricht Treaty of 1992 and the Amsterdam Treaty of 1998.

“EMU Legislation” means the legislative measures of the European Council for the introduction of, changeover to or operation of a single or unified European currency.

“Environmental Laws” means any and all Federal, state, local, and foreign statutes, laws, regulations, ordinances, rules, judgments, orders, decrees, permits, concessions, grants, franchises, licenses, agreements or governmental restrictions relating to pollution and the protection of the environment or the release of any materials into the environment, including those related to hazardous substances or wastes, air emissions and discharges to waste or public systems.

“Environmental Liability” means any liability, contingent or otherwise (including any liability for damages, costs of environmental remediation, fines, penalties or indemnities), of Company, any other Loan Party or any of their respective Subsidiaries directly or indirectly resulting from or based upon (a) violation of any Environmental Law, (b) the generation, use, handling, transportation, storage, treatment or disposal of any Hazardous Materials, (c) exposure to any Hazardous Materials, (d) the release or threatened release of any Hazardous Materials into the environment or (e) any contract, agreement or other consensual arrangement pursuant to which liability is assumed or imposed with respect to any of the foregoing.

“Equity Interests” means, with respect to any Person, all of the shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) such Person, all of the warrants, options or other rights for the purchase or acquisition from such Person of shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) such Person, all of the securities convertible into or exchangeable for shares of capital stock of (or other ownership or profit interests in) such Person or warrants, rights or options for the purchase or acquisition from such Person of such shares (or such other interests), and all of the other ownership or profit interests in such Person (including partnership, member or trust interests therein), whether voting or nonvoting, and whether or not such shares, warrants, options, rights or other interests are outstanding on any date of determination.

“ERISA” means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended and in effect from time to time, or any successor thereto, together with rules, regulations and authoritative interpretations promulgated thereunder.

“ERISA Affiliate” means any trade or business (whether or not incorporated) under common control with Company within the meaning of Section 414(b) or (c) of the Code (and Sections 414(m) and (o) of the Code for purposes of provisions relating to Section 412 of the Code).

“ERISA Event” means (a) a Reportable Event with respect to a Pension Plan; (b) a withdrawal by Company or any ERISA Affiliate from a Pension Plan subject to Section 4063 of ERISA during a plan year in which it was a substantial employer (as defined in Section 4001(a)(2) of ERISA) or a cessation of operations that is treated as such a withdrawal under Section 4062(e) of ERISA; (c) a complete or partial withdrawal by Company or any ERISA Affiliate from a Multiemployer Plan or notification that a Multiemployer Plan is in reorganization; (d) the filing of a notice of intent to terminate, the treatment of a Plan amendment as a termination under Section 4041 or 4041A of ERISA, or the commencement of proceedings by the PBGC to terminate a Pension Plan or Multiemployer Plan; (e) an event or condition which constitutes grounds under Section 4042 of ERISA for the termination of, or the appointment of a trustee to administer, any Pension Plan or Multiemployer Plan; or (f) the imposition of any liability under Title IV of ERISA, other than for PBGC premiums due but not delinquent under Section 4007 of ERISA, upon Company or any ERISA Affiliate.

“Euro” and “EUR” mean the lawful currency of the Participating Member States introduced in accordance with the EMU Legislation.

“Eurocurrency Rate” means, with respect to a Eurocurrency Rate Loan, the rate per annum equal to the British Bankers Association LIBOR Rate (“BBA LIBOR”), as published by Reuters (or other commercially available source providing quotations of BBA LIBOR as designated by Lender from time to time), as determined for each banking day at approximately 11:00 a.m., London time, two Business Days prior to the date in question, for deposits in the relevant currency (for delivery on the first day of such interest period) with a one (1) month term. If such rate is not available at such time for any reason, then the “Eurocurrency Rate” shall be the rate per annum reasonably determined Lender.

“Eurocurrency Rate Loan” means a Loan that bears interest at a rate based on the Eurocurrency Rate. Eurocurrency Rate Loans may be denominated in Dollars or in an Alternative Currency. All Loans denominated in an Alternative Currency must be Eurocurrency Rate Loans.

“Event of Default” has the meaning specified in Section 8.01.

“Excluded Subsidiaries” means, collectively, Diodes Westward Technology Limited, Diodes Telemetrix Securities Limited, Diodes Telemetrix Investments Limited, Telemetrix Share Scheme Trustees Limited, Diodes Knaves Beech Securities Limited, Diodes Torus Network Providers Limited,

Diodes Seal Semiconductors Limited, Diodes First Analog Solutions Limited, Diodes United Kingdom Limited, Diodes Germany GmbH, Diodes Holdings UK Limited and Diodes Zetex Investment Limited.

“Excluded Taxes” means, with respect to Lender (a) taxes imposed on or measured by its overall net income (however denominated), gross receipts taxes imposed on it, and franchise taxes imposed on it (in lieu of net income taxes), by the jurisdiction (or any political subdivision thereof) under the Laws of which such recipient is organized or in which its principal office is located or in which the Lending Office is located, (b) any branch profits taxes imposed by the United States or any similar tax imposed by any other jurisdiction in which such Borrower is located or (c) any backup withholding tax that is required by the Code to be withheld from amounts payable to Lender.

“Federal Funds Rate” means, for any day, the rate per annum equal to the weighted average of the rates on overnight Federal funds transactions with members of the Federal Reserve System arranged by Federal funds brokers on such day, as published by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York on the Business Day next succeeding such day; provided that (a) if such day is not a Business Day, the Federal Funds Rate for such day shall be such rate on such transactions on the next preceding Business Day as so published on the next succeeding Business Day, and (b) if no such rate is so published on such next succeeding Business Day, the Federal Funds Rate for such day shall be the average rate (rounded upward, if necessary, to a whole multiple of 1/100 of 1%) charged to Lender on such day on such transactions as determined by Lender.

“Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio” means the ratio of (x) Cash Flow to (y) Fixed Charges. This ratio will be calculated as of the end of each fiscal quarter of Borrower, using the results of the twelve-month period ending on the last day of such fiscal quarter.

“Fixed Charges” means, with respect to any Person, the sum of (a) the current portion of long term Indebtedness, (b) the current portion of capitalized lease obligations (excluding any current portion of the No Net Cost Loan), (c) interest expense on the Obligations and (d) lease expense.

“Foreign Obligor” means a Loan Party that is a Foreign Subsidiary.

“Foreign Subsidiary” means any Subsidiary that is organized under the laws of a jurisdiction other than the United States, a State thereof or the District of Columbia.

“FRB” means the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System of the United States.

“Fund” has the meaning specified in Section 9.07.

“GAAP” means generally accepted accounting principles in the United States set forth in the opinions and pronouncements of the Accounting Principles Board and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and statements and pronouncements of the Financial Accounting Standards Board or such other principles as may be approved by a significant segment of the accounting profession in the United States, that are applicable to the circumstances as of the date of determination, consistently applied.

“Governmental Authority” means the government of the United States or any other nation, or of any political subdivision thereof, whether state or local, and any agency, authority, instrumentality, regulatory body, court, central bank or other entity exercising executive, legislative, judicial, taxing, regulatory or administrative powers or functions of or pertaining to government (including any supra-national bodies such as the European Union or the European Central Bank).

“Guarantee” means, as to any Person, any (a) any obligation, contingent or otherwise, of such Person guaranteeing or having the economic effect of guaranteeing any Indebtedness or other obligation payable or performable by another Person (the “primary obligor”) in any manner, whether directly or indirectly, and including any obligation of such Person, direct or indirect, (i) to purchase or pay (or advance or supply funds for the purchase or payment of) such Indebtedness or other obligation, (ii) to purchase or lease property, securities or services for the purpose of assuring the obligee in respect of such Indebtedness or other obligation of the payment or performance of such Indebtedness or other obligation, (iii) to maintain working capital, equity capital or any other financial statement condition or liquidity or level of income or cash flow of the primary obligor so as to enable the primary obligor to pay such Indebtedness or other obligation, or (iv) entered into for the purpose of assuring in any other manner the obligee in respect of such Indebtedness or other obligation of the payment or performance thereof or to protect such obligee against loss in respect thereof (in whole or in part), or (b) any Lien on any assets of such Person securing any Indebtedness or other obligation of any other Person, whether or not such Indebtedness or other obligation is assumed by such Person (or any right, contingent or otherwise, of any holder of such Indebtedness to obtain any such Lien). The amount of any Guarantee shall be deemed to be an amount equal to the stated or determinable amount of the related primary obligation, or portion thereof, or if less any limitation or cap on the amount of the Guarantee, in respect of which such Guarantee is made or, if not stated or determinable, the reasonably anticipated liability in respect thereof as determined by the guaranteeing Person in good faith. The term “Guarantee” as a verb has a corresponding meaning.

“Hazardous Materials” means all explosive or radioactive substances or wastes and all hazardous or toxic substances, wastes or other pollutants, including petroleum or petroleum distillates, asbestos or asbestos-containing materials, polychlorinated biphenyls, radon gas, infectious or medical wastes and all other substances or wastes of any nature regulated pursuant to any Environmental Law.

“Indebtedness” means, as to any Person at a particular time, without duplication, all of the following, whether or not included as indebtedness or liabilities in accordance with GAAP:

- (a) all obligations of such Person for borrowed money and all obligations of such Person evidenced by bonds, debentures, notes, loan agreements or other similar instruments;
- (b) all direct or contingent obligations of such Person arising under letters of credit (including standby and commercial), bankers’ acceptances, bank guaranties, surety bonds and similar instruments;
- (c) net obligations of such Person under any Swap Contract;
- (d) all obligations of such Person to pay the deferred purchase price of property or services (other than trade accounts payable in the ordinary course of business);
- (e) indebtedness (excluding prepaid interest thereon) secured by a Lien on property owned or being purchased by such Person (including indebtedness arising under conditional sales or other title retention agreements), whether or not such indebtedness shall have been assumed by such Person or is limited in recourse; provided, that if such Person has not assumed or otherwise become liable for such indebtedness, the amount of such indebtedness deemed to be Indebtedness of such Person shall not exceed the fair market value of the property subject to such Lien at the time of determination;
- (f) capital leases and Synthetic Lease Obligations;

(g) all obligations of such Person to purchase, redeem, retire, defease or otherwise make any payment in respect of any Equity Interest in such Person or any other Person, valued, in the case of a redeemable preferred interest, at the greater of its voluntary or involuntary liquidation preference plus accrued and unpaid dividends; and

(h) all Guarantees of such Person in respect of any of the foregoing.

For all purposes hereof, the Indebtedness of any Person shall include the Indebtedness of any partnership or joint venture (other than a joint venture that is itself a corporation or limited liability company) in which such Person is a general partner or a joint venturer, unless such Indebtedness is expressly made non-recourse to such Person. The amount of any net obligation under any Swap Contract on any date shall be deemed to be the Swap Termination Value thereof as of such date. The amount of any capital lease or Synthetic Lease Obligation as of any date shall be deemed to be the amount of Attributable Indebtedness in respect thereof as of such date.

“Indemnified Taxes” means Taxes other than Excluded Taxes.

“Indemnitees” has the meaning specified in Section 9.04(b).

“Information” has the meaning specified in Section 9.07.

“Interest Payment Date” means, the last Business Day of each calendar month and the Maturity Date.

“Investment” means, as to any Person, any direct or indirect acquisition or investment by such Person, whether by means of (a) the purchase or other acquisition of capital stock or other securities of another Person, (b) a loan, advance or capital contribution to, Guarantee or assumption of debt of, or purchase or other acquisition of any other debt or equity participation or interest in, another Person, including any partnership or joint venture interest in such other Person and any arrangement pursuant to which the investor Guarantees Indebtedness of such other Person, or (c) the purchase or other acquisition (in one transaction or a series of transactions) of assets of another Person that constitute a business unit. For purposes of covenant compliance, the amount of any Investment shall be the amount actually invested, without adjustment for subsequent increases or decreases in the value of such Investment.

“IRS” means the United States Internal Revenue Service.

“ISP” means, with respect to any Letter of Credit, the “International Standby Practices 1998” published by the Institute of International Banking Law & Practice, Inc. (or such later version thereof as may be in effect at the time of issuance).

“Issuer Documents” means with respect to any Letter of Credit, the Letter of Credit Application, and any other document, agreement and instrument entered into by Lender and Company (or any Subsidiary) or in favor of Lender and relating to such Letter of Credit.

“Landlord Subordination Agreements” means the Subordination, Attornment and Non-Disturbance Agreement dated as of March 7, 2006 by and between IXIS Real Estate Capital Inc. and Diodes FabTech, Inc.

“Laws” means, collectively, all international, foreign, Federal, state and local statutes, treaties, rules, guidelines, regulations, ordinances, codes and administrative or judicial precedents or authorities, including the interpretation or administration thereof by any Governmental Authority charged with the

enforcement, interpretation or administration thereof, and all applicable administrative orders, directed duties, requests, licenses, authorizations and permits of, and agreements with, any Governmental Authority, in each case whether or not having the force of law.

“L/C Borrowing” means, an extension of credit resulting from a drawing order any Letter of Credit which has not been reimbursed on the date when made or refinanced as a Committed Borrowing. All L/C Borrowings shall be denominated in Dollars.

“L/C Credit Extension” means, with respect to any Letter of Credit, the issuance thereof or extension of the expiry date thereof, or the increase of the amount thereof.

“L/C Obligations” means, as at any date of determination, the aggregate amount available to be drawn under all outstanding Letters of Credit plus the aggregate of all Unreimbursed Amounts. For purposes of computing the amount available to be drawn under any Letter of Credit, the amount of such Letter of Credit shall be determined in accordance with Section 1.08. For all purposes of this Agreement, if on any date of determination a Letter of Credit has expired by its terms but any amount may still be drawn thereunder by reason of the operation of Rule 3.14 of the ISP, such Letter of Credit shall be deemed to be “outstanding” in the amount so remaining available to be drawn.

“Lending Office” means the office or offices of Lender described as such on Schedule 9.02, or such other office or offices as Lender may from time to time notify Company.

“Letter of Credit” means any letter of credit issued hereunder. A Letter of Credit may be a commercial letter of credit or a standby letter of credit. Letters of Credit may be issued in Dollars or in an Alternative Currency.

“Letter of Credit Application” means an application and agreement for the issuance or amendment of a Letter of Credit in the form from time to time in use by Lender.

“Letter of Credit Expiration Date” means the day that is seven days prior to the Maturity Date then in effect (or, if such day is not a Business Day, the next preceding Business Day).

“Letter of Credit Fee” has the meaning specified in Section 2.03(i).

“Letter of Credit Sublimit” means an amount equal to \$1,500,000. The Letter of Credit Sublimit is part of, and not in addition to, the Commitment.

“Lien” means any mortgage, pledge, hypothecation, assignment, deposit arrangement, encumbrance, lien (statutory or other), charge, or preference, priority or other security interest or preferential arrangement in the nature of a security interest of any kind or nature whatsoever (including any conditional sale or other title retention agreement, any easement, right of way or other encumbrance on title to real property, and any financing lease having substantially the same economic effect as any of the foregoing).

“Loan” means an extension of credit by Lender to a Borrower under Article II in the form of a Committed Loan or an Uncommitted Loan.

“Loan Documents” means this Agreement, the Notes, each Issuer Document, the Fee Letter, the Security Documents and the Subsidiary Guaranty.

“Loan Notice” means a notice of (a) a Borrowing or (b) a conversion of Loans from one Type to the other, which, if in writing, shall be substantially in the form of Exhibit A.

“Loan Parties” means, collectively, each Borrower and each Subsidiary Guarantor.

“Material Adverse Effect” means (a) a material adverse change in, or a material adverse effect upon, the operations, business, properties, liabilities (actual or contingent), condition (financial or otherwise) or prospects of Company or Company and its Subsidiaries taken as a whole; (b) a material impairment of the ability of any Loan Party to perform its obligations under any Loan Document to which it is a party; or (c) a material adverse effect upon the legality, validity, binding effect or enforceability against any Loan Party of any Loan Document to which it is a party.

“Maturity Date” means November 24, 2010; provided, however, that if such date is not a Business Day, the Maturity Date shall be the next preceding Business Day.

“Multiemployer Plan” means any employee benefit plan of the type described in Section 4001(a)(3) of ERISA, to which Company or any ERISA Affiliate makes or is obligated to make contributions, or during the preceding five plan years, has made or been obligated to make contributions.

“No Net Cost Loan” means the UBS Bank USA loan to Company evidenced by that certain Credit Line Account Application and Agreement dated as of November 4, 2008, as amended, restated or supplemented from time to time which is secured by a portfolio of auction rate securities.

“Notes” means the Committed Note and Uncommitted Note.

“Obligations” means all advances to, and debts, liabilities, obligations, covenants and duties of, any Loan Party arising under any Loan Document, any Swap Contract or otherwise (including any currency exchange exposure or any obligation to pay any Cash Management Bank under any Cash Management Agreement) with respect to any Loan or Letter of Credit, whether direct or indirect (including those acquired by assumption), absolute or contingent, due or to become due, now existing or hereafter arising and including interest and fees that accrue after the commencement by or against any Loan Party or any Affiliate thereof of any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Laws naming such Person as the debtor in such proceeding, regardless of whether such interest and fees are allowed claims in such proceeding.

“Organization Documents” means, (a) with respect to any corporation, the certificate or articles of incorporation and the bylaws (or equivalent or comparable constitutive documents with respect to any non-U.S. jurisdiction); (b) with respect to any limited liability company, the certificate or articles of formation or organization and operating agreement; and (c) with respect to any partnership, joint venture, trust or other form of business entity, the partnership, joint venture or other applicable agreement of formation or organization and any agreement, instrument, filing or notice with respect thereto filed in connection with its formation or organization with the applicable Governmental Authority in the jurisdiction of its formation or organization and, if applicable, any certificate or articles of formation or organization of such entity.

“Other Taxes” means all present or future stamp or documentary taxes or any other excise or property taxes, charges or similar levies arising from any payment made hereunder or under any other Loan Document or from the execution, delivery or enforcement of, or otherwise with respect to, this Agreement or any other Loan Document.

“Outstanding Amount” means (i) with respect to Loans on any date, the Dollar Equivalent amount of the aggregate outstanding principal amount thereof after giving effect to any borrowings and prepayments or repayments of such Loans occurring on such date; and (ii) with respect to any L/C Obligations on any date, the Dollar Equivalent amount of the aggregate outstanding amount of such L/C Obligations on such date after giving effect to any L/C Credit Extension occurring on such date and any other changes in the aggregate amount of the L/C Obligations as of such date, including as a result of any reimbursements by Borrowers of Unreimbursed Amounts.

“Overnight Rate” means, for any day, (a) with respect to any amount denominated in Dollars, the greater of (i) the Federal Funds Rate and (ii) an overnight rate determined by Lender in accordance with banking industry rules on interbank compensation, and (b) with respect to any amount denominated in an Alternative Currency, the rate of interest per annum at which overnight deposits in the applicable Alternative Currency, in an amount approximately equal to the amount with respect to which such rate is being determined, would be offered for such day by a branch or Affiliate of Lender in the applicable offshore interbank market for such currency to major banks in such interbank market.

“Participant” has the meaning specified in Section 9.06(c).

“Participating Member State” means each state so described in any EMU Legislation.

“PBGC” means the Pension Benefit Guaranty Corporation.

“Pension Plan” means any “employee pension benefit plan” (as such term is defined in Section 3(2) of ERISA), other than a Multiemployer Plan, that is subject to Title IV of ERISA and is sponsored or maintained by Company or any ERISA Affiliate or to which Company or any ERISA Affiliate contributes or has an obligation to contribute, or in the case of a multiple employer or other plan described in Section 4064(a) of ERISA, has made contributions at any time during the immediately preceding five plan years.

“Person” means any natural person, corporation, limited liability company, trust, joint venture, association, company, partnership, Governmental Authority or other entity.

“Plan” means any “employee benefit plan” (as such term is defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA) established by Company or, with respect to any such plan that is subject to Section 412 of the Code or Title IV of ERISA, any ERISA Affiliate.

“Pledge Agreements” means those certain Pledge Agreements, each dated as of the Closing Date, by the Loan Parties for the benefit of Lender pursuant to which not more than 66% of the Equity Interest in the Foreign Subsidiaries (other than the Excluded Subsidiaries) has been pledged to secure the payment and performance of the Obligations.

“Quick Assets” means short-term cash investments, net trade receivables, and marketable securities not classified as long-term investments. Auction rate securities investments shall be expressly excluded from Quick Assets. Provided, however, that auction rate securities shall be included in Quick Assets beginning with the quarter ending September 30, 2010.

“Quick Ratio” means the ratio of (a) Quick Assets to (b) Current Liabilities.

“Related Parties” means, with respect to any Person, such Person’s Affiliates and the partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, trustees and advisors of such Person and of such Person’s Affiliates.

“Reportable Event” means any of the events set forth in Section 4043(c) of ERISA, other than events for which the 30 day notice period has been waived.

“Request for Credit Extension” means (a) with respect to a Borrowing or conversion of Loans, a Loan Notice, and (b) with respect to an L/C Credit Extension, a Letter of Credit Application.

“Responsible Officer” means the chief executive officer, president or chief financial officer of a Loan Party. Any document delivered hereunder that is signed by a Responsible Officer of a Loan Party shall be conclusively presumed to have been authorized by all necessary corporate, partnership and/or other action on the part of such Loan Party and such Responsible Officer shall be conclusively presumed to have acted on behalf of such Loan Party.

“Restricted Payment” means any dividend or other distribution (whether in cash, securities or other property) with respect to any capital stock or other Equity Interest of Company or any Subsidiary, or any payment (whether in cash, securities or other property), including any sinking fund or similar deposit, on account of the purchase, redemption, retirement, acquisition, cancellation or termination of any such capital stock or other Equity Interest, or on account of any return of capital to Company’s stockholders, partners or members (or the equivalent Person thereof).

“Revaluation Date” means (a) with respect to any Loan, each of the following: (i) each date of a Borrowing of a Eurocurrency Rate Loan denominated in an Alternative Currency, (ii) each date of a continuation of a Eurocurrency Rate Loan denominated in an Alternative Currency pursuant to Section 2.02, and (iii) such additional dates as Lender shall require; and (b) with respect to any Letter of Credit, each of the following: (i) each date of issuance of a Letter of Credit denominated in an Alternative Currency, (ii) each date of an amendment of any such Letter of Credit having the effect of increasing the amount thereof (solely with respect to the increased amount), (iii) each date of any payment by Lender under any Letter of Credit denominated in an Alternative Currency, such additional dates as Lender shall require.

“Same Day Funds” means (a) with respect to disbursements and payments in Dollars, immediately available funds, and (b) with respect to disbursements and payments in an Alternative Currency, same day or other funds as may be determined by Lender to be customary in the place of disbursement or payment for the settlement of international banking transactions in the relevant Alternative Currency.

“Security Agreements” means those certain Security Agreements, each dated as of Closing Date, executed by the Loan Parties and Lender.

“Security Documents” means the Security Agreements and the Pledge Agreements, Landlord Subordination Agreements, and each other security agreement, instrument or document executed and delivered pursuant hereto to secure the Obligations, each in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Lender as the same may be amended, restated, supplemented or otherwise modified from time to time.

“Special Notice Currency” means at any time an Alternative Currency, other than the currency of a country that is a member of the Organization for Economic Cooperation and Development at such time located in North America or Europe.

“Spot Rate” for a currency means the rate determined by Lender to be the rate quoted by the Person acting in such capacity as the spot rate for the purchase by such Person of such currency with another currency through its principal foreign exchange trading office at approximately 11:00 a.m. on the date two Business Days prior to the date as of which the foreign exchange computation is made; provided that Lender may obtain such spot rate from another financial institution designated by Lender if the Person acting in such capacity does not have as of the date of determination a spot buying rate for any such currency.

“Sterling” and “£” mean the lawful currency of the United Kingdom.

“Subsidiary” of a Person means a corporation, partnership, joint venture, limited liability company or other business entity of which a majority of the shares of securities or other interests having ordinary voting power for the election of directors or other governing body (other than securities or interests having such power only by reason of the happening of a contingency) are at the time beneficially owned, or the management of which is otherwise controlled, directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, or both, by such Person. Unless otherwise specified, all references herein to a “Subsidiary” or to “Subsidiaries” shall refer to a Subsidiary or Subsidiaries of Company.

“Subsidiary Guarantors” means, collectively, Diodes FabTech, Inc., and Diodes Investment Company, and each other Person that becomes a Subsidiary Guarantor pursuant to Section 6.13.

“Subsidiary Guaranty” means one or more Subsidiary Guaranties made by the Subsidiary Guarantors in favor of Lender.

“Swap Contract” means (a) any and all rate swap transactions, basis swaps, credit derivative transactions, forward rate transactions, commodity swaps, commodity options, forward commodity contracts, equity or equity index swaps or options, bond or bond price or bond index swaps or options or forward bond or forward bond price or forward bond index transactions, interest rate options, forward foreign exchange transactions, cap transactions, floor transactions, collar transactions, currency swap transactions, cross-currency rate swap transactions, currency options, spot contracts, or any other similar transactions or any combination of any of the foregoing (including any options to enter into any of the foregoing), whether or not any such transaction is governed by or subject to any master agreement, and (b) any and all transactions of any kind, and the related confirmations, which are subject to the terms and conditions of, or governed by, any form of master agreement published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., any International Foreign Exchange Master Agreement, or any other master agreement (any such master agreement, together with any related schedules, a “Master Agreement”), including any such obligations or liabilities under any Master Agreement.

“Swap Termination Value” means, in respect of any one or more Swap Contracts, after taking into account the effect of any legally enforceable netting agreement relating to such Swap Contracts, (a) for any date on or after the date such Swap Contracts have been closed out and termination value(s) determined in accordance therewith, such termination value(s), and (b) for any date prior to the date referenced in clause (a), the amount(s) determined as the mark-to-market value(s) for such Swap Contracts, as determined based upon one or more mid-market or other readily available quotations provided by any recognized dealer in such Swap Contracts (which may include Lender or any Affiliate of Lender).

“Synthetic Lease Obligation” means the monetary obligation of a Person under (a) a so-called synthetic, off-balance sheet or tax retention lease, or (b) an agreement for the use or possession of property creating obligations that do not appear on the balance sheet of such Person but which, upon the

insolvency or bankruptcy of such Person, would be characterized as the indebtedness of such Person (without regard to accounting treatment).

“TARGET Day” means any day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET) payment system (or, if such payment system ceases to be operative, such other payment system (if any) determined by Lender to be a suitable replacement) is open for the settlement of payments in Euro.

“Taxes” means all present or future taxes, levies, imposts, duties, deductions, withholdings (including backup withholding), assessments, fees or other charges imposed by any Governmental Authority, including any interest, additions to tax or penalties applicable thereto.

“Threshold Amount” means \$2,000,000.

“Total Outstandings” means the aggregate Outstanding Amount of all Loans and all L/C Obligations.

“Type” means, with respect to a Loan, its character as a Base Rate Loan or a Eurocurrency Rate Loan.

“Uncommitted Borrowing” means a borrowing of Uncommitted Loans of the same type and in the same currency.

“Uncommitted Loan” has the meaning specified in [Section 2.04](#).

“Uncommitted Note” has the meaning specified in [Section 2.04](#).

“Unfunded Pension Liability” means the excess of a Pension Plan’s benefit liabilities under Section 4001(a)(16) of ERISA, over the current value of that Pension Plan’s assets, determined in accordance with the assumptions used for funding the Pension Plan pursuant to Section 412 of the Code for the applicable plan year.

“United States” and “U.S.” mean the United States of America.

“Unreimbursed Amount” has the meaning specified in [Section 2.03\(c\)\(i\)](#).

1.02 Other Interpretive Provisions. With reference to this Agreement and each other Loan Document, unless otherwise specified herein or in such other Loan Document:

(a) The definitions of terms herein shall apply equally to the singular and plural forms of the terms defined. Whenever the context may require, any pronoun shall include the corresponding masculine, feminine and neuter forms. The words “include,” “includes” and “including” shall be deemed to be followed by the phrase “without limitation.” The word “will” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect as the word “shall.” Unless the context requires otherwise, (i) any definition of or reference to any agreement, instrument or other document (including any Organization Document) shall be construed as referring to such agreement, instrument or other document as from time to time amended, supplemented or otherwise modified (subject to any restrictions on such amendments, supplements or modifications set forth herein or in any other Loan Document), (ii) any reference herein to any Person shall be construed to include such Person’s successors and assigns, (iii) the words “herein,” “hereof” and “hereunder,” and words of similar import when used in any Loan

Document, shall be construed to refer to such Loan Document in its entirety and not to any particular provision thereof, (iv) all references in a Loan Document to Articles, Sections, Exhibits and Schedules shall be construed to refer to Articles and Sections of, and Exhibits and Schedules to, the Loan Document in which such references appear, (v) any reference to any law shall include all statutory and regulatory provisions consolidating, amending, replacing or interpreting such law and any reference to any law or regulation shall, unless otherwise specified, refer to such law or regulation as amended, modified or supplemented from time to time, and (vi) the words “asset” and “property” shall be construed to have the same meaning and effect and to refer to any and all tangible and intangible assets and properties, including cash, securities, accounts and contract rights.

(b) In the computation of periods of time from a specified date to a later specified date, the word “from” means “from and including,” the words “to” and “until” each mean “to but excluding,” and the word “through” means “to and including.”

(c) Section headings herein and in the other Loan Documents are included for convenience of reference only and shall not affect the interpretation of this Agreement or any other Loan Document.

1.03 Accounting Terms. (a) Generally. All accounting terms not specifically or completely defined herein shall be construed in conformity with, and all financial data (including financial ratios and other financial calculations) required to be submitted pursuant to this Agreement shall be prepared in conformity with, GAAP applied on a consistent basis, as in effect from time to time, applied in a manner consistent with that used in preparing the Audited Financial Statements, except as otherwise specifically prescribed herein.

(b) Changes in GAAP. If at any time any change in GAAP would affect the computation of any financial ratio or requirement set forth in any Loan Document, and either Company or Lender shall so request, Lender and Company shall negotiate in good faith to amend such ratio or requirement to preserve the original intent thereof in light of such change in GAAP; provided that, until so amended, (i) such ratio or requirement shall continue to be computed in accordance with GAAP prior to such change therein and (ii) Company shall provide to Lender financial statements and other documents required under this Agreement or as reasonably requested hereunder setting forth a reconciliation between calculations of such ratio or requirement made before and after giving effect to such change in GAAP.

1.04 Rounding. Any financial ratios required to be maintained by Company pursuant to this Agreement shall be calculated by dividing the appropriate component by the other component, carrying the result to one place more than the number of places by which such ratio is expressed herein and rounding the result up or down to the nearest number (with a rounding-up if there is no nearest number).

1.05 Exchange Rates; Currency Equivalents. (a) Lender shall determine the Spot Rates as of each Revaluation Date to be used for calculating Dollar Equivalent amounts of Credit Extensions and Outstanding Amounts denominated in Alternative Currencies. Such Spot Rates shall become effective as of such Revaluation Date and shall be the Spot Rates employed in converting any amounts between the applicable currencies until the next Revaluation Date to occur. Except for purposes of financial statements delivered by Loan Parties hereunder or calculating financial covenants hereunder or except as otherwise provided herein, the applicable amount of any currency (other than Dollars) for purposes of the Loan Documents shall be such Dollar Equivalent amount as so determined by Lender.

(b) Wherever in this Agreement in connection with a Borrowing, conversion, or prepayment of a Eurocurrency Rate Loan or the issuance, amendment or extension of a Letter of Credit, an amount, such as a required minimum or multiple amount, is expressed in Dollars, but such Borrowing, Eurocurrency Rate Loan or Letter of Credit is denominated in an Alternative Currency, such amount shall be the relevant Alternative Currency Equivalent of such Dollar amount (rounded to the nearest unit of such Alternative Currency, with 0.5 of a unit being rounded upward), as determined by Lender.

1.06 Change of Currency. (a) Each obligation of the Borrowers to make a payment denominated in the national currency unit of any member state of the European Union that adopts the Euro as its lawful currency after the date hereof shall be redenominated into Euro at the time of such adoption (in accordance with the EMU Legislation). If, in relation to the currency of any such member state, the basis of accrual of interest expressed in this Agreement in respect of that currency shall be inconsistent with any convention or practice in the London interbank market for the basis of accrual of interest in respect of the Euro, such expressed basis shall be replaced by such convention or practice with effect from the date on which such member state adopts the Euro as its lawful currency.

(b) Each provision of this Agreement shall be subject to such reasonable changes of construction as Lender may from time to time specify to be appropriate to reflect the adoption of the Euro by any member state of the European Union and any relevant market conventions or practices relating to the Euro.

(c) Each provision of this Agreement also shall be subject to such reasonable changes of construction as Lender may from time to time specify to be appropriate to reflect a change in currency of any other country and any relevant market conventions or practices relating to the change in currency.

1.07 Times of Day. Unless otherwise specified, all references herein to times of day shall be references to Central time (daylight or standard, as applicable).

1.08 Letter of Credit Amounts. Unless otherwise specified herein, the amount of a Letter of Credit at any time shall be deemed to be the Dollar Equivalent of the stated amount of such Letter of Credit in effect at such time; provided, however, that with respect to any Letter of Credit that, by its terms or the terms of any Issuer Document related thereto, provides for one or more automatic increases in the stated amount thereof, the amount of such Letter of Credit shall be deemed to be the Dollar Equivalent of the maximum stated amount of such Letter of Credit after giving effect to all such increases, whether or not such maximum stated amount is in effect at such time.

ARTICLE II. THE COMMITMENTS AND CREDIT EXTENSIONS

2.01 Committed Loans. Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, Lender agrees to make loans (each such loan, a “Committed Loan”) to the Borrowers in Dollars or in one or more Alternative Currencies from time to time, on any Business Day during the Availability Period, in an aggregate amount not to exceed at any time outstanding the amount of the Commitment; provided, however, that after giving effect to any Committed Borrowing, (i) the Total Outstandings shall not exceed the Commitment, and (ii) the aggregate Outstanding Amount of all Committed Loans denominated in Alternative Currencies shall not exceed the Alternative Currency Sublimit. Within the limits of the Commitment, and subject to the other terms and conditions hereof, the Borrowers may borrow under this Section 2.01, prepay under Section 2.05, and reborrow under this Section 2.01. Committed Loans may be Base Rate Loans or Eurocurrency Rate Loans, as further provided herein.

2.02 Borrowings and Conversions of Committed Loans .

(a) Each Committed Borrowing and each conversion of Committed Loans from one Type to the other shall be made upon a Borrower's irrevocable notice to Lender. Each such notice must be received by Lender not later than 11:00 a.m. (i) three Business Days prior to the requested date of any Borrowing of or conversion to Eurocurrency Rate Loans denominated in Dollars or of any conversion of Eurocurrency Rate Loans denominated in Dollars to Base Rate Committed Loans, (ii) four Business Days (or five Business Days in the case of a Special Notice Currency) prior to the requested date of any Borrowing of Eurocurrency Rate Loans denominated in Alternative Currencies, and (iii) on the requested date of any Borrowing of Base Rate Committed Loans. Each notice by a Borrower pursuant to this Section 2.02(a) must be evidenced by a written Loan Notice, appropriately completed and signed by a Responsible Officer of such Borrower. Each Borrowing of or conversion to Eurocurrency Rate Loans shall be in a principal amount of \$250,000 or a whole multiple of \$100,000 in excess thereof. Except as provided in Section 2.03(c), each Committed Borrowing of or conversion to Base Rate Committed Loans shall be in a principal amount of \$100,000 or a whole multiple of \$50,000 in excess thereof. Each Loan Notice shall specify (i) whether such Borrower is requesting a Committed Borrowing or a conversion of Committed Loans from one Type to the other, (ii) the requested date of the Borrowing or conversion, as the case may be (which shall be a Business Day), (iii) the principal amount of Committed Loans to be borrowed or converted, (iv) the Type of Committed Loans to be borrowed or to which existing Committed Loans are to be converted, and (v) the currency of the Committed Loans to be borrowed. If a Borrower fails to specify a currency in a Loan Notice requesting a Borrowing, then the Committed Loans so requested shall be made in Dollars. If a Borrower fails to specify a Type of Committed Loan in a Loan Notice or if a Borrower fails to give a timely notice requesting a conversion, then the applicable Committed Loans shall be made as, or converted to, Base Rate Loans. No Committed Loan may be converted into a Committed Loan denominated in a different currency, but instead must be prepaid in the original currency of such Committed Loan and reborrowed in the other currency.

(b) Upon satisfaction of the applicable conditions set forth in Section 4.02 (and, if such Borrowing is the initial Credit Extension, Section 4.01), Lender shall make all funds so received available to Company or the other applicable Borrower in like funds as received by Lender either by (i) crediting the account of such Borrower on the books of Lender with the amount of such funds or (ii) wire transfer of such funds, in each case in accordance with instructions provided to (and reasonably acceptable to) Lender by a Borrower; provided, however, that if, on the date the Loan Notice with respect to such Borrowing denominated in Dollars is given by a Borrower, there are L/C Borrowings outstanding, then the proceeds of such Borrowing, first, shall be applied to the payment in full of any such L/C Borrowings, and, second, shall be made available to the applicable Borrower as provided above.

(c) During the existence of a Default, no Loans may be requested as, converted to or continued as Eurocurrency Rate Loans (whether in Dollars or any Alternative Currency) without the consent of Lender.

2.03 Letters of Credit.

(a) The Letter of Credit Commitment.

(i) Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, Lender agrees, (1) from time to time on any Business Day during the period from the Closing Date until the Letter of Credit Expiration Date, to issue Letters of Credit denominated in Dollars or

in one or more Alternative Currencies for the account of Company or its Subsidiaries, and to amend Letters of Credit previously issued by it, in accordance with subsection (b) below, and (2) to honor drawings under the Letters of Credit; provided that after giving effect to any L/C Credit Extension with respect to any Letter of Credit, (x) the Total Outstandings shall not exceed the Commitment, and (y) the Outstanding Amount of the L/C Obligations shall not exceed the Letter of Credit Sublimit. Each request by Company for the issuance or amendment of a Letter of Credit shall be deemed to be a representation by Company that the L/C Credit Extension so requested complies with the conditions set forth in the provisos to the preceding sentence. Within the foregoing limits, and subject to the terms and conditions hereof, Company's ability to obtain Letters of Credit shall be fully revolving, and accordingly Company may, during the foregoing period, obtain Letters of Credit to replace Letters of Credit that have expired or that have been drawn upon and reimbursed.

(ii) Lender shall not issue any Letter of Credit, if:

(A) the expiry date of such requested Letter of Credit would occur more than twelve months after the date of issuance, unless Lender has approved such expiry date; or

(B) the expiry date of such requested Letter of Credit would occur after the Letter of Credit Expiration Date, unless Lender has approved such expiry date.

(iii) Lender shall not be under any obligation to issue any Letter of Credit if:

(A) any order, judgment or decree of any Governmental Authority or arbitrator shall by its terms purport to enjoin or restrain Lender from issuing such Letter of Credit, or any Law applicable to Lender or any request or directive (whether or not having the force of law) from any Governmental Authority with jurisdiction over Lender shall prohibit, or request that Lender refrain from, the issuance of letters of credit generally or such Letter of Credit in particular or shall impose upon Lender with respect to such Letter of Credit any restriction, reserve or capital requirement (for which Lender is not otherwise compensated hereunder) not in effect on the Closing Date, or shall impose upon Lender any unreimbursed loss, cost or expense which was not applicable on the Closing Date and which Lender in good faith deems material to it;

(B) the issuance of such Letter of Credit would violate one or more policies of Lender applicable to letters of credit generally;

(C) except as otherwise agreed by Lender, such Letter of Credit is in an initial stated amount less than \$100,000, in the case of a commercial Letter of Credit, or \$500,000, in the case of a standby Letter of Credit;

(D) except as otherwise agreed by Lender, such Letter of Credit is to be denominated in a currency other than Dollars or an Alternative Currency;
or

(E) Lender does not as of the issuance date of such requested Letter of Credit issue Letters of Credit in the requested currency.

(b) Procedures for Issuance and Amendment of Letters of Credit .

(i) Each Letter of Credit shall be issued or amended, as the case may be, upon the request of Company delivered to Lender in the form of a Letter of Credit Application, appropriately completed and signed by a Responsible Officer of Company. Such Letter of Credit Application must be received by Lender not later than 11:00 a.m. at least two Business Days prior to the proposed issuance date or date of amendment, as the case may be. In the case of a request for an initial issuance of a Letter of Credit, such Letter of Credit Application shall specify in form and detail satisfactory to Lender: (A) the proposed issuance date of the requested Letter of Credit (which shall be a Business Day); (B) the amount and currency thereof; (C) the expiry date thereof; (D) the name and address of the beneficiary thereof; (E) the documents to be presented by such beneficiary in case of any drawing thereunder; (F) the full text of any certificate to be presented by such beneficiary in case of any drawing thereunder; (G) the purpose and nature of the requested Letter of Credit; and (H) such other matters as Lender may require. In the case of a request for an amendment of any outstanding Letter of Credit, such Letter of Credit Application shall specify in form and detail satisfactory to Lender (A) the Letter of Credit to be amended; (B) the proposed date of amendment thereof (which shall be a Business Day); (C) the nature of the proposed amendment; and (D) such other matters as Lender may require. Additionally, Company shall furnish to Lender such other documents and information pertaining to such requested Letter of Credit issuance or amendment, including any Issuer Documents, as Lender may require.

(ii) Upon Lender's determination that the requested issuance or amendment is permitted in accordance with the terms hereof, then, subject to the terms and conditions hereof, Lender shall, on the requested date, issue a Letter of Credit for the account of Company (or the applicable Subsidiary) or enter into the applicable amendment, as the case may be, in each case in accordance with Lender's usual and customary business practices.

(c) Drawings and Reimbursements.

(i) Upon receipt from the beneficiary of any Letter of Credit of any notice of a drawing under such Letter of Credit, Lender shall notify Company thereof. In the case of a Letter of Credit denominated in an Alternative Currency, Company shall reimburse Lender in such Alternative Currency, unless (A) Lender (at its option) shall have specified in such notice that it will require reimbursement in Dollars, or (B) in the absence of any such requirement for reimbursement in Dollars, Company shall have notified Lender promptly following receipt of the notice of drawing that Company will reimburse Lender in Dollars. In the case of any such reimbursement in Dollars of a drawing under a Letter of Credit denominated in an Alternative Currency, Lender shall notify Company of the Dollar Equivalent of the amount of the drawing promptly following the determination thereof. Not later than 11:00 a.m. on the date of any payment by Lender under a Letter of Credit to be reimbursed in Dollars, or the Applicable Time on the date of any payment by Lender under a Letter of Credit to be reimbursed in an Alternative Currency (each such date, an "Honor Date"), Company shall reimburse Lender in an amount equal to the amount of such drawing and in the applicable currency. If Company fails to so reimburse Lender by such time (the amount of such unreimbursed drawing, the "Unreimbursed Amount"), Company shall be deemed to have requested a Committed Borrowing of Base Rate Loans to be disbursed on the Honor Date in an amount equal to the Unreimbursed Amount, without regard to the minimum and

multiples specified in Section 2.02 for the principal amount of Base Rate Loans, but subject to the amount of the unutilized portion of the Commitment and the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 (other than the delivery of a Loan Notice).

(ii) With respect to any Unreimbursed Amount that is not fully refinanced by a Committed Borrowing of Base Rate Loans because the conditions set forth in Section 4.02 cannot be satisfied or for any other reason, Company shall be deemed to have incurred from Lender an L/C Borrowing in the amount of the Unreimbursed Amount that is not so refinanced, which L/C Borrowing shall be due and payable on demand (together with interest) and shall bear interest at the Default Rate.

(d) Obligations Absolute. The obligation of Company to reimburse Lender for each drawing under each Letter of Credit and to repay each L/C Borrowing shall be absolute, unconditional and irrevocable, and shall be paid strictly in accordance with the terms of this Agreement under all circumstances, including the following:

(i) any lack of validity or enforceability of such Letter of Credit, this Agreement, or any other Loan Document;

(ii) the existence of any claim, counterclaim, setoff, defense or other right that Company or any Subsidiary may have at any time against any beneficiary or any transferee of such Letter of Credit (or any Person for whom any such beneficiary or any such transferee may be acting), Lender or any other Person, whether in connection with this Agreement, the transactions contemplated hereby or by such Letter of Credit or any agreement or instrument relating thereto, or any unrelated transaction;

(iii) any draft, demand, certificate or other document presented under such Letter of Credit proving to be forged, fraudulent, invalid or insufficient in any respect or any statement therein being untrue or inaccurate in any respect; or any loss or delay in the transmission or otherwise of any document required in order to make a drawing under such Letter of Credit;

(iv) any payment by Lender under such Letter of Credit against presentation of a draft or certificate that does not strictly comply with the terms of such Letter of Credit; or any payment made by Lender under such Letter of Credit to any Person purporting to be a trustee in bankruptcy, debtor-in-possession, assignee for the benefit of creditors, liquidator, receiver or other representative of or successor to any beneficiary or any transferee of such Letter of Credit, including any arising in connection with any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Law;

(v) any adverse change in the relevant exchange rates or in the availability of the relevant Alternative Currency to Company or any Subsidiary or in the relevant currency markets generally; or

(vi) any other circumstance or happening whatsoever, whether or not similar to any of the foregoing, including any other circumstance that might otherwise constitute a defense available to, or a discharge of, Company or any Subsidiary.

Company shall promptly examine a copy of each Letter of Credit and each amendment thereto that is delivered to it and, in the event of any claim of noncompliance with Company's instructions or other irregularity, Company will immediately notify Lender. Company shall be

conclusively deemed to have waived any such claim against Lender and its correspondents unless such notice is given as aforesaid.

(e) Role of Lender. Company agrees that, in paying any drawing under a Letter of Credit, Lender shall not have any responsibility to obtain any document (other than any sight draft, certificates and documents expressly required by the Letter of Credit) or to ascertain or inquire as to the validity or accuracy of any such document or the authority of the Person executing or delivering any such document. Company hereby assumes all risks of the acts or omissions of any beneficiary or transferee with respect to its use of any Letter of Credit; provided, however, that this assumption is not intended to, and shall not, preclude Company's pursuing such rights and remedies as it may have against the beneficiary or transferee at law or under any other agreement. None of Lender or any of its Related Parties shall be liable or responsible for any of the matters described in clauses (i) through (vi) of Section 2.03(d); provided, however, that anything in such clauses to the contrary notwithstanding, Company may have a claim against Lender, and Lender may be liable to Company, to the extent, but only to the extent, of any direct, as opposed to consequential or exemplary, damages suffered by Company which Company proves were caused by Lender's willful misconduct or gross negligence or Lender's willful failure to pay under any Letter of Credit after the presentation to it by the beneficiary of a sight draft and certificate(s) strictly complying with the terms and conditions of a Letter of Credit. In furtherance and not in limitation of the foregoing, Lender may accept documents that appear on their face to be in order, without responsibility for further investigation, regardless of any notice or information to the contrary, and Lender shall not be responsible for the validity or sufficiency of any instrument transferring or assigning or purporting to transfer or assign a Letter of Credit or the rights or benefits thereunder or proceeds thereof, in whole or in part, which may prove to be invalid or ineffective for any reason.

(f) Cash Collateral. (i) Upon the request of Lender, (A) if Lender has honored any full or partial drawing request under any Letter of Credit and such drawing has resulted in an L/C Borrowing, or (B) if, as of the Letter of Credit Expiration Date, any L/C Obligation for any reason remains outstanding, Company shall, in each case, immediately Cash Collateralize the then Outstanding Amount of all L/C Obligations.

(ii) In addition, if Lender notifies Company at any time that the Outstanding Amount of all L/C Obligations at such time exceeds 105% of the Letter of Credit Sublimit then in effect, then, within two Business Days after receipt of such notice, Company shall Cash Collateralize the L/C Obligations in an amount equal to the amount by which the Outstanding Amount of all L/C Obligations exceeds the Letter of Credit Sublimit.

(iii) Lender may, at any time and from time to time after the initial deposit of Cash Collateral, request that additional Cash Collateral be provided in order to protect against the results of exchange rate fluctuations.

(iv) For purposes of this Section 2.03, Section 2.05 and Section 8.02(c), "Cash Collateralize" means to pledge and deposit with or deliver to Lender as collateral for the L/C Obligations, cash or deposit account balances pursuant to documentation in form and substance satisfactory to Lender). Derivatives of such term have corresponding meanings. Company hereby grants to Lender a security interest in all such cash, deposit accounts and all balances therein and all proceeds of the foregoing, and, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing Lender shall release its security interest in all such cash, deposit accounts and all balances therein and all proceeds of the

foregoing promptly after the L/C Obligations have been repaid. Cash Collateral shall be maintained in blocked, interest bearing deposit accounts at Lender.

(g) Applicability of ISP and UCP. Unless otherwise expressly agreed by Lender and Company when a Letter of Credit is issued, (i) the rules of the ISP shall apply to each standby Letter of Credit, and (ii) the rules of the Uniform Customs and Practice for Documentary Credits, as most recently published by the International Chamber of Commerce at the time of issuance shall apply to each commercial Letter of Credit.

(h) Letter of Credit Fees. Company shall pay to Lender, in Dollars, a Letter of Credit fee (the “Letter of Credit Fee”) equal to three percent (3%) times the Dollar Equivalent of the daily amount available to be drawn under such Letter of Credit. For purposes of computing the daily amount available to be drawn under any Letter of Credit, the amount of such Letter of Credit shall be determined in accordance with Section 1.08. Letter of Credit Fees shall be (i) due and payable on the first Business Day after the end of each March, June, September and December, commencing with the first such date to occur after the issuance of such Letter of Credit, on the Letter of Credit Expiration Date and thereafter on demand and (ii) computed on a quarterly basis in arrears. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained herein, while any Event of Default exists, all Letter of Credit Fees shall accrue at the Default Rate.

(i) Fronting Fee and Documentary and Processing Charges Payable to Lender. Company shall pay to Lender, in Dollars, standard costs and charges of Lender relating to letters of credit as from time to time in effect. Such customary fees and standard costs and charges are due and payable on demand and are nonrefundable.

(j) Conflict with Issuer Documents. In the event of any conflict between the terms hereof and the terms of any Issuer Document, the terms hereof shall control.

(k) Letters of Credit Issued for Subsidiaries. Notwithstanding that a Letter of Credit issued or outstanding hereunder is in support of any obligations of, or is for the account of, a Subsidiary, Company shall be obligated to reimburse Lender hereunder for any and all drawings under such Letter of Credit. Company hereby acknowledges that the issuance of Letters of Credit for the account of Subsidiaries inures to the benefit of Company, and that Company’s business derives substantial benefits from the businesses of such Subsidiaries.

2.04 Uncommitted Loans.

(a) Subject to the terms and conditions set forth herein, Lender may, in its sole discretion, make loans in Dollars (each such loan, an “Uncommitted Loan”) to Company from time to time on any Business Day during the Availability Period in an aggregate amount not to exceed at any time outstanding \$10,000,000, notwithstanding the fact that such Uncommitted Loans, when aggregated with the Outstanding Amount of Committed Loans and L/C Obligations, may exceed the amount of the Commitment. Each Uncommitted Loan hereunder shall be at the sole discretion of Lender. Each Uncommitted Loan shall have a maturity date and shall bear interest at the rate per annum quoted to Company by Lender and accepted by Company prior to the making of such Uncommitted Loan (which acceptance shall in any event be deemed to occur upon receipt by a Borrower of the proceeds of any Uncommitted Loan). Each Uncommitted Loan, and accrued and unpaid interest thereon, shall be due and payable, on the earlier of (a) the Maturity Date, or (b) a date set by Lender and accepted by Company prior to the making of such Uncommitted Loan. Uncommitted Loans shall be evidenced by a promissory note of Borrowers

payable to the order of Lender in the original principal amount of \$10,000,000, substantially in the form of Exhibit C (the “Uncommitted Note”).

(b) **Borrowing Procedures.** Each Uncommitted Borrowing shall be made upon Company’s irrevocable notice to the Lender, which may be given by telephone or electronic mail. Each such notice must be received by the Lender not later than 1:00 p.m. on the requested borrowing date, and shall specify (i) the amount to be borrowed, and (ii) the requested borrowing date, which shall be a Business Day. Each such telephonic or electronic mail notice must be confirmed promptly by delivery to the Lender of a written Loan Notice, appropriately completed and signed by a Responsible Officer of Company.

2.05 Prepayments. (a) Borrowers may prepay any Loan in full or in part at any time. Prior to such prepayment of any Loan, Company will give Lender irrevocable written notice of such Borrower’s intention to make the prepayment, specifying the date and amount of the prepayment. The notice must be received by Lender at least one (1) Business Day in advance of the prepayment. The prepayment will be applied to the most remote payment of principal due under this Agreement.

(b) Each prepayment, whether voluntary, by reason of acceleration or otherwise, will be accompanied by the amount of accrued interest on the amount prepaid, and the prepayment fee described below.

(c) The prepayment fee shall be in an amount sufficient to compensate Lender for any loss, cost or expense incurred by it as a result of the prepayment, including any break funding costs, loss of anticipated profits and any loss or expense arising from the liquidation or reemployment of funds obtained by it to maintain the loan or from fees payable to terminate the deposits from which such funds were obtained. Borrowers shall also pay any customary administrative fees charged by Lender in connection with the foregoing. For purposes of this paragraph, Lender shall be deemed to have funded the Loans by a matching deposit or other borrowing in the applicable interbank market, whether or not the Loan was in fact so funded.

2.06 Termination or Reduction of Commitment. Company may, upon notice to Lender, terminate the Commitment, or from time to time permanently reduce the Commitment; provided that (i) any such notice shall be received by Lender not later than 11:00 a.m. five (5) Business Days prior to the date of termination or reduction, (ii) any such partial reduction shall be in an aggregate amount of \$1,000,000 or any whole multiple of \$1,000,000 in excess thereof, and (iii) Company shall not terminate or reduce the Commitment if, after giving effect thereto and to any concurrent prepayments hereunder, the Total Outstandings would exceed the Commitment. All fees accrued until the effective date of any termination of the Commitment shall be paid on the effective date of such termination.

2.07 Repayment of Loans. Each Borrower shall repay to Lender on the Maturity Date the aggregate principal amount of Loans made to such Borrower outstanding on such date.

2.08 Interest. (a) Subject to the provisions of subsection (b) below, (i) each Eurocurrency Rate Committed Loan shall bear interest on the outstanding principal amount thereof at a rate per annum equal to the Eurocurrency Rate plus three percent (3%) per annum; (ii) each Base Rate Committed Loan shall bear interest on the outstanding principal amount thereof from the applicable borrowing date at a rate per annum equal to the Base Rate plus one half of one percent (0.50%) per annum; and (iii) each Uncommitted Loan shall bear interest on the outstanding principal amount thereof from the applicable borrowing date at a rate per annum determined by Lender.

(b) (i) If any amount of principal of any Loan is not paid when due (without regard to any applicable grace periods), whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise, such amount shall thereafter bear interest at a fluctuating interest rate per annum at all times equal to the Default Rate to the fullest extent permitted by applicable Laws.

(ii) If any amount (other than principal of any Loan) payable by any Borrower under any Loan Document is not paid when due (without regard to any applicable grace periods), whether at stated maturity, by acceleration or otherwise, then such amount shall thereafter bear interest at a fluctuating interest rate per annum at all times equal to the Default Rate to the fullest extent permitted by applicable Laws.

(iii) While any Event of Default exists, the Borrowers shall pay interest on the principal amount of all outstanding Obligations hereunder at a fluctuating interest rate per annum at all times equal to the Default Rate to the fullest extent permitted by applicable Laws.

(iv) Accrued and unpaid interest on past due amounts (including interest on past due interest) shall be due and payable upon demand.

(c) Interest on each Loan shall be due and payable in arrears on each Interest Payment Date applicable thereto and at such other times as may be specified herein. Interest hereunder shall be due and payable in accordance with the terms hereof before and after judgment, and before and after the commencement of any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Law.

2.09 Direct Debit. Each Borrower agrees that on the last day of each calendar month, and on each other required payment date hereunder when principal, interest or fees hereunder are due including the Maturity Date, Lender may debit the amount of interest or fees due and owing hereunder from one of Borrowers' deposit accounts with Lender as designated in writing by Company.

2.10 Computation of Interest and Fees. All computations of fees and interest shall be made on the basis of a 360-day year and actual days elapsed (which results in more fees or interest, as applicable, being paid than if computed on the basis of a 365-day year), or, in the case of interest in respect of Loans denominated in Alternative Currencies as to which market practice differs from the foregoing, in accordance with such market practice. Interest shall accrue on each Loan for the day on which the Loan is made, and shall not accrue on a Loan, or any portion thereof, for the day on which the Loan or such portion is paid, provided that any Loan that is repaid on the same day on which it is made shall, subject to Section 2.12(a), bear interest for one day. Each determination by Lender of an interest rate or fee hereunder shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes, absent manifest error.

2.11 Evidence of Debt. The Loans made shall be evidenced by one or more accounts or records maintained by Lender in the ordinary course of business. The accounts or records maintained by Lender shall be conclusive absent manifest error of the amount of the Loans made by Lender to Borrowers and the interest and payments thereon. Any failure to so record or any error in doing so shall not, however, limit or otherwise affect the obligation of the Borrowers hereunder to pay any amount owing with respect to the Obligations.

2.12 Payments Generally. All payments to be made by the Borrowers shall be made without condition or deduction for any counterclaim, defense, recoupment or setoff. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein and except with respect to principal of and interest on Loans denominated in an Alternative Currency, all payments by the Borrowers hereunder shall be made to Lender at the Lending

Office in Dollars and in Same Day Funds not later than 2:00 p.m. on the date specified herein. Except as otherwise expressly provided herein, all payments by the Borrowers hereunder with respect to principal and interest on Loans denominated in an Alternative Currency shall be made to Lender, at the Lending Office in such Alternative Currency and in Same Day Funds not later than the Applicable Time specified by Lender on the dates specified herein. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, Lender may require that any payments due under this Agreement be made in the United States. If, for any reason, any Borrower is prohibited by any Law from making any required payment hereunder in an Alternative Currency, such Borrower shall make such payment in Dollars in the Dollar Equivalent of the Alternative Currency payment amount. All payments received by Lender (i) after 2:00 p.m., in the case of payments in Dollars, or (ii) after the Applicable Time specified by Lender in the case of payments in an Alternative Currency, shall in each case be deemed received on the next succeeding Business Day and any applicable interest or fee shall continue to accrue. If any payment to be made by any Borrower shall come due on a day other than a Business Day, payment shall be made on the next following Business Day, and such extension of time shall be reflected in computing interest or fees, as the case may be.

ARTICLE III. TAXES, YIELD PROTECTION AND ILLEGALITY

3.01 Taxes.

(a) Payments Free of Taxes; Obligation to Withhold; Payments on Account of Taxes. (i) Any and all payments by or on account of any obligation of the respective Borrowers hereunder or under any other Loan Document shall to the extent permitted by applicable Laws be made free and clear of and without reduction or withholding for any Taxes. If, however, applicable Laws require any Borrower or Lender to withhold or deduct any Tax, such Tax shall be withheld or deducted in accordance with such Laws as determined by such Borrower or Lender, as the case may be, upon the basis of the information and documentation to be delivered pursuant to subsection (e) below.

(ii) If any Borrower or Lender shall be required by the Code to withhold or deduct any Taxes, including both United States Federal backup withholding and withholding taxes, from any payment, then (A) Lender shall withhold or make such deductions as are determined by Lender to be required based upon the information and documentation it has received pursuant to subsection (e) below, (B) Lender shall timely pay the full amount withheld or deducted to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with the Code, and (C) to the extent that the withholding or deduction is made on account of Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes, the sum payable by such Borrower shall be increased as necessary so that after any required withholding or the making of all required deductions (including deductions applicable to additional sums payable under this Section) Lender receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such withholding or deduction been made.

(iii) If any Borrower or Lender shall be required by any applicable Laws other than the Code to withhold or deduct any Taxes from any payment, then (A) such Borrower or Lender, as required by such Laws, shall withhold or make such deductions as are determined by it to be required based upon the information and documentation it has received pursuant to subsection (e) below, (B) such Borrower or Lender, to the extent required by such Laws, shall timely pay the full amount so withheld or deducted by it to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with such Laws, and (C) to the extent that the withholding or deduction is made on account of Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes, the sum payable by such Borrower shall be increased as necessary so that after

any required withholding or the making of all required deductions (including deductions applicable to additional sums payable under this Section) Lender receives an amount equal to the sum it would have received had no such withholding or deduction been made.

(b) Payment of Other Taxes by the Borrowers. Without limiting the provisions of subsection (a) above, each Borrower shall timely pay any Other Taxes to the relevant Governmental Authority in accordance with applicable Laws.

(c) Tax Indemnifications. Without limiting the provisions of subsection (a) or (b) above, each Borrower shall, and does hereby, indemnify Lender, and shall make payment in respect thereof within ten (10) Business Days after demand therefor, for the full amount of any Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes (including Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes imposed or asserted on or attributable to amounts payable under this Section) withheld or deducted by such Borrower or Lender or paid by Lender and any penalties, interest and reasonable expenses arising therefrom or with respect thereto, whether or not such Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes were correctly or legally imposed or asserted by the relevant Governmental Authority. A certificate as to the amount of any such payment or liability delivered to a Borrower by Lender shall be conclusive absent manifest error.

(d) Evidence of Payments. Upon request by a Borrower or Lender, as the case may be, after any payment of Taxes by such Borrower or by Lender to a Governmental Authority as provided in this Section 3.01, such Borrower shall deliver to Lender or Lender shall deliver to such Borrower, as the case may be, the original or a certified copy of a receipt issued by such Governmental Authority evidencing such payment, a copy of any return required by Laws to report such payment or other evidence of such payment reasonably satisfactory to such Borrower or Lender, as the case may be.

3.02 Illegality. If Lender determines that any Law has made it unlawful, or that any Governmental Authority has asserted that it is unlawful, for Lender or its Lending Office to make, maintain or fund Eurocurrency Rate Loans (whether denominated in Dollars or an Alternative Currency), or to determine or charge interest rates based upon the Eurocurrency Rate, or any Governmental Authority has imposed material restrictions on the authority of Lender to purchase or sell, or to take deposits of, Dollars or any Alternative Currency in the applicable interbank market, then, on notice thereof by Lender to Company, any obligation of Lender to make or continue Eurocurrency Rate Loans in the affected currency or currencies or, in the case of Eurocurrency Rate Loans in Dollars, to convert Base Rate Committed Loans to Eurocurrency Rate Committed Loans, shall be suspended until Lender notifies Company that the circumstances giving rise to such determination no longer exist. Upon receipt of such notice, the Borrowers shall, upon demand from Lender, prepay or, if applicable and such Loans are denominated in Dollars, convert all such Eurocurrency Rate Loans of such Lender to Base Rate Loans. Upon any such prepayment or conversion, the Borrowers shall also pay accrued interest on the amount so prepaid or converted.

3.03 Inability to Determine Rates. If Lender determines that for any reason in connection with any request for a Eurocurrency Rate Loan or a conversion to or continuation thereof that (a) deposits (whether in Dollars or an Alternative Currency) are not being offered to banks in the applicable offshore interbank market for such currency for the applicable amount and interest period of such Eurocurrency Rate Loan, (b) adequate and reasonable means do not exist for determining the Eurocurrency Rate for any requested interest period with respect to a proposed Eurocurrency Rate Loan (whether denominated in Dollars or an Alternative Currency), or (c) the Eurocurrency Rate for any requested interest period with respect to a proposed Eurocurrency Rate Loan does not adequately and fairly reflect the cost to Lender of

funding such Eurocurrency Rate Loan, Lender will promptly so notify Company. Thereafter, the obligation of the Lender to make or maintain Eurocurrency Rate Loans in the affected currency or currencies shall be suspended until Lender revokes such notice. Upon receipt of such notice, Company may revoke any pending request for a Borrowing of, conversion to or continuation of Eurocurrency Rate Loans in the affected currency or currencies or, failing that, will be deemed to have converted such request into a request for a Committed Borrowing of Base Rate Loans in the amount specified therein.

3.04 Increased Costs; Reserves on Eurocurrency Rate Loans .

(a) Increased Costs Generally. If any Change in Law shall:

(i) impose, modify or deem applicable any reserve, special deposit, compulsory loan, insurance charge or similar requirement against assets of, deposits with or for the account of, or credit extended or participated in by, any Lender (except any reserve requirement contemplated by Section 3.04(e)) or Lender;

(ii) subject Lender to any tax of any kind whatsoever with respect to this Agreement, any Letter of Credit, any participation in a Letter of Credit or any Eurocurrency Rate Loan made by it, or change the basis of taxation of payments to such Lender in respect thereof (except for Indemnified Taxes or Other Taxes covered by Section 3.01 and the imposition of, or any change in the rate of, any Excluded Tax payable by Lender); or

(iii) impose on Lender or the London interbank market any other condition, cost or expense affecting this Agreement or Eurocurrency Rate Loans made by Lender or any Letter of Credit;

and the result of any of the foregoing shall be to increase the cost to Lender of making or maintaining any Eurocurrency Rate Loan (or of maintaining its obligation to make any such Loan), or to increase the cost to Lender of issuing or maintaining any Letter of Credit, or to reduce the amount of any sum received or receivable by such Lender hereunder (whether of principal, interest or any other amount) then, upon request of Lender, Company will pay to Lender such additional amount or amounts as will compensate Lender for such additional costs incurred or reduction suffered.

(b) Capital Requirements. If Lender determines that any Change in Law affecting Lender or its Lending Office or Lender's holding company, if any, regarding capital requirements has or would have the effect of reducing the rate of return on Lender's or the L/C Issuer's capital or on the capital of Lender's holding company, if any, as a consequence of this Agreement, the Commitment or the Loans made by such Lender, or the Letters of Credit issued by Lender, to a level below that which Lender or Lender's holding company could have achieved but for such Change in Law (taking into consideration Lender's policies and the policies of Lender's holding company with respect to capital adequacy), then from time to time Company will pay to Lender such additional amount or amounts as will compensate Lender or Lender's holding company for any such reduction suffered.

(c) Certificates for Reimbursement. A certificate of Lender setting forth the amount or amounts necessary to compensate Lender or its holding company, as the case may be, as specified in subsection (a) or (b) of this Section and delivered to Company shall be conclusive absent manifest error. Company shall pay Lender the amount shown as due on any such certificate within ten (10) Business Days after receipt thereof.

(d) Delay in Requests. Failure or delay on the part of Lender to demand compensation pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section shall not constitute a waiver of Lender's right to demand such compensation, provided that no Borrower shall be required to compensate Lender pursuant to the foregoing provisions of this Section for any increased costs incurred or reductions suffered more than nine months prior to the date that Lender notifies Company of the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions and of Lender's intention to claim compensation therefor (except that, if the Change in Law giving rise to such increased costs or reductions is retroactive, then the nine-month period referred to above shall be extended to include the period of retroactive effect thereof).

(e) Additional Reserve Requirements. Company shall pay to Lender, (i) as long as Lender shall be required to maintain reserves with respect to liabilities or assets consisting of or including Eurocurrency funds or deposits (currently known as "Eurocurrency liabilities"), additional interest on the unpaid principal amount of each Eurocurrency Rate Loan equal to the actual costs of such reserves allocated to such Loan by Lender (as determined by Lender in good faith, which determination shall be conclusive), and (ii) as long as Lender shall be required to comply with any reserve ratio requirement or analogous requirement of any other central banking or financial regulatory authority imposed in respect of the maintenance of the Commitment or the funding of the Eurocurrency Rate Loans, such additional costs (expressed as a percentage per annum and rounded upwards, if necessary, to the nearest five decimal places) equal to the actual costs allocated to such Commitment or Loan by Lender (as determined by Lender in good faith, which determination shall be conclusive), which in each case shall be due and payable on each date on which interest is payable on such Loan, provided Company shall have received at least ten (10) Business Days' prior notice of such additional interest or costs from Lender. If Lender fails to give notice ten (10) Business Days prior to the relevant Interest Payment Date, such additional interest or costs shall be due and payable 10 days from receipt of such notice.

3.05 Compensation for Losses. Upon demand of Lender from time to time, Company shall promptly compensate Lender for and hold Lender harmless from any loss, cost or expense incurred by it as a result of:

(a) any continuation, conversion, payment or prepayment of any Loan other than a Base Rate Loan on a day other than the last day of the interest period for such Loan (whether voluntary, mandatory, automatic, by reason of acceleration, or otherwise);

(b) any failure by any Borrower (for a reason other than the failure of Lender to make a Loan) to prepay, borrow, continue or convert any Loan other than a Base Rate Loan on the date or in the amount notified by Company; or

(c) any failure by any Borrower to make payment of any Loan or drawing under any Letter of Credit (or interest due thereon) denominated in an Alternative Currency on its scheduled due date or any payment thereof in a different currency;

including any loss of anticipated profits, any foreign exchange losses and any loss or expense arising from the liquidation or reemployment of funds obtained by it to maintain such Loan, from fees payable to terminate the deposits from which such funds were obtained or from the performance of any foreign exchange contract. Company shall also pay any customary administrative fees charged by Lender in connection with the foregoing.

For purposes of calculating amounts payable by Company to Lender under this Section 3.05, Lender shall be deemed to have funded each Eurocurrency Rate Loan made by it at the Eurocurrency Rate for such

Loan by a matching deposit or other borrowing in the offshore interbank market for such currency for a comparable amount and for a comparable period, whether or not such Eurocurrency Rate Loan was in fact so funded.

3.06 Survival. All of the Borrowers' obligations under this Article III shall survive termination of the Commitment and repayment of all other Obligations hereunder.

**ARTICLE IV.
CONDITIONS PRECEDENT TO CREDIT EXTENSIONS**

4.01 Conditions of Initial Credit Extension . The obligation of Lender to make the initial Credit Extension hereunder is subject to satisfaction of the following conditions precedent:

(a) Lender's receipt of the following, each of which shall be originals or telecopies (followed promptly by originals) unless otherwise specified, each properly executed by a Responsible Officer of the signing Loan Party, each dated the Closing Date (or, in the case of certificates of governmental officials, a recent date before the Closing Date) and each in form and substance satisfactory to Lender:

(i) executed counterparts of this Agreement, the Security Documents and the Subsidiary Guaranty;

(ii) Notes executed by the Borrowers in favor of Lender;

(iii) such certificates of resolutions or other action, incumbency certificates and/or other certificates of Responsible Officers of each Loan Party as Lender may require evidencing the identity, authority and capacity of each Responsible Officer thereof authorized to act as a Responsible Officer in connection with this Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which such Loan Party is a party;

(iv) such documents and certifications as Lender may reasonably require to evidence that each Loan Party is duly organized or formed, and that each Loan Party is validly existing, in good standing and qualified to engage in business in each jurisdiction where its ownership, lease or operation of properties or the conduct of its business requires such qualification, except to the extent that failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect;

(v) a favorable opinion of Borrower's In House Counsel, counsel to the Loan Parties, addressed to Lender, as to such matters concerning the Loan Parties and the Loan Documents as Lender may reasonably request;

(vi) a certificate of a Responsible Officer of each Loan Party either (A) attaching copies of all consents, licenses and approvals required in connection with the execution, delivery and performance by such Loan Party and the validity against such Loan Party of the Loan Documents to which it is a party, and such consents, licenses and approvals shall be in full force and effect, or (B) stating that no such consents, licenses or approvals are so required;

(vii) a certificate signed by a Responsible Officer of Company certifying (A) that the conditions specified in Sections 4.02(a) and (b) have been satisfied, and (B) that there has been no event or circumstance since the date of the Audited Financial

Statements that has had or could be reasonably expected to have, either individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect;

(viii) a duly completed Compliance Certificate as of the last day of the most recent fiscal quarter of Company for which financial statements have been filed with the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, signed by a Responsible Officer of Company;

(ix) evidence that all insurance required to be maintained pursuant to the Loan Documents has been obtained and is in effect; and

(x) such other assurances, certificates, documents, consents or opinions as Lender reasonably may require.

(b) Any fees required to be paid on or before the Closing Date shall have been paid.

(c) Unless waived by the Lender, Company shall have paid all fees, charges and disbursements of counsel to Lender to the extent invoiced prior to or on the Closing Date, plus such additional amounts of such fees, charges and disbursements as shall constitute its reasonable estimate of such fees, charges and disbursements incurred or to be incurred by it through the closing proceedings (provided that such estimate shall not thereafter preclude a final settling of accounts between Company and Lender).

4.02 Conditions to all Credit Extensions. The obligation of Lender to honor any Request for Credit Extension (other than a Loan Notice requesting only a conversion of Committed Loans to the other Type) is subject to the following conditions precedent:

(a) The representations and warranties of (i) the Borrowers contained in Article V and (ii) each Loan Party contained in each other Loan Document or in any document furnished at any time under or in connection herewith or therewith, shall be true and correct on and as of the date of such Credit Extension, except to the extent that such representations and warranties specifically refer to an earlier date, in which case they shall be true and correct as of such earlier date, and except that for purposes of this Section 4.02, the representations and warranties contained in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 5.05 shall be deemed to refer to the most recent statements furnished pursuant to clauses (a) and (b), respectively, of Section 6.01.

(b) No Default shall exist, or would result from such proposed Credit Extension or the application of the proceeds thereof.

(c) Lender shall have received a Request for Credit Extension in accordance with the requirements hereof.

(d) In the case of a Credit Extension to be denominated in an Alternative Currency, there shall not have occurred any change in national or international financial, political or economic conditions or currency exchange rates or exchange controls which in the reasonable opinion Lender would make it impracticable for such Credit Extension to be denominated in the relevant Alternative Currency.

Each Request for Credit Extension (other than a Loan Notice requesting only a conversion of Committed Loans to the other Type) submitted by Company shall be deemed to be a representation and

warranty that the conditions specified in Sections 4.02(a) and (b) have been satisfied on and as of the date of the applicable Credit Extension.

**ARTICLE V.
REPRESENTATIONS AND WARRANTIES**

Except as otherwise provided in Section 5.18, each Borrower represents and warrants to Lender that:

5.01 Existence, Qualification and Power. Each Loan Party and each Subsidiary thereof (a) is duly organized or formed, validly existing and, as applicable, in good standing under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its incorporation or organization, (b) has all requisite power and authority and all requisite governmental licenses, authorizations, consents and approvals to (i) own or lease its assets and carry on its business and (ii) execute, deliver and perform its obligations under the Loan Documents to which it is a party, and (c) is duly qualified and is licensed and, as applicable, in good standing under the Laws of each jurisdiction where its ownership, lease or operation of properties or the conduct of its business requires such qualification or license; except in each case referred to in clause (b)(i) or (c), to the extent that failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.02 Authorization; No Contravention. The execution, delivery and performance by each Loan Party of each Loan Document to which such Person is party, have been duly authorized by all necessary corporate or other organizational action, and do not and will not (a) contravene the terms of any of such Person's Organization Documents; (b) conflict with or result in any breach or contravention of, or the creation of any Lien under, or require any payment to be made under (i) any Contractual Obligation to which such Person is a party or affecting such Person or the properties of such Person or any of its Subsidiaries or (ii) any order, injunction, writ or decree of any Governmental Authority or any arbitral award to which such Person or its property is subject; or (c) violate any Law.

5.03 Governmental Authorization; Other Consents. No approval, consent, exemption, authorization, or other action by, or notice to, or filing with, any Governmental Authority or any other Person is necessary or required in connection with the execution, delivery or performance by, or enforcement against, any Loan Party of this Agreement or any other Loan Document.

5.04 Binding Effect. This Agreement has been, and each other Loan Document, when delivered hereunder, will have been, duly executed and delivered by each Loan Party that is party thereto. This Agreement constitutes, and each other Loan Document when so delivered will constitute, a legal, valid and binding obligation of such Loan Party, enforceable against each Loan Party that is party thereto in accordance with its terms.

5.05 Financial Statements; No Material Adverse Effect.

(a) The Audited Financial Statements (i) were prepared in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the period covered thereby, except as otherwise expressly noted therein; (ii) fairly present the financial condition of Company and its Subsidiaries as of the date thereof and their results of operations for the period covered thereby in accordance with GAAP consistently applied throughout the period covered thereby, except as otherwise expressly noted therein; and (iii) show all material indebtedness and other liabilities, direct or contingent, of Company and its Subsidiaries as of the date thereof, including liabilities for taxes, material commitments and Indebtedness.

(b) Since the date of the Audited Financial Statements, there has been no event or circumstance, either individually or in the aggregate, that has had or could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.06 Litigation. Except as set forth on Schedule 5.06, there are no actions, suits, proceedings, claims or disputes pending or, to the knowledge of Company after due and diligent investigation, threatened or contemplated, at law, in equity, in arbitration or before any Governmental Authority, by or against Company or any of its Subsidiaries or against any of their properties or revenues that (a) purport to affect or pertain to this Agreement or any other Loan Document, or any of the transactions contemplated hereby, or (b) either individually or in the aggregate, if determined adversely, could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.07 No Default. Neither any Loan Party nor any Subsidiary thereof is in default under or with respect to any Contractual Obligation that could, either individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. No Default has occurred and is continuing or would result from the consummation of the transactions contemplated by this Agreement or any other Loan Document.

5.08 Ownership of Property; Liens. Each of Company and each Subsidiary has good record and marketable title in fee simple to, or valid leasehold interests in, all real property necessary or used in the ordinary conduct of its business, except for such defects in title as could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. The property of Company and its Subsidiaries is subject to no Liens, other than Liens permitted by Section 7.01.

5.09 Environmental Compliance. Company and its Subsidiaries conduct in the ordinary course of business a review of the effect of existing Environmental Laws and claims alleging potential liability or responsibility for violation of any Environmental Law on their respective businesses, operations and properties, and as a result thereof Company has reasonably concluded that such Environmental Laws and claims could not, individually or in the aggregate, reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.10 Insurance. The properties of Company and its Subsidiaries are insured with financially sound and reputable insurance companies not Affiliates of Company, in such amounts, with such deductibles and covering such risks as are customarily carried by companies engaged in similar businesses and owning similar properties in localities where Company or the applicable Subsidiary operates.

5.11 Taxes. Company and its Subsidiaries have filed all Federal, state and other material tax returns and reports required to be filed, and have paid all Federal, state and other material taxes, assessments, fees and other governmental charges levied or imposed upon them or their properties, income or assets otherwise due and payable, except those which are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted and for which adequate reserves have been provided in accordance with GAAP. There is no proposed tax assessment against Company or any Subsidiary that would, if made, have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.12 ERISA Compliance.

(a) Each Plan is in compliance in all material respects with the applicable provisions of ERISA, the Code and other Federal or state Laws. Each Plan that is intended to qualify under Section 401(a) of the Code has received a favorable determination letter from the IRS or an application for such a letter is currently being processed by the IRS with respect thereto and, to the best knowledge of Company, nothing has occurred which would prevent, or cause the loss of,

such qualification. Company and each ERISA Affiliate have made all required contributions to each Plan subject to Section 412 of the Code, and no application for a funding waiver or an extension of any amortization period pursuant to Section 412 of the Code has been made with respect to any Plan.

(b) There are no pending or, to the best knowledge of Company, threatened claims, actions or lawsuits, or action by any Governmental Authority, with respect to any Plan that could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect. There has been no prohibited transaction or violation of the fiduciary responsibility rules with respect to any Plan that has resulted or could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect.

(c) (i) No ERISA Event has occurred or is reasonably expected to occur; (ii) no Pension Plan has any Unfunded Pension Liability; (iii) neither Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has incurred, or reasonably expects to incur, any liability under Title IV of ERISA with respect to any Pension Plan (other than premiums due and not delinquent under Section 4007 of ERISA); (iv) neither Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has incurred, or reasonably expects to incur, any liability (and no event has occurred which, with the giving of notice under Section 4219 of ERISA, would result in such liability) under Section 4201 or 4243 of ERISA with respect to a Multiemployer Plan; and (v) neither Company nor any ERISA Affiliate has engaged in a transaction that could be subject to Section 4069 or 4212(c) of ERISA.

5.13 Subsidiaries. Company has no Subsidiaries other than those specifically disclosed in Schedule 5.13.

5.14 Margin Regulations; Investment Company Act .

(a) No Borrower is engaged or will engage, principally or as one of its important activities, in the business of purchasing or carrying margin stock (within the meaning of Regulation U issued by the FRB), or extending credit for the purpose of purchasing or carrying margin stock.

(b) None of Company, any Person Controlling Company, or any Subsidiary is or is required to be registered as an “investment company” under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

5.15 Disclosure. Company has disclosed to Lender all agreements, instruments and corporate or other restrictions to which it or any of its Subsidiaries is subject, and all other matters known to it, that, individually or in the aggregate, could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect. No report, financial statement, certificate or other information furnished (whether in writing or orally) by or on behalf of any Loan Party to Lender in connection with the transactions contemplated hereby and the negotiation of this Agreement or delivered hereunder or under any other Loan Document (in each case, as modified or supplemented by other information so furnished) contains any material misstatement of fact or omits to state any material fact necessary to make the statements therein, in the light of the circumstances under which they were made, not misleading; provided that, with respect to projected financial information, Company represents only that such information was prepared in good faith based upon assumptions believed to be reasonable at the time.

5.16 Compliance with Laws. Each Loan Party and each Subsidiary thereof is in compliance in all material respects with the requirements of all Laws and all orders, writs, injunctions and decrees applicable to it or to its properties, except in such instances in which (a) such requirement of Law or order, writ, injunction or decree is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings diligently

conducted or (b) the failure to comply therewith, either individually or in the aggregate, could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

5.17 Representations as to Foreign Obligors. Each of Company and each Foreign Obligor represents and warrants to Lender that:

(a) Such Foreign Obligor is subject to civil and commercial Laws with respect to its obligations under this Agreement and the other Loan Documents to which it is a party (collectively as to such Foreign Obligor, the “Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents”), and the execution, delivery and performance by such Foreign Obligor of the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents constitute and will constitute private and commercial acts and not public or governmental acts. Neither such Foreign Obligor nor any of its property has any immunity from jurisdiction of any court or from any legal process (whether through service or notice, attachment prior to judgment, attachment in aid of execution, execution or otherwise) under the laws of the jurisdiction in which such Foreign Obligor is organized and existing in respect of its obligations under the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents.

(b) The Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents are in proper legal form under the Laws of the jurisdiction in which such Foreign Obligor is organized and existing for the enforcement thereof against such Foreign Obligor under the Laws of such jurisdiction, and to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability, priority or admissibility in evidence of the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents. It is not necessary to ensure the legality, validity, enforceability, priority or admissibility in evidence of the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents that the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents be filed, registered or recorded with, or executed or notarized before, any court or other authority in the jurisdiction in which such Foreign Obligor is organized and existing or that any registration charge or stamp or similar tax be paid on or in respect of the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents or any other document, except for (i) any such filing, registration, recording, execution or notarization as has been made or is not required to be made until the Applicable Foreign Obligor Document or any other document is sought to be enforced and (ii) any charge or tax as has been timely paid.

(c) There is no tax, levy, impost, duty, fee, assessment or other governmental charge, or any deduction or withholding, imposed by any Governmental Authority in or of the jurisdiction in which such Foreign Obligor is organized and existing either (i) on or by virtue of the execution or delivery of the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents or (ii) on any payment to be made by such Foreign Obligor pursuant to the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents, except as has been disclosed to Lender.

(d) The execution, delivery and performance of the Applicable Foreign Obligor Documents executed by such Foreign Obligor are, under applicable foreign exchange control regulations of the jurisdiction in which such Foreign Obligor is organized and existing, not subject to any notification or authorization except (i) such as have been made or obtained or (ii) such as cannot be made or obtained until a later date (provided that any notification or authorization described in clause (ii) shall be made or obtained as soon as is reasonably practicable).

ARTICLE VI.
AFFIRMATIVE COVENANTS

So long as Lender has any Commitment hereunder, any Loan or other Obligation hereunder shall remain unpaid or unsatisfied, or any Letter of Credit shall remain outstanding, Company shall, and shall (except in the case of the covenants set forth in Sections 6.01, 6.02, and 6.03) cause each Subsidiary to:

6.01 Financial Statements. Deliver to Lender, in form and detail satisfactory to Lender:

(a) as soon as available, but in any event within 120 days after the end of each fiscal year of Company, a consolidated balance sheet of Company and its Subsidiaries as at the end of such fiscal year, and the related consolidated statements of income or operations, changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for such fiscal year, setting forth in each case in comparative form the figures for the previous fiscal year, all in reasonable detail and prepared in accordance with GAAP, audited and accompanied by a report and opinion of an independent certified public accountant of nationally recognized standing reasonably acceptable to Lender, which report and opinion shall be prepared in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and shall not be subject to any "going concern" or like qualification or exception or any qualification or exception as to the scope of such audit; and

(b) as soon as available, but in any event within 45 days after the end of each of the first three fiscal quarters of each fiscal year of Company, a consolidated balance sheet of Company and its Subsidiaries as at the end of such fiscal quarter, the related consolidated statements of income or operations for such fiscal quarter and for the portion of Company's fiscal year then ended, and the related consolidated statements of changes in shareholders' equity, and cash flows for the portion of Company's fiscal year then ended, in each case setting forth in comparative form, as applicable, the figures for the corresponding fiscal quarter of the previous fiscal year and the corresponding portion of the previous fiscal year, all in reasonable detail, certified by the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or controller of Company as fairly presenting the financial condition, results of operations, shareholders' equity and cash flows of Company and its Subsidiaries in accordance with GAAP, subject only to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes.

6.02 Certificates; Other Information. Deliver to Lender, in form and detail satisfactory to Lender:

(a) concurrently with the delivery of the financial statements referred to in Sections 6.01(a) and (b), a duly completed Compliance Certificate signed by the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, treasurer or controller of Company;

(b) promptly after any request by Lender, copies of any detailed audit reports, management letters or recommendations submitted to the board of directors (or the audit committee of the board of directors) of Company by independent accountants in connection with the accounts or books of Company or any applicable Subsidiary, or any audit of any of them;

(c) promptly after the same are available, copies of each annual report, proxy or financial statement or other report or communication sent to the stockholders of Company, and copies of all annual, regular, periodic and special reports and registration statements which Company may file or be required to file with the SEC under Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, and not otherwise required to be delivered to Lender pursuant hereto;

(d) promptly, and in any event within fifteen Business Days after receipt thereof by any Loan Party or any applicable Subsidiary thereof, copies of each notice or other correspondence received from the SEC (or comparable agency in any applicable non-U.S. jurisdiction) concerning any investigation or possible investigation or other inquiry by such agency regarding financial or other operational results of any Loan Party or any applicable Subsidiary thereof; and

(e) promptly, such additional information regarding the business, financial or corporate affairs of Company or any applicable Subsidiary, or compliance with the terms of the Loan Documents, as Lender may from time to time reasonably request.

6.03 Notices. Promptly notify Lender:

(a) of the occurrence of any Default;

(b) of any matter that has resulted or could reasonably be expected to result in a Material Adverse Effect, including (i) breach or non-performance of, or any default under, a Contractual Obligation of the Borrower or any Subsidiary where the amount secured or the value of property at issue exceeds the Threshold Amount; (ii) any dispute, litigation, investigation, proceeding or suspension between the Borrower or any Subsidiary and any Governmental Authority; or (iii) the commencement of, or any material development in, any litigation or proceeding affecting the Borrower or any Subsidiary, including pursuant to any applicable Environmental Laws where the amount in controversy or the potential liability exceeds the Threshold Amount;

(c) of the occurrence of any ERISA Event; and

(d) of any material change in accounting policies or financial reporting practices by the Borrower or any Subsidiary.

Each notice pursuant to this Section 6.03 shall be accompanied by a statement of a Responsible Officer of Company setting forth details of the occurrence referred to therein and stating what action Company has taken and proposes to take with respect thereto. Each notice pursuant to Section 6.03(a) shall describe with particularity any and all provisions of this Agreement and any other Loan Document that have been breached.

6.04 Payment of Obligations. Pay and discharge as the same shall become due and payable, all its obligations and liabilities, including (a) all tax liabilities, assessments and governmental charges or levies upon it or its properties or assets, unless the same are being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted and adequate reserves in accordance with GAAP are being maintained by Company or such applicable Subsidiary; (b) all lawful claims which, if unpaid, would by law become a Lien upon its property; and (c) all Indebtedness, as and when due and payable, but subject to any subordination provisions contained in any instrument or agreement evidencing such Indebtedness.

6.05 Preservation of Existence, Etc. (a) Preserve, renew and maintain in full force and effect its legal existence and good standing under the Laws of the jurisdiction of its organization except in a transaction permitted by Section 7.04 or 7.05; (b) take all reasonable action to maintain all rights, privileges, permits, licenses and franchises necessary or desirable in the normal conduct of its business, except to the extent that failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect; and (c) preserve or renew all of its registered patents, trademarks, trade names and service marks, the non-preservation of which could reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

6.06 Maintenance of Properties. (a) Maintain, preserve and protect all of its material properties and equipment necessary in the operation of its business in good working order and condition, ordinary wear and tear excepted; and (b) make all necessary repairs thereto and renewals and replacements thereof except where the failure to do so could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

6.07 Maintenance of Insurance. Maintain with financially sound and reputable insurance companies not Affiliates of Company, insurance with respect to its properties and business against loss or damage of the kinds customarily insured against by Persons engaged in the same or similar business, of such types and in such amounts as are customarily carried under similar circumstances by such other Persons.

6.08 Compliance with Laws. Comply in all material respects with the requirements of all Laws and all orders, writs, injunctions and decrees applicable to it or to its business or property, except in such instances in which (a) such requirement of Law or order, writ, injunction or decree is being contested in good faith by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted; or (b) the failure to comply therewith could not reasonably be expected to have a Material Adverse Effect.

6.09 Books and Records. Maintain proper books of record and account, in which full, true and correct entries in conformity with GAAP consistently applied shall be made of all financial transactions and matters involving the assets and business of Company or such applicable Subsidiary, as the case may be.

6.10 Inspection Rights. Permit representatives and independent contractors of Lender to visit and inspect any of its properties, to examine its corporate, financial and operating records, and make copies thereof or abstracts therefrom, and to discuss its affairs, finances and accounts with its directors, officers, and independent public accountants, all at such reasonable times during normal business hours and as often as may be reasonably desired, upon reasonable advance notice to Company; provided, however, that when an Event of Default exists Lender (or any of its respective representatives or independent contractors) may do any of the foregoing at the expense of Company at any time during normal business hours and without advance notice.

6.11 Use of Proceeds. Use the proceeds of the Credit Extensions for general corporate purposes, to finance temporary cash shortages and to minimize taxes associated with moving cash between countries, in each case not in contravention of any Law or of any Loan Document.

6.12 Approvals and Authorizations. Maintain all authorizations, consents, approvals and licenses from, exemptions of, and filings and registrations with, each Governmental Authority of the jurisdiction in which each Foreign Obligor is organized and existing, and all approvals and consents of each other Person in such jurisdiction, in each case that are required in connection with the Loan Documents.

6.13 Additional Subsidiary Guarantors; Equity Interests .

(a) Notify Lender at the time that any Person becomes a Domestic Subsidiary, and promptly thereafter (and in any event within 30 days), cause such Person to (i) become a Subsidiary Guarantor by executing and delivering to Lender a counterpart of the Subsidiary Guaranty or such other document as Lender shall deem appropriate for such purpose, and (ii) deliver to Lender documents of the types referred to in clauses (iii) and (iv) of Section 4.01(a) and favorable opinions of counsel to such Person (which shall cover, among other things, the

legality, validity, binding effect and enforceability of the documentation referred to in clause (i)), all in form, content and scope reasonably satisfactory to Lender.

(b) Notify Lender at the time that the value of assets of any Excluded Subsidiary organized under the laws of a jurisdiction in Europe exceeds \$500,000, and promptly thereafter (and in any event within 30 days) cause 65% of the Equity Interests in such Excluded Subsidiary to be pledged to Lender to secure the Obligations, pursuant to one or more pledge agreements in form and substance reasonably acceptable to Lender.

6.14 Lender as Principal Depository; Treasury Management. On or before January 31, 2010, maintain Lender as its principal depository bank, including for the maintenance of business, operating and administrative deposit accounts. On or before February 28, 2010, use Lender for substantially all treasury management operations in the United States and Europe.

6.15 Zetex, Inc. On or before July 1, 2010, cause Zetex, Inc. to execute the Subsidiary Guaranty as a Subsidiary Guarantor if Zetex, Inc. has not been dissolved prior to such date. However, if Zetex, Inc. has not been dissolved prior to July 1, 2010, then Zetex, Inc. may request that Lender agree to extend the date to grant additional time to accomplish the dissolution. Any decision to extend such date will be made in the sole discretion of Lender.

ARTICLE VII. NEGATIVE COVENANTS

So long as Lender has any Commitment hereunder, any Loan or other Obligation hereunder shall remain unpaid or unsatisfied, or any Letter of Credit shall remain outstanding, Company shall not, nor shall it permit any Subsidiary to, directly or indirectly:

7.01 Liens. Create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Lien upon any of its property, assets or revenues, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, other than the following:

(a) Liens pursuant to any Loan Document;

(b) Liens existing on the date hereof and listed on Schedule 7.01 and any renewals or extensions thereof, provided that (i) the property covered thereby is not changed, (ii) the amount secured or benefited thereby is not increased except as contemplated by Section 7.03(b), (iii) the direct or any contingent obligor with respect thereto is not changed, and (iv) any renewal or extension of the obligations secured or benefited thereby is permitted by Section 7.03(b);

(c) Liens for taxes not yet due or not yet delinquent which are being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted, if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of the applicable Person in accordance with GAAP;

(d) carriers', warehousemen's, mechanics', materialmen's, repairmen's or other like Liens arising in the ordinary course of business which are not overdue for a period of more than 30 days or which are being contested in good faith and by appropriate proceedings diligently conducted, if adequate reserves with respect thereto are maintained on the books of the applicable Person;

(e) pledges or deposits in the ordinary course of business in connection with workers' compensation, unemployment insurance and other social security legislation, other than any Lien imposed by ERISA;

(f) deposits to secure the performance of bids, trade contracts and leases (other than Indebtedness), statutory obligations, surety and appeal bonds, performance bonds and other obligations of a like nature incurred in the ordinary course of business;

(g) easements, rights-of-way, restrictions and other similar encumbrances affecting real property which, in the aggregate, are not substantial in amount, and which do not in any case materially detract from the value of the property subject thereto or materially interfere with the ordinary conduct of the business of the applicable Person;

(h) Liens securing judgments for the payment of money not constituting an Event of Default under Section 8.01(h); and

(i) Liens securing Indebtedness permitted under Section 7.03(e); provided that (i) such Liens do not at any time encumber any property other than the property financed by such Indebtedness and (ii) the Indebtedness secured thereby does not exceed the cost or fair market value, whichever is lower, of the property being acquired on the date of acquisition.

7.02 Investments. Make any Investments, except:

(a) Investments held or made by Company or such Subsidiary, so long as such investments are consistent with Company's corporate investment policy dated as of October 29, 2008, as reviewed and approved by Lender;

(b) advances to officers, directors and employees of Company and Subsidiaries in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$500,000 at any time outstanding, for travel, entertainment, relocation and analogous ordinary business purposes;

(c) Investments of Company in any wholly-owned Subsidiary and Investments of any wholly-owned Subsidiary in Company or in another wholly-owned Subsidiary;

(d) Investments consisting of extensions of credit in the nature of accounts receivable or notes receivable arising from the grant of trade credit in the ordinary course of business, and Investments received in satisfaction or partial satisfaction thereof from financially troubled account debtors to the extent reasonably necessary in order to prevent or limit loss; and

(e) Guarantees permitted by Section 7.03.

7.03 Indebtedness. Create, incur, assume or suffer to exist any Indebtedness, except:

(a) Indebtedness under the Loan Documents;

(b) Indebtedness outstanding on the date hereof and listed on Schedule 7.03 and any refinancings, refundings, renewals or extensions thereof; provided that the amount of such Indebtedness is not increased at the time of such refinancing, refunding, renewal or extension except by an amount equal to a reasonable premium or other reasonable amount paid, and fees and expenses reasonably incurred, in connection with such refinancing and by an amount equal to any existing commitments unutilized thereunder;

(c) Guarantees of Company or any Subsidiary in respect of Indebtedness otherwise permitted under Sections 7.03(b), (d) or (e) of Company or any wholly-owned Subsidiary;

(d) obligations (contingent or otherwise) of Company or any Subsidiary existing or arising under any Swap Contract, provided that (i) such obligations are (or were) entered into by such Person in the ordinary course of business for the purpose of directly mitigating risks associated with liabilities, commitments, investments, assets, or property held or reasonably anticipated by such Person, or changes in the value of securities issued by such Person, and not for purposes of speculation or taking a “market view;” and (ii) such Swap Contract does not contain any provision exonerating the non-defaulting party from its obligation to make payments on outstanding transactions to the defaulting party; and

(e) Indebtedness in respect of capital leases, Synthetic Lease Obligations and purchase money obligations for fixed or capital assets within the limitations set forth in Section 7.01(i); provided, however, that the aggregate amount of all such Indebtedness at any one time outstanding shall not exceed the Threshold Amount.

(f) Indebtedness among Borrowers and Subsidiaries;

(g) trade payables; and

(h) Indebtedness of Subsidiaries organized under the laws of a jurisdiction in Asia in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$20,000,000.

7.04 Fundamental Changes. Merge, dissolve, liquidate, consolidate with or into another Person, or Dispose of (whether in one transaction or in a series of transactions) all or substantially all of its assets (whether now owned or hereafter acquired) to or in favor of any Person, except that, so long as no Default exists or would result therefrom:

(a) any Subsidiary may merge with (i) Company, provided that Company shall be the continuing or surviving Person, or (ii) any one or more other Subsidiaries, provided that when any wholly-owned Subsidiary is merging with another Subsidiary, the wholly-owned Subsidiary shall be the continuing or surviving Person;

(b) any Subsidiary may Dispose of all or substantially all of its assets (upon voluntary liquidation or otherwise) to Company or to another Subsidiary; provided that if the transferor in such a transaction is a wholly-owned Subsidiary, then the transferee must either be Company or a wholly-owned Subsidiary; and

(c) So long as both before and after giving effect to any acquisition Company is in compliance with the financial covenants set forth in Section 7.11, Company or any Subsidiary may make acquisitions having a value in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$35,000,000 in any fiscal year of Company.

7.05 Dispositions. Make any Disposition or enter into any agreement to make any Disposition, except:

(a) Dispositions of obsolete or worn out property, whether now owned or hereafter acquired, in the ordinary course of business;

(b) Dispositions of inventory in the ordinary course of business;

(c) Dispositions of equipment or real property to the extent that (i) such property is exchanged for credit against the purchase price of similar replacement property or (ii) the

proceeds of such Disposition are reasonably promptly applied to the purchase price of such replacement property;

(d) Dispositions of property by any Subsidiary to Company or to a wholly-owned Subsidiary; provided that if the transferor of such property is a Subsidiary Guarantor, the transferee thereof must either be Company or a Subsidiary Guarantor;

(e) Dispositions permitted by Section 7.04; and

(f) So long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing, Dispositions of assets that Company determines, in its reasonable business judgement, will benefit Company and will not result in a Material Adverse Effect.

7.06 Restricted Payments. Declare or make, directly or indirectly, any Restricted Payment, or incur any obligation (contingent or otherwise) to do so, or issue or sell any Equity Interests, except that, so long as no Default shall have occurred and be continuing at the time of any action described below or would result therefrom:

(a) each Subsidiary may make Restricted Payments to Company, the Subsidiary Guarantors and any other Person that owns an Equity Interest in such Subsidiary, ratably according to their respective holdings of the type of Equity Interest in respect of which such Restricted Payment is being made;

(b) Company and each Subsidiary may declare and make dividend payments or other distributions payable solely in the common stock or other common Equity Interests of such Person;

(c) Company and each Subsidiary may purchase, redeem or otherwise acquire Equity Interests issued by it with the proceeds received from the substantially concurrent issue of new shares of its common stock or other common Equity Interests;

(d) Company may declare and make dividend payments of a net type not described in 7.07(a), (b) or (c) in an aggregate amount not to exceed \$1,500,000 in any fiscal year; and

(e) In exchange for outstanding convertible bonds or other convertible debt instruments, Company and each Subsidiary may issue Equity Interests to the holders of such convertible bonds or other convertible debt instruments or, so long as no Event of Default has occurred and is continuing or would result therefrom and the Company remains in compliance with the covenant set forth in Section 7.11(b) after giving effect thereto, Company and each Subsidiary may use cash to purchase its outstanding convertible bonds or other convertible debt instruments.

7.07 Change in Nature of Business. Engage in any material line of business substantially different from those lines of business conducted by Company and its Subsidiaries on the date hereof or any business substantially related or incidental thereto.

7.08 Transactions with Affiliates. Enter into any transaction of any kind with any Affiliate of Company, whether or not in the ordinary course of business, other than transactions with Affiliates that Company determines, in its reasonable business judgement, will benefit Company and will not result in a Material Adverse Effect.

7.09 Burdensome Agreements. Enter into any Contractual Obligation (other than this Agreement or any other Loan Document) that limits the ability (i) of any Subsidiary Guarantor, or any Excluded Subsidiary pursuant to Section 6.13, to Guarantee the Indebtedness of Company or (ii) of Company or any Subsidiary Guarantor, or any Excluded Subsidiary pursuant to Section 6.13, to create, incur, assume or suffer to exist Liens on property of such Person; provided, however, that this clause (ii) shall not prohibit any negative pledge incurred or provided in favor of any holder of Indebtedness permitted under Section 7.03(e) solely to the extent any such negative pledge relates to the property financed by or the subject of such Indebtedness.

7.10 Use of Proceeds. Use the proceeds of any Credit Extension, whether directly or indirectly, and whether immediately, incidentally or ultimately, to purchase or carry margin stock (within the meaning of Regulation U of the FRB) or to extend credit to others for the purpose of purchasing or carrying margin stock or to refund indebtedness originally incurred for such purpose.

7.11 Financial Covenants.

(a) Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio. Company shall maintain on a consolidated basis a Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio of not less than 2.00 to 1.0. This ratio will be calculated as of the end of each fiscal quarter of Company, using the results of the twelve-month period ending on the last day of such fiscal quarter.

(b) Quick Ratio. Company shall maintain on a consolidated basis a Quick Ratio of not less than 1.50 to 1.0.

**ARTICLE VIII.
EVENTS OF DEFAULT AND REMEDIES**

8.01 Events of Default. Any of the following shall constitute an Event of Default:

(a) Non-Payment. Any Borrower or any other Loan Party fails to pay (i) when and as required to be paid herein, and in the currency required hereunder, any amount of principal of any Loan or any L/C Obligation, or (ii) within three days after the same becomes due, any interest on any Loan or on any L/C Obligation, or any fee due hereunder, or (iii) within five days after the same becomes due, any other amount payable hereunder or under any other Loan Document; or

(b) Specific Covenants. Company fails to perform or observe any term, covenant or agreement contained in any of Section 6.01, 6.02, 6.03, 6.05, 6.10, 6.11 or 6.13 or Article VII (other than Section 7.04 as it relates to proposed acquisitions by Company or any Subsidiary, which shall be covered by Section 8.01(c) below); or

(c) Other Defaults. Any Loan Party fails to perform or observe any other covenant or agreement (not specified in subsection (a) or (b) above) contained in any Loan Document on its part to be performed or observed and such failure continues for 30 days; or

(d) Representations and Warranties. Any representation, warranty, certification or statement of fact made or deemed made by or on behalf of Company or any other Loan Party herein, in any other Loan Document, or in any document delivered in connection herewith or therewith shall be incorrect or misleading when made or deemed made; or

(e) Cross-Default. (i) Company or any Subsidiary (A) fails to make any payment when due (whether by scheduled maturity, required prepayment, acceleration, demand, or

otherwise) in respect of any Indebtedness or Guarantee (other than Indebtedness hereunder and Indebtedness under Swap Contracts) having an aggregate principal amount (including undrawn committed or available amounts and including amounts owing to all creditors under any combined or syndicated credit arrangement) of more than the Threshold Amount, or (B) fails to observe or perform any other agreement or condition relating to any such Indebtedness or Guarantee or contained in any instrument or agreement evidencing, securing or relating thereto, or any other event occurs, the effect of which default or other event is to cause, or to permit the holder or holders of such Indebtedness or the beneficiary or beneficiaries of such Guarantee (or a trustee or agent on behalf of such holder or holders or beneficiary or beneficiaries) to cause, with the giving of notice if required, such Indebtedness to be demanded or to become due or to be repurchased, prepaid, defeased or redeemed (automatically or otherwise), or an offer to repurchase, prepay, defease or redeem such Indebtedness to be made, prior to its stated maturity, or such Guarantee to become payable or cash collateral in respect thereof to be demanded; in each case in more than the Threshold Amount; or (ii) there occurs under any Swap Contract an Early Termination Date (as defined in such Swap Contract) resulting from (A) any event of default under such Swap Contract as to which Company or any Subsidiary is the Defaulting Party (as defined in such Swap Contract) or (B) any Termination Event (as so defined) under such Swap Contract as to which Company or any Subsidiary is an Affected Party (as so defined) and, in either event, the Swap Termination Value owed by Company or such applicable Subsidiary as a result thereof is greater than the Threshold Amount; or

(f) Insolvency Proceedings, Etc. Any Loan Party or any of its Subsidiaries institutes or consents to the institution of any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Law, or makes an assignment for the benefit of creditors; or applies for or consents to the appointment of any receiver, trustee, custodian, conservator, liquidator, rehabilitator or similar officer for it or for all or any material part of its property; or any receiver, trustee, custodian, conservator, liquidator, rehabilitator or similar officer is appointed without the application or consent of such Person and the appointment continues undischarged or unstayed for 60 calendar days; or any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Law relating to any such Person or to all or any material part of its property is instituted without the consent of such Person and continues undismissed or unstayed for 60 calendar days, or an order for relief is entered in any such proceeding; or

(g) Inability to Pay Debts; Attachment. (i) Company or any Subsidiary becomes unable or admits in writing its inability or fails generally to pay its debts as they become due, or (ii) any writ or warrant of attachment or execution or similar process is issued or levied against all or any material part of the property of any such Person and is not released, vacated or fully bonded within 30 days after its issue or levy; or

(h) Judgments. There is entered against Company or any Subsidiary (i) one or more final judgments or orders for the payment of money in an aggregate amount (as to all such judgments or orders) exceeding the Threshold Amount (to the extent not covered by independent third-party insurance as to which the insurer does not dispute coverage), or (ii) any one or more non-monetary final judgments that have, or could reasonably be expected to have, individually or in the aggregate, a Material Adverse Effect and, in either case, (A) enforcement proceedings are commenced by any creditor upon such judgment or order, or (B) there is a period of 10 consecutive days during which a stay of enforcement of such judgment, by reason of a pending appeal or otherwise, is not in effect; or

(i) ERISA. (i) An ERISA Event occurs with respect to a Pension Plan or Multiemployer Plan which has resulted or could reasonably be expected to result in liability of Company under Title IV of ERISA to the Pension Plan, Multiemployer Plan or the PBGC in an

aggregate amount in excess of the Threshold Amount, or (ii) Company or any ERISA Affiliate fails to pay when due, after the expiration of any applicable grace period, any installment payment with respect to its withdrawal liability under Section 4201 of ERISA under a Multiemployer Plan in an aggregate amount in excess of the Threshold Amount; or

(j) Invalidity of Loan Documents. Any Loan Document, at any time after its execution and delivery and for any reason other than as expressly permitted hereunder or thereunder or satisfaction in full of all the Obligations, ceases to be in full force and effect; or any Loan Party or any other Person contests in any manner the validity or enforceability of any Loan Document; or any Loan Party denies that it has any or further liability or obligation under any Loan Document, or purports to revoke, terminate or rescind any Loan Document; or

(k) Change of Control. There occurs any Change of Control.

8.02 Remedies Upon Event of Default. If any Event of Default occurs and is continuing, Lender may take any or all of the following actions:

- (a) declare the Commitment to be terminated, whereupon such Commitment shall be terminated;
- (b) declare the unpaid principal amount of all outstanding Loans, all interest accrued and unpaid thereon, and all other amounts owing or payable hereunder or under any other Loan Document to be immediately due and payable, without presentment, demand, protest or other notice of any kind, all of which are hereby expressly waived by the Borrowers;
- (c) require that Company Cash Collateralize the L/C Obligations (in an amount equal to the then Outstanding Amount thereof); and
- (d) exercise all rights and remedies available to it under the Loan Documents;

provided, however, that upon the occurrence of an actual or deemed entry of an order for relief with respect to any Borrower under the Bankruptcy Code of the United States, the obligation of Lender to make Loans or L/C Credit Extensions shall automatically terminate, the unpaid principal amount of all outstanding Loans and all interest and other amounts as aforesaid shall automatically become due and payable, and the obligation of Company to Cash Collateralize the L/C Obligations as aforesaid shall automatically become effective, in each case without further act of Lender.

8.03 Application of Funds. After the exercise of remedies provided for in Section 8.02 (or after the Loans have automatically become immediately due and payable and the L/C Obligations have automatically been required to be Cash Collateralized as set forth in the proviso to Section 8.02), any amounts received on account of the Obligations shall be applied by Lender in the following order:

First, to payment of that portion of the Obligations constituting fees, indemnities, expenses and other amounts (including fees, charges and disbursements of counsel to Lender and amounts payable under Article III) payable to Lender in its capacity as such;

Second, to payment of that portion of the Obligations constituting fees, indemnities and other amounts (other than principal, interest and Letter of Credit Fees) payable to Lender (including fees, charges and disbursements of counsel to Lender and amounts payable under Article III), ratably among them in proportion to the respective amounts described in this clause Second payable to them;

Third, to payment of that portion of the Obligations constituting accrued and unpaid Letter of Credit Fees and interest on the Loans, L/C Borrowings and other Obligations in proportion to the respective amounts described in this clause Third payable to them;

Fourth, to payment of that portion of the Obligations constituting unpaid principal of the Loans and L/C Borrowings in proportion to the respective amounts described in this clause Fourth held by them;

Fifth, to Cash Collateralize that portion of L/C Obligations comprised of the aggregate undrawn amount of Letters of Credit; and

Last, the balance, if any, after all of the Obligations have been indefeasibly paid in full, to Company or as otherwise required by Law.

Subject to Section 2.03(c), amounts used to Cash Collateralize the aggregate undrawn amount of Letters of Credit pursuant to clause Fifth above shall be applied to satisfy drawings under such Letters of Credit as they occur. If any amount remains on deposit as Cash Collateral after all Letters of Credit have either been fully drawn or expired, such remaining amount shall be applied to the other Obligations, if any, in the order set forth above.

ARTICLE IX. MISCELLANEOUS

9.01 Amendments, Etc. No amendment or waiver of any provision of this Agreement or any other Loan Document, and no consent to any departure by Company or any other Loan Party therefrom, shall be effective unless in writing signed by Lender and Company or the applicable Loan Party, as the case may be, and each such waiver or consent shall be effective only in the specific instance and for the specific purpose for which given.

9.02 Notices; Effectiveness; Electronic Communication .

(a) Notices Generally. Except in the case of notices and other communications expressly permitted to be given by telephone (and except as provided in subsection (b) below), all notices and other communications provided for herein shall be in writing and shall be delivered by hand or overnight courier service, mailed by certified or registered mail or sent by telecopier as follows, and all notices and other communications expressly permitted hereunder to be given by telephone shall be made to the applicable telephone number, to the address, telecopier number, electronic mail address or telephone number specified for such Person on Schedule 9.02.

Notices and other communications sent by hand or overnight courier service, or mailed by certified or registered mail, shall be deemed to have been given when received; notices and other communications sent by telecopier shall be deemed to have been given when sent (except that, if not given during normal business hours for the recipient, shall be deemed to have been given at the opening of business on the next business day for the recipient).

(b) Change of Address, Etc. Each of the Borrowers and Lender may change its address, telecopier or telephone number for notices and other communications hereunder by notice to the other parties hereto.

9.03 No Waiver; Cumulative Remedies; Enforcement. No failure by Lender to exercise, and no delay by any such Person in exercising, any right, remedy, power or privilege hereunder shall operate as a waiver thereof; nor shall any single or partial exercise of any right, remedy, power or

privilege hereunder preclude any other or further exercise thereof or the exercise of any other right, remedy, power or privilege. The rights, remedies, powers and privileges herein provided are cumulative and not exclusive of any rights, remedies, powers and privileges provided by law.

9.04 Expenses; Indemnity; Damage Waiver.

(a) Costs and Expenses. Company shall pay (i) all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Lender and its Affiliates (including the reasonable fees, charges and disbursements of counsel for Lender), in connection with the preparation, negotiation, execution, delivery and administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents or any amendments, modifications or waivers of the provisions hereof or thereof (whether or not the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby shall be consummated), (ii) all reasonable out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Lender in connection with the issuance, amendment, renewal or extension of any Letter of Credit or any demand for payment thereunder and (iii) all out-of-pocket expenses incurred by Lender (including the fees, charges and disbursements of any counsel for Lender), in connection with the enforcement or protection of its rights (A) in connection with this Agreement and the other Loan Documents, including its rights under this Section, or (B) in connection with the Loans made or Letters of Credit issued hereunder, including all such out-of-pocket expenses incurred during any workout, restructuring or negotiations in respect of such Loans or Letters of Credit.

(b) Indemnification by Company. Company shall indemnify Lender, and each Related Party (each such Person being called an “Indemnitee”) against, and hold each Indemnitee harmless from, any and all losses, claims, damages, liabilities and related expenses (including the fees, charges and disbursements of any counsel for any Indemnitee), incurred by any Indemnitee or asserted against any Indemnitee by any third party or by any Borrower or any other Loan Party arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of (i) the execution or delivery of this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby or thereby, the performance by the parties hereto of their respective obligations hereunder or thereunder, the consummation of the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, the administration of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents (including in respect of any matters addressed in Section 3.01), (ii) any Loan or Letter of Credit or the use or proposed use of the proceeds therefrom (including any refusal to honor a demand for payment under a Letter of Credit if the documents presented in connection with such demand do not strictly comply with the terms of such Letter of Credit), (iii) any actual or alleged presence or release of Hazardous Materials on or from any property owned or operated by any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, or any Environmental Liability related in any way to any Borrower or any of its Subsidiaries, or (iv) any actual or prospective claim, litigation, investigation or proceeding relating to any of the foregoing, whether based on contract, tort or any other theory, whether brought by a third party or by Company or any other Loan Party, and regardless of whether any Indemnitee is a party thereto, **IN ALL CASES, WHETHER OR NOT CAUSED BY OR ARISING, IN WHOLE OR IN PART, OUT OF THE COMPARATIVE, CONTRIBUTORY OR SOLE NEGLIGENCE OF THE INDEMNITEE**; provided that such indemnity shall not, as to any Indemnitee, be available to the extent that such losses, claims, damages, liabilities or related expenses (x) are determined by a court of competent jurisdiction by final and nonappealable judgment to have resulted from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee or (y) result from a claim brought by Company or any other Loan Party against an Indemnitee for breach in bad faith of such Indemnitee’s obligations hereunder or under any other Loan Document, if Company or such other Loan Party has obtained a final and nonappealable judgment in its favor on such claim as determined by a court of competent jurisdiction.

(c) Waiver of Consequential Damages, Etc. To the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, no Borrower shall assert, and hereby waives, any claim against any Indemnitee, on any theory of liability, for special, indirect, consequential or punitive damages (as opposed to direct or actual damages) arising out of, in connection with, or as a result of, this Agreement, any other Loan Document or any agreement or instrument contemplated hereby, the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby, any Loan or Letter of Credit or the use of the proceeds thereof. No Indemnitee referred to in subsection (b) above shall be liable for any damages arising from the use by unintended recipients of any information or other materials distributed to such unintended recipients by such Indemnitee through telecommunications, electronic or other information transmission systems in connection with this Agreement or the other Loan Documents or the transactions contemplated hereby or thereby other than for direct or actual damages resulting from the gross negligence or willful misconduct of such Indemnitee as determined by a final and nonappealable judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction.

(d) Payments. All amounts due under this Section shall be payable not later than ten Business Days after demand therefor.

(e) Survival. The agreements in this Section shall survive the termination of the Commitment and the repayment, satisfaction or discharge of all the other Obligations.

9.05 Payments Set Aside. To the extent that any payment by or on behalf of any Borrower is made to Lender, or Lender exercises its right of setoff, and such payment or the proceeds of such setoff or any part thereof is subsequently invalidated, declared to be fraudulent or preferential, set aside or required (including pursuant to any settlement entered into by Lender in its discretion) to be repaid to a trustee, receiver or any other party, in connection with any proceeding under any Debtor Relief Law or otherwise, then to the extent of such recovery, the obligation or part thereof originally intended to be satisfied shall be revived and continued in full force and effect as if such payment had not been made or such setoff had not occurred.

9.06 Successors and Assigns .

(a) The provisions of this Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of the parties hereto and their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, except that neither Borrower may assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder without the prior written consent of Lender and Lender may not assign or otherwise transfer any of its rights or obligations hereunder except (i) to an Eligible Assignee in accordance with the provisions of subsection (b) of this Section, (ii) by way of participation in accordance with the provisions of subsection (c) of this Section, or (iii) by way of pledge or assignment of a security interest subject to the restrictions of subsection (e) of this Section (and any other attempted assignment or transfer by any party hereto shall be null and void). Nothing in this Agreement, expressed or implied, shall be construed to confer upon any Person (other than the parties hereto, their respective successors and assigns permitted hereby, Participants to the extent provided in subsection (c) of this Section and, to the extent expressly contemplated hereby, the Indemnitees) any legal or equitable right, remedy or claim under or by reason of this Agreement.

(b) Lender may at any time assign to one or more Eligible Assignees all or a portion of its rights and obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of the Commitment, the Loans and L/C Obligations at the time owing to it) pursuant to documentation acceptable to Lender and the assignee, it being understood and agreed that with respect to any Letters of Credit outstanding at the time of any such assignment, Lender may sell to the assignee a ratable participation in such Letters of Credit. From and after the effective date specified in such

documentation, such Eligible Assignee shall be a party to this Agreement and, to the extent of the interest assigned by Lender, have the rights and obligations of Lender under this Agreement, and Lender shall, to the extent of the interest so assigned, be released from its obligations under this Agreement (and, in the case of an assignment of all of the Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement, shall cease to be a party hereto but shall continue to be entitled to the benefits of Sections 3.01, 3.04, 3.05, 9.04 and 9.05 with respect to facts and circumstances occurring prior to the effective date of such assignment, and shall continue to have all of the rights provided hereunder to Lender in its capacity as issuer of any Letters of Credit outstanding at the time of such assignment). Upon request, Borrowers (at its expense) shall execute and deliver new or replacement Notes to Lender and the assignee, and shall execute and deliver any other documents reasonably necessary or appropriate to give effect to such assignment and to provide for the administration of this Agreement after giving effect thereto.

(c) Lender may at any time, without the consent of, or notice to, Borrowers, sell participations to any Person (other than a natural person or Borrowers or any of Borrowers' Affiliates or Subsidiaries) (each, a "Participant") in all or a portion of Lender's rights and/or obligations under this Agreement (including all or a portion of its Commitment and/or the outstanding Letters of Credit and/or the Loans and/or the reimbursement obligations in respect of Letters of Credit); provided that (i) Lender's obligations under this Agreement shall remain unchanged, (ii) Lender shall remain solely responsible to the Borrower for the performance of such obligations and (iii) Borrowers shall continue to deal solely and directly with Lender in connection with Lender's rights and obligations under this Agreement. Any agreement or instrument pursuant to which Lender sells such a participation shall provide that Lender shall retain the sole right to enforce this Agreement and to approve any amendment, modification or waiver of any provision of this Agreement; provided that such agreement or instrument may provide that Lender will not, without the consent of the Participant, agree to any amendment, waiver or other modification that would (i) postpone any date upon which any payment of money is scheduled to be made to such Participant or (ii) reduce the principal, interest, fees or other amounts payable to such Participant (provided, however, that Lender may, without the consent of the Participant, waive the right to be paid interest at the Default Rate). Subject to subsection (d) of this Section, each Borrower agrees that each Participant shall be entitled to the benefits of Sections 3.01, 3.04 and 3.05 to the same extent as if it were Lender and had acquired its interest by assignment pursuant to subsection (b) of this Section.

(d) A Participant shall not be entitled to receive any greater payment under Section 3.01 or 3.04 than Lender would have been entitled to receive with respect to the participation sold to such Participant, unless the sale of the participation to such Participant is made with Borrowers' prior written consent. A Participant that is not a "United States person" within the meaning of Section 7701(a)(30) of the Code shall not be entitled to the benefits of Section 3.01 unless Company is notified of the participation sold to such Participant and such Participant agrees, for the benefit of Borrowers, to provide to Lender such tax forms prescribed by the IRS as are necessary or desirable to establish an exemption from, or reduction of, U.S. withholding tax.

(e) Lender may at any time pledge or assign a security interest in all or any portion of its rights under this Agreement (including under the Note, if any) to secure obligations of Lender, including any pledge or assignment to secure obligations to a Federal Reserve Bank; provided that no such pledge or assignment shall release Lender from any of its obligations hereunder or substitute any such pledgee or assignee for Lender as a party hereto.

(f) As used herein, the following terms have the following meanings:

“Eligible Assignee” means (a) an Affiliate of Lender; (b) an Approved Fund; and (c) any other Person (other than a natural person) approved by Company (such approval not to be unreasonably withheld or delayed); provided that no such approval shall be required if an Event of Default has occurred and is continuing.

“Fund” means any Person (other than a natural person) that is (or will be) engaged in making, purchasing, holding or otherwise investing in commercial loans and similar extensions of credit in the ordinary course of its business.

“Approved Fund” means any Fund that is administered or managed by (a) Lender or (b) an Affiliate of Lender.

9.07 Treatment of Certain Information; Confidentiality. Lender agrees to maintain the confidentiality of the Information (as defined below), except that Information may be disclosed (a) to its Affiliates and to its and its Affiliates’ respective partners, directors, officers, employees, agents, trustees, advisors and representatives (it being understood that the Persons to whom such disclosure is made will be informed of the confidential nature of such Information and instructed to keep such Information confidential), (b) to the extent requested by any regulatory authority purporting to have jurisdiction over it (including any self-regulatory authority, such as the National Association of Insurance Commissioners), (c) to the extent required by applicable laws or regulations or by any subpoena or similar legal process, (d) to any other party hereto, (e) in connection with the exercise of any remedies hereunder or under any other Loan Document or any action or proceeding relating to this Agreement or any other Loan Document or the enforcement of rights hereunder or thereunder, (f) subject to an agreement containing provisions substantially the same as those of this Section, to (i) any assignee of or Participant in, or any prospective assignee of or Participant in, any of its rights or obligations under this Agreement or (ii) any actual or prospective counterparty (or its advisors) to any swap or derivative transaction relating to a Borrower and its obligations, (g) with the consent of Company or (h) to the extent such Information (x) becomes publicly available other than as a result of a breach of this Section or (y) becomes available to Lender or any of its respective Affiliates on a nonconfidential basis from a source other than Company.

For purposes of this Section, “Information” means all information received from Company or any Subsidiary relating to Company or any Subsidiary or any of their respective businesses, other than any such information that is available to Lender on a nonconfidential basis prior to disclosure by Company or any Subsidiary, provided that, in the case of information received from Company or any Subsidiary after the date hereof, such information is clearly identified at the time of delivery as confidential. Any Person required to maintain the confidentiality of Information as provided in this Section shall be considered to have complied with its obligation to do so if such Person has exercised the same degree of care to maintain the confidentiality of such Information as such Person would accord to its own confidential information.

Lender acknowledges that (a) the Information may include material non-public information concerning Company or a Subsidiary, as the case may be, (b) it has developed compliance procedures regarding the use of material non-public information and (c) it will handle such material non-public information in accordance with applicable Law, including United States Federal and state securities Laws.

9.08 Right of Setoff. If an Event of Default shall have occurred and be continuing, Lender is hereby authorized at any time and from time to time, to the fullest extent permitted by applicable law, to set off and apply any and all deposits (general or special, time or demand, provisional or final, in whatever currency) at any time held and other obligations (in whatever currency) at any time owing by Lender or any Affiliate to or for the credit or the account of any Borrower against any and all of the obligations of such Borrower now or hereafter existing under this Agreement or any other Loan

Document to Lender, irrespective of whether or not Lender shall have made any demand under this Agreement or any other Loan Document and although such obligations of such Borrower may be contingent or unmatured or are owed to a branch or office of Lender different from the branch or office holding such deposit or obligated on such indebtedness. The rights of Lender and its Affiliates under this Section are in addition to other rights and remedies (including other rights of setoff) that Lender or its Affiliates may have. Lender agrees to notify Company promptly after any such setoff and application, provided that the failure to give such notice shall not affect the validity of such setoff and application.

9.09 Interest Rate Limitation. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any Loan Document, the interest paid or agreed to be paid under the Loan Documents shall not exceed the maximum rate of non-usurious interest permitted by applicable Law (the “Maximum Rate”). If Lender shall receive interest in an amount that exceeds the Maximum Rate, the excess interest shall be applied to the principal of the Loans or, if it exceeds such unpaid principal, refunded to Company. In determining whether the interest contracted for, charged, or received by Lender exceeds the Maximum Rate, such Person may, to the extent permitted by applicable Law, (a) characterize any payment that is not principal as an expense, fee, or premium rather than interest, (b) exclude voluntary prepayments and the effects thereof, and (c) amortize, prorate, allocate, and spread in equal or unequal parts the total amount of interest throughout the contemplated term of the Obligations hereunder.

9.10 Counterparts; Integration; Effectiveness. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts (and by different parties hereto in different counterparts), each of which shall constitute an original, but all of which when taken together shall constitute a single contract. This Agreement and the other Loan Documents constitute the entire contract among the parties relating to the subject matter hereof and supersede any and all previous agreements and understandings, oral or written, relating to the subject matter hereof. Except as provided in Section 4.01, this Agreement shall become effective when it shall have been executed by Lender and when Lender shall have received counterparts hereof that, when taken together, bear the signatures of each of the other parties hereto. Delivery of an executed counterpart of a signature page of this Agreement by telecopy or other electronic imaging means shall be effective as delivery of a manually executed counterpart of this Agreement.

9.11 Survival of Representations and Warranties. All representations and warranties made hereunder and in any other Loan Document or other document delivered pursuant hereto or thereto or in connection herewith or therewith shall survive the execution and delivery hereof and thereof. Such representations and warranties have been or will be relied upon by Lender, regardless of any investigation made by Lender or on its behalf and notwithstanding that Lender may have had notice or knowledge of any Default at the time of any Credit Extension, and shall continue in full force and effect as long as any Loan or any other Obligation hereunder shall remain unpaid or unsatisfied or any Letter of Credit shall remain outstanding.

9.12 Severability. If any provision of this Agreement or the other Loan Documents is held to be illegal, invalid or unenforceable, (a) the legality, validity and enforceability of the remaining provisions of this Agreement and the other Loan Documents shall not be affected or impaired thereby and (b) the parties shall endeavor in good faith negotiations to replace the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provisions with valid provisions the economic effect of which comes as close as possible to that of the illegal, invalid or unenforceable provisions. The invalidity of a provision in a particular jurisdiction shall not invalidate or render unenforceable such provision in any other jurisdiction.

9.13 Governing Law; Jurisdiction; Etc.

(a) GOVERNING LAW. THIS AGREEMENT SHALL BE GOVERNED BY, AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH, THE LAW OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

(b) SUBMISSION TO JURISDICTION. EACH BORROWER IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY SUBMITS, FOR ITSELF AND ITS PROPERTY, TO THE NONEXCLUSIVE JURISDICTION OF THE COURTS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS SITTING IN DALLAS COUNTY AND OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT OF THE TEXAS, AND ANY APPELLATE COURT FROM ANY THEREOF, IN ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT, OR FOR RECOGNITION OR ENFORCEMENT OF ANY JUDGMENT, AND EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY AGREES THAT ALL CLAIMS IN RESPECT OF ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING MAY BE HEARD AND DETERMINED IN SUCH TEXAS STATE COURT OR, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, IN SUCH FEDERAL COURT. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO AGREES THAT A FINAL JUDGMENT IN ANY SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING SHALL BE CONCLUSIVE AND MAY BE ENFORCED IN OTHER JURISDICTIONS BY SUIT ON THE JUDGMENT OR IN ANY OTHER MANNER PROVIDED BY LAW. NOTHING IN THIS AGREEMENT OR IN ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT SHALL AFFECT ANY RIGHT THAT LENDER MAY OTHERWISE HAVE TO BRING ANY ACTION OR PROCEEDING RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT AGAINST ANY BORROWER OR ITS PROPERTIES IN THE COURTS OF ANY JURISDICTION.

(c) WAIVER OF VENUE. EACH BORROWER IRREVOCABLY AND UNCONDITIONALLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, ANY OBJECTION THAT IT MAY NOW OR HEREAFTER HAVE TO THE LAYING OF VENUE OF AN ACTION OR PROCEEDING ARISING OUT OF OR RELATING TO THIS AGREEMENT OR ANY OTHER LOAN DOCUMENT IN ANY COURT REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH (B) OF THIS SECTION. EACH OF THE PARTIES HERETO HEREBY IRREVOCABLY WAIVES, TO THE FULLEST EXTENT PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW, THE DEFENSE OF AN INCONVENIENT FORUM TO THE MAINTENANCE OF SUCH ACTION OR PROCEEDING IN ANY SUCH COURT.

(d) SERVICE OF PROCESS. EACH PARTY HERETO IRREVOCABLY CONSENTS TO SERVICE OF PROCESS IN THE MANNER PROVIDED FOR NOTICES IN SECTION 9.02. NOTHING IN THIS AGREEMENT WILL AFFECT THE RIGHT OF ANY PARTY HERETO TO SERVE PROCESS IN ANY OTHER MANNER PERMITTED BY APPLICABLE LAW.

9.14 Dispute Resolution Provision.

(a) This Dispute Resolution Provision concerns the resolution of any controversies or claims between the parties, whether arising in contract, tort or by statute, including but not limited to controversies or claims that arise out of or relate to: (i) this agreement (including any renewals, extensions or modifications); or (ii) any document related to this agreement (collectively a “Claim”). For the purposes of this Dispute Resolution Provision only, the term “parties” shall include any parent corporation, subsidiary or Affiliate of Lender involved in the servicing, management or administration of any obligation described or evidenced by this agreement.

(b) At the request of any party to this agreement, any Claim shall be resolved by binding arbitration in accordance with the Federal Arbitration Act (Title 9, U.S. Code) (the “Act”). The Act will apply even though this agreement provides that it is governed by the law of a specified state.

(c) Arbitration proceedings will be determined in accordance with the Act, the then-current Commercial Finance Rules of the American Arbitration Association or any successor thereof (“AAA”), and the terms of this Dispute Resolution Provision. In the event of any inconsistency, the terms of this Dispute Resolution Provision shall control. If AAA is unwilling or unable to (i) serve as the provider of arbitration or (ii) enforce any provision of this arbitration clause, Lender may designate another arbitration organization with similar procedures to serve as the provider of arbitration within ten (10) days of a demand for arbitration provided that Lender promptly reimburses Borrowers for any fees paid to AAA that are not reimbursed to Borrowers.

(d) The arbitration shall be administered by AAA and conducted, unless otherwise required by law, in Dallas, Texas. All Claims shall be determined by one arbitrator; however, if Claims exceed Five Million Dollars (\$5,000,000), upon the request of any party, the Claims shall be decided by three arbitrators. All arbitration hearings shall commence within ninety (90) days of the demand for arbitration and close within ninety (90) days of commencement and the award of the arbitrator(s) shall be issued within thirty (30) days of the close of the hearing. However, the arbitrator(s), upon a showing of good cause, may extend the commencement of the hearing for up to an additional sixty (60) days. The arbitrator(s) shall provide a concise written statement of reasons for the award. The arbitration award may be submitted to any court having jurisdiction to be confirmed and have judgment entered and enforced.

(e) The arbitrator(s) will give effect to statutes of limitation in determining any Claim and may dismiss the arbitration on the basis that the Claim is barred. For purposes of the application of any statutes of limitation, the service on AAA under applicable AAA rules of a notice of Claim is the equivalent of the filing of a lawsuit. Any dispute concerning this arbitration provision or whether a Claim is arbitrable shall be determined by the arbitrator(s), except as set forth at subparagraph (h) of this Dispute Resolution Provision. The arbitrator(s) shall have the power to award legal fees pursuant to the terms of this agreement.

(f) This paragraph does not limit the right of any party to: (i) exercise self-help remedies, such as but not limited to, setoff; (ii) initiate judicial or non-judicial foreclosure against any real or personal property collateral; (iii) exercise any judicial or power of sale rights, or (iv) act in a court of law to obtain an interim remedy, such as but not limited to, injunctive relief, writ of possession or appointment of a receiver, or additional or supplementary remedies.

(g) The filing of a court action is not intended to constitute a waiver of the right of any party, including the using party, thereafter to require submittal of the Claim to arbitration.

(h) Any arbitration or trial by a judge of any Claim will take place on an individual basis without resort to any form of class or representative action (the “Class Action Waiver”). Regardless of anything else in this Dispute Resolution Provision, the validity and effect of the Class Action Waiver may be determined only by a court and not by an arbitrator. The parties to this Agreement acknowledge that the Class Action Waiver is material and essential to the arbitration of any disputes between the parties and is nonseverable from the agreement to arbitrate Claims. If the Class Action Waiver is limited, voided or found unenforceable, then the parties’ agreement to arbitrate shall be null and void with respect to such proceeding, subject to the right to appeal the limitation or invalidation of the Class Action Waiver. **The Parties acknowledge and agree that under no circumstances will a class action be arbitrated.**

(i) By agreeing to binding arbitration, the parties irrevocably and voluntarily waive any right they may have to a trial by jury in respect of any Claim. Furthermore, without intending in any way to limit this agreement to arbitrate, to the extent any Claim is not arbitrated, the parties

irrevocably and voluntarily waive any right they may have to a trial by jury in respect of such Claim. This waiver of jury trial shall remain in effect even if the Class Action Waiver is limited, voided or found unenforceable. **WHETHER THE CLAIM IS DECIDED BY ARBITRATION OR BY TRIAL BY A JUDGE, THE PARTIES AGREE AND UNDERSTAND THAT THE EFFECT OF THIS AGREEMENT IS THAT THEY ARE GIVING UP THE RIGHT TO TRIAL BY JURY TO THE EXTENT PERMITTED BY LAW.**

9.15 USA PATRIOT Act. Lender hereby notifies Borrowers that pursuant to the requirements of the USA PATRIOT Act (Title III of Pub. L. 107-56 (signed into law October 26, 2001)) (the “Act”), it is required to obtain, verify and record information that identifies Borrowers, which information includes the name and address of each Borrower and other information that will allow Lender to identify such Borrower in accordance with the Act. Each Borrower shall, promptly following a request by Lender, provide all documentation and other information that Lender requests in order to comply with its ongoing obligations under applicable “know your customer” and anti-money laundering rules and regulations, including the Act.

9.16 Judgment Currency. If, for the purposes of obtaining judgment in any court, it is necessary to convert a sum due hereunder or any other Loan Document in one currency into another currency, the rate of exchange used shall be that at which in accordance with normal banking procedures Lender could purchase the first currency with such other currency on the Business Day preceding that on which final judgment is given. The obligation of each Borrower in respect of any such sum due from it to Lender hereunder or under the other Loan Documents shall, notwithstanding any judgment in a currency (the “Judgment Currency”) other than that in which such sum is denominated in accordance with the applicable provisions of this Agreement (the “Agreement Currency”), be discharged only to the extent that on the Business Day following receipt by Lender of any sum adjudged to be so due in the Judgment Currency, Lender may in accordance with normal banking procedures purchase the Agreement Currency with the Judgment Currency. If the amount of the Agreement Currency so purchased is less than the sum originally due to Lender from any Borrower in the Agreement Currency, such Borrower agrees, as a separate obligation and notwithstanding any such judgment, to indemnify Lender against such loss. If the amount of the Agreement Currency so purchased is greater than the sum originally due to Lender in such currency, Lender agrees to return the amount of any excess to such Borrower (or to any other Person who may be entitled thereto under applicable law).

9.17 ENTIRE AGREEMENT. THIS AGREEMENT AND THE OTHER LOAN DOCUMENTS REPRESENT THE FINAL AGREEMENT AMONG THE PARTIES AND MAY NOT BE CONTRADICTED BY EVIDENCE OF PRIOR, CONTEMPORANEOUS, OR SUBSEQUENT ORAL AGREEMENTS OF THE PARTIES. THERE ARE NO UNWRITTEN ORAL AGREEMENTS AMONG THE PARTIES.

[Remainder of Page Intentionally Blank]

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties hereto have caused this Agreement to be duly executed as of the date first above written.

DIODES INCORPORATED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

DIODES ZETEX LIMITED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

BANK OF AMERICA, N.A.

By: _____
Charles E. Dale
Senior Vice President

LITIGATION

Integrated Discrete Devices, LLC v. Diodes Incorporated, C.A. No. 08-888 (GMS) (D. Del.)

Schedule 5.06 — Page 1

SUBSIDIARIES

Americas

Diodes FabTech Inc.	(Delaware, United States corporation)
Diodes Investment Company	(Delaware, United States corporation)
Zetex Inc.	(New York, United States corporation)
Diodes Chinatex Limited	(British Virgin Island corporation)
Diodes Zetex Asia Pacific Ventures Limited	(British Virgin Island corporation)
Diodes Zetex Asia Pacific Limited	(British Virgin Island corporation)

Asia

Diodes Hong Kong Holding Company Limited	(Hong Kong corporation)
Diodes Taiwan Inc.	(Taiwan corporation)
Diodes Hong Kong Limited	(Hong Kong corporation)
Anachip Corp. (will be closed by early 2010)	(Taiwan corporation)
Shanghai Kai Hong Electronic Co., Ltd.	(China corporation/Joint Venture)
Shanghai Kai Hong Technology Co., Ltd.	(China corporation/Joint Venture)
Diodes Korea Inc.	(South Korea corporation)
Diodes Zetex Procurement AP Limited	(Hong Kong corporation)
Zetex Chengdu Electronics Limited	(China corporation/Joint Venture)
Diodes Zetex Asia Limited	(Hong Kong corporation)
Diodes Zetex HK Limited	(Hong Kong corporation)

Europe

Diodes International B.V.	(Netherlands corporation)
Diodes Holdings UK Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes United Kingdom Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Germany GmbH	(Germany corporation)
Diodes France SARL	(France corporation)
Diodes Zetex Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Zetex Semiconductors Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Westward Technology Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Telemetrix Securities Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Telemetrix Investments Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Knaves Beech Securities Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Torus Network Produces Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Zetex Investment Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Seal Semiconductors Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Fast Analog Solutions Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Zetex UK Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)
Diodes Zetex GmbH	(Germany corporation)
Diodes Zetex Neuhaus GmbH	(Germany corporation)
Telemetrix Share Scheme Trustees Limited	(United Kingdom corporation)

EXISTING LIENS

Liens on the following buildings securing the loans to Diodes-Taiwan:

7F, No. 50, Min-Quan Road, Hsin-Tien City, Taipei, Taiwan

5F, No. 52, Min-Quan Road, Hsin-Tien City, Taipei, Taiwan

EXISTING INDEBTEDNESS

Entity	Credit instrument	USD limit (approx)	USD balance (approx)
Diodes-Corporate			
	2.25 Convertible Senior Notes	\$ 139,000,000	\$ 139,000,000
	UBS “no net cost” loan	\$ 311,000,000	\$ 311,000,000
Diodes-Taiwan			
	Taiwan Cooperative Bank	\$ 4,663,000	\$ 933,000
	Hwa Nan Bank	\$ 1,554,000	\$ 622,000
	Mega Bank	\$ 4,476,000	\$ 622,000
	Chang Hwa Bank	\$ 1,865,000	\$ 0
	Shanghai Bank	\$ 2,487,000	\$ 932,000
	Mega Bank — Import L/C	\$ 187,000	\$ 0
	Mega Bank — Building loan	\$ 4,911,000	\$ 3,912,000
Diodes-Hong Kong			
	Shanghai Commercial Bank	\$ 933,000	\$ 0
Diodes-China			
	Construction Bank #1	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 0
	Construction Bank #2	\$ 8,000,000	\$ 0
	Agricultural Bank #1	\$ 10,000,000	\$ 0
	Agricultural Bank #2	\$ 6,000,000	\$ 0
Zetex-U.K.			
	Barclays	\$ 4,000,000	\$ 0

**LENDER'S OFFICE;
CERTAIN ADDRESSES FOR NOTICES**

BORROWERS:

c/o Diodes Incorporated
15660 North Dallas Parkway, Suite 850
Dallas, Texas 75248
Attention: Larry P. Katz
Telephone: 972-385-2810
Telecopier: 805-381-3823
Electronic Mail: larry_katz@diodes.com
Website Address: www.diodes.com

LENDER:

Lender's Office

Bank of America, N.A.
901 Main Street, 10th Floor
Dallas, Texas 75202
Attention: Charles E. Dale
Telephone: 214.209.3557
Telecopier: 214.290.9563
Electronic Mail: charles.dale@bankofamerica.com

FORM OF LOAN NOTICE

Date: _____, _____

To: Bank of America, N.A., ("Lender")

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Reference is made to that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of November 25, 2009 (as amended, restated, extended, supplemented or otherwise modified in writing from time to time, the "Agreement," the terms defined therein being used herein as therein defined), among Diodes Incorporated, a Delaware corporation ("Company"), Diodes Zetex Limited, a United Kingdom corporation (together with Company, the "Borrowers" and each a "Borrower"), and Lender.

Company hereby requests, on behalf of Borrower referenced in item 5 below (the "Applicable Borrower") (select one):

- A Borrowing of Committed Loans
- A Borrowing of Uncommitted Loans
- A conversion of Loans

1. On _____ (a Business Day).
2. In the amount of _____.
3. Comprised of _____.

[Type of Loan requested]
4. In the following currency: _____
5. On behalf of _____ **[insert name of applicable Borrower]**.

The Borrowing, if any, requested herein complies with the provisos to the first sentence of Section 2.01 of the Agreement.

DIODES INCORPORATED

By: _____
 Name: _____
 Title: _____

FORM OF COMMITTED NOTE

\$10,000,000

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned ("Borrowers") hereby jointly and severally promise to pay to Bank of America, N.A. ("Lender"), in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement (as hereinafter defined), the principal amount of each Loan from time to time made by Lender to Borrowers under that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of November 25, 2009 (as amended, restated, extended, supplemented or otherwise modified in writing from time to time, the "Agreement;" the terms defined therein being used herein as therein defined), among Diodes Incorporated, Diodes Zetex Limited and Lender.

Borrowers jointly and severally promise to pay interest on the unpaid principal amount of each Loan from the date of such Loan until such principal amount is paid in full, at such interest rates and at such times as provided in the Agreement. All payments of principal and interest shall be made to Lender in the currency in which such Committed Loan was denominated and in Same Day Funds at the Lending Office for such currency. If any amount is not paid in full when due hereunder, such unpaid amount shall bear interest, to be paid upon demand, from the due date thereof until the date of actual payment (and before as well as after judgment) computed at the per annum rate set forth in the Agreement.

This Committed Note is one of the Notes referred to in the Agreement, is entitled to the benefits thereof and may be prepaid in whole or in part subject to the terms and conditions provided therein. Upon the occurrence and continuation of one or more of the Events of Default specified in the Agreement, all amounts then remaining unpaid on this Note shall become, or may be declared to be, immediately due and payable all as provided in the Agreement. Loans made by Lender shall be evidenced by one or more loan accounts or records maintained by Lender in the ordinary course of business. Lender may also attach schedules to this Note and endorse thereon the date, amount, currency and maturity of its Loans and payments with respect thereto.

Each Borrower, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby waives diligence, presentment, protest and demand and notice of protest, demand, dishonor and non-payment of this Committed Note.

THIS NOTE SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

DIODES INCORPORATED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

DIODES ZETEX LIMITED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

FORM OF UNCOMMITTED NOTE

\$10,000,000

FOR VALUE RECEIVED, the undersigned ("Borrowers") hereby jointly and severally promise to pay to Bank of America, N.A. ("Lender"), in accordance with the provisions of the Agreement (as hereinafter defined), the principal amount of each Uncommitted Loan from time to time made by Lender to Borrowers under that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of November 25, 2009 (as amended, restated, extended, supplemented or otherwise modified in writing from time to time, the "Agreement;" the terms defined therein being used herein as therein defined), among Diodes Incorporated, Diodes Zetex Limited and Lender.

Each Uncommitted Loan evidenced shall be at the sole discretion of Lender. Borrowers jointly and severally promise to pay interest on the unpaid principal amount of each Uncommitted Loan from the date of such Uncommitted Loan until such principal amount is paid in full, at such interest rates and at such times as provided in the Agreement. All payments of principal and interest shall be made to Lender in the currency in which such Uncommitted Loan was denominated and in Same Day Funds at the Lending Office for such currency. If any amount is not paid in full when due hereunder, such unpaid amount shall bear interest, to be paid upon demand, from the due date thereof until the date of actual payment (and before as well as after judgment) computed at the per annum rate set forth in the Agreement.

The date, amount, interest rate, and maturity date of each Uncommitted Loan, and each payment of principal and interest thereon, shall be recorded by Lender on its books, which recordations shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive as to such matters; provided that the failure of Lender to make any such recordation or any error therein shall not limit or otherwise affect the obligations of Borrowers hereunder.

This Uncommitted Note is one of the Notes referred to in the Agreement, is entitled to the benefits thereof and may be prepaid in whole or in part subject to the terms and conditions provided therein. Upon the occurrence and continuation of one or more of the Events of Default specified in the Agreement, all amounts then remaining unpaid on this Note shall become, or may be declared to be, immediately due and payable all as provided in the Agreement. Loans made by Lender shall be evidenced by one or more loan accounts or records maintained by Lender in the ordinary course of business. Lender may also attach schedules to this Note and endorse thereon the date, amount, currency and maturity of its Loans and payments with respect thereto.

Each Borrower, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby waives diligence, presentment, protest and demand and notice of protest, demand, dishonor and non-payment of this Uncommitted Note.

THIS NOTE SHALL BE GOVERNED BY AND CONSTRUED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF TEXAS.

DIODES INCORPORATED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

DIODES ZETEX LIMITED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

FORM OF COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

Financial Statement Date: _____.

To: Bank of America, N.A.

Ladies and Gentlemen:

Reference is made to that certain Credit Agreement, dated as of November 25, 2009 (as amended, restated, extended, supplemented or otherwise modified in writing from time to time, the "Agreement," the terms defined therein being used herein as therein defined), among Diodes Incorporated, a Delaware corporation ("Company"), Diodes Zetex Limited, a United Kingdom corporation, and Lender.

The undersigned Responsible Officer hereby certifies as of the date hereof that he/she is the _____ of Company, and that, as such, he/she is authorized to execute and deliver this Certificate to Lender on the behalf of Company, and that:

[Use following paragraph 1 for fiscal year-end financial statements]

1. Company has delivered the year-end audited financial statements required by Section 6.01(a) of the Agreement for the fiscal year of Company ended as of the above date, together with the report and opinion of an independent certified public accountant required by such section.

[Use following paragraph 1 for fiscal quarter-end financial statements]

1. Company has delivered the unaudited financial statements required by Section 6.01(b) of the Agreement for the fiscal quarter of Company ended as of the above date. Such financial statements fairly present the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of Company and its Subsidiaries in accordance with GAAP as at such date and for such period, subject only to normal year-end audit adjustments and the absence of footnotes.

2. The undersigned has reviewed and is familiar with the terms of the Agreement and has made, or has caused to be made under his/her supervision, a detailed review of the transactions and condition (financial or otherwise) of Company during the accounting period covered by such financial statements.

3. A review of the activities of Company during such fiscal period has been made under the supervision of the undersigned with a view to determining whether during such fiscal period Company performed and observed all its Obligations under the Loan Documents, and

[select one:]

[to the best knowledge of the undersigned, during such fiscal period Company performed and observed each covenant and condition of the Loan Documents applicable to it, and no Default has occurred and is continuing.]

—or—

D-1
Form of Compliance Certificate

[to the best knowledge of the undersigned, during such fiscal period the following covenants or conditions have not been performed or observed and the following is a list of each such Default and its nature and status:]

4. A review of the representations and warranties of Borrowers and each Loan Party contained in the Loan Documents has been made under the supervision of the undersigned, and

[select one:]

[the representations and warranties of (i) the Borrowers contained in Article V of the Agreement and (ii) each Loan Party contained in each other Loan Document or in any document furnished at any time under or in connection with the Loan Documents, are true and correct on and as of the date hereof, except to the extent that such representations and warranties specifically refer to an earlier date, in which case they are true and correct as of such earlier date, and except that for purposes of this Compliance Certificate, the representations and warranties contained in subsections (a) and (b) of Section 5.05 of the Agreement shall be deemed to refer to the most recent statements furnished pursuant to clauses (a) and (b), respectively, of Section 6.01 of the Agreement, including the statements in connection with which this Compliance Certificate is delivered.]

—or—

[the representations and warranties of (i) the Borrowers contained in Article V of the Agreement and (ii) each Loan Party contained in each other Loan Document or in any document furnished at any time under or in connection with the Loan Documents, are untrue and incorrect on and as of the date hereof as a result of:]

5. The financial covenant analyses and information set forth on Schedule 1 attached hereto are true and accurate on and as of the date of this Certificate.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the undersigned has executed this Certificate as of _____, _____.

DIODES INCORPORATED

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____

SCHEDULE 1
to the Compliance Certificate
(\$ in 000's)

I. Section 7.11(a) — Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio.

1. Cash Flow:	
(a) net income	\$ _____
(b) [- income] [or + loss] from discontinued operations and extraordinary items	(\$ _____)
(c) interest expense on Obligations	\$ _____
(d) depreciation	\$ _____
(e) amortization	\$ _____
(f) other non-cash charges	\$ _____
(g) lease or rent expense	\$ _____
(h) non-cash portion of share based compensation	\$ _____
(i) gain from extinguishing Indebtedness	(\$ _____)
(j) dividends, withdrawals and distributions	(\$ _____)
(k) EBITDAR = 1(a) + 1(b) + 1(c) + 1(d) + 1(e) + 1(f) + 1(g)	
+1(h)-(1)(i)-(1)(j)	\$ _____
2. Fixed Charges:	
(a) interest expense on Obligations	\$ _____
(b) lease and rent expense	\$ _____
(c) current portion of long term Indebtedness	\$ _____
(d) current portion of capitalized lease obligations	\$ _____
(e) Fixed Charges = 2(a) + 2(b) + 2(c) + 2(d)	\$ _____

Fixed Charge Coverage Ratio = 1(k) ÷ 2(e) _____ to 1.0

Required ratio is: 2.00 to 1.0

II. Section 7.11(b) — Quick Ratio.

1. Quick Assets:	\$ _____
2. Current Liabilities (in accordance with GAAP Plus No Net Cost Loan)	\$ _____
Quick Ratio = Line 1 ÷ Line 2	\$ _____

3. Required Quick Ratio no less than 1.50 to 1.00

CERTIFICATION
PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a),
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, **Keh-Shew Lu**, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Diodes Incorporated;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Keh-Shew Lu

Keh-Shew Lu
President and Chief Executive Officer
Date: August 6, 2010

CERTIFICATION
PURSUANT TO EXCHANGE ACT RULES 13a-14(a) AND 15d-14(a),
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, **Richard D. White**, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Diodes Incorporated;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

/s/ Richard D. White

Richard D. White
Chief Financial Officer
Date: August 6, 2010

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

The undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to his knowledge, the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2010** of Diodes Incorporated (the "Company") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in such periodic report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in such report.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Keh-Shew Lu

Keh-Shew Lu

President and Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 6, 2010

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Diodes Incorporated and will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

**CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 1350
AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906
OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002**

The undersigned hereby certifies, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that, to his knowledge, the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarterly period ended **June 30, 2010** of Diodes Incorporated (the "Company") fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and that the information contained in such periodic report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company as of, and for, the periods presented in such report.

Very truly yours,

/s/ Richard D. White

Richard D. White
Chief Financial Officer
Date: August 6, 2010

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Diodes Incorporated and will be furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

